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as.data.frame.BayesMfp

Convert a BayesMfp object to a data frame

Description

Convert the BayesMfp object to a data frame with the saved models.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp'
as.data.frame(x, row.names = NULL, ..., freq = TRUE)
```

Arguments

valid BayesMfp object
 row.names optional rownames (default is to keep the names of the BayesMfp list)
 freq should empirical frequencies of the models in the sampling path be given? (default)
 unused

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

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See Also

```
summary.BayesMfp
```

Examples

BayesMfp

Bayesian model inference for multiple fractional polynomial models

Description

Bayesian model inference for multiple fractional polynomial models is conducted by means of either exhaustive model space evaluation or posterior model sampling.

Usage

```
BayesMfp(formula = formula(data), data = parent.frame(), family =
gaussian, priorSpecs = list(a = 4, modelPrior = "flat"), method =
c("ask", "exhaustive", "sampling"), subset = NULL, na.action = na.omit,
verbose = TRUE, nModels = NULL, nCache=1e9L, chainlength = 1e5L)
bfp(x, max = 2, scale = TRUE, rangeVals=NULL)
uc(x)
```

Arguments

formula	model formula
data	optional data.frame for model variables (defaults to the parent frame)
family	distribution and link: only gaussian("identity") supported at the moment
priorSpecs	prior specifications, see details
method	which method should be used to explore the posterior model space? (default: ask the user)

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subset optional subset expression

na.action default is to skip rows with missing data, and no other option supported at the

moment

verbose should information on computation progress be given? (default)

nModels how many best models should be saved? (default: 1% of the explored models or

the chainlength, 1 would mean only the maximum a posteriori [MAP] model)

nCache maximum number of best models to be cached at the same time during the model

sampling (only has an effect if sampling has been chosen as method)

chainlength length of the model sampling chain (only has an effect if sampling has been

chosen as method)

x variable

max maximum degree for this FP (default: 2)

scale use pre-transformation scaling to avoid numerical problems? (default)

rangeVals extra numbers if the scaling should consider values in this range. Use this argu-

ment if you have test data with larger range than the training range.

Details

The formula is of the form $y \sim bfp(x1, max = 4) + uc(x2 + x3)$, that is, the auxiliary functions bfp and uc must be used for defining the fractional polynomial and uncertain fixed form covariates terms, respectively. There must be an intercept, and no other fixed covariates are allowed. All max arguments of the bfp terms must be identical.

The prior specifications are a list:

a hyperparameter for hyper-g prior which must be greater than 3 and is recommended to be not greater than 4 (default is 4)

modelPrior choose if a flat model prior (default, "flat"), a model prior favoring sparse models explicitly ("sparse"), or a dependent model prior ("dependent") should be used.

If method = "ask", the user is prompted with the maximum cardinality of the model space and can then decide whether to use posterior sampling or the exhaustive model space evaluation.

Note that if you specify only one FP term, the exhaustive model search must be done, due to the structure of the model sampling algorithm. However, in reality this will not be a problem as the model space will typically be very small.

Value

Returns an object of class BayesMfp that inherits from list. It is essentially a list of models. Each model is a list and has the following components:

powers a list of numeric vectors, where each vector contains the powers of the covariate

that its name denotes.

ucTerms an integer vector of the indices of uncertain fixed form covariates that are present

in the model.

logM log marginal likelihood

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logP log prior probability

posterior normalized posterior probability, and if model sampling was done, the frequency

of the model in the sampling algorithm

postExpectedg posterior expected covariance factor g

postExpectedShrinkage

posterior expected shrinkage factor t=g/(g+1)

R2 usual coefficient of determination for the linear model

Subsetting the object with [.BayesMfp returns again a BayesMfp object with the same attributes, which are

numVisited the number of models that have been visited (exhaustive search) or cached (model

sampling)

inclusionProbs BMA inclusion probabilities for all uncertain covariates

linearInclusionProbs

BMA probabilities for exactly linear inclusion of FP covariates

logNormConst the (estimated) log normalizing constant f(D)

chainlength length of the Markov chain, only present if method = "sampling"

call the original call

formula the formula by which the appropriate untransformed design matrix can be ex-

tracted

x the shifted and scaled design matrix for the data

xCentered the column-wise centered x

y the response vector

yMean the mean of the response values

SST sum of squares total

indices a list with components that describe the positions of uncertain covariate groups,

fractional polynomial terms and fixed variables in the design matrix

termNames a list of character vectors containing the names of uncertain covariate groups,

fractional polynomial terms and fixed variables

shiftScaleMax matrix with 4 columns containing preliminary transformation parameters, max-

imum degrees and cardinalities of the powersets of the fractional polynomial

terms

priorSpecs the utilized prior specifications

randomSeed if a seed existed at function call (get(".Random.seed", .GlobalEnv)), it is

saved here

Note

logNormConst may be unusable due to necessary conversion from long double to double!

Various methods for posterior summaries are available.

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See Also

BayesMfp Methods, BmaSamples

Examples

```
## generate some data
set.seed(19)
x1 <- rnorm(n=15)
x2 <- rbinom(n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 \leftarrow rexp(n=15)
y < - rt(n=15, df=2)
## run an exhaustive model space evaluation with a flat model prior and
## a uniform prior (a = 4) on the shrinkage factor t = g/(1 + g):
test <- BayesMfp(y \sim bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 100,
                 method="exhaustive")
test
## now the same with a *dependent* model prior:
test2 <- BayesMfp(y \sim bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 100,
 priorSpecs = list(a = 4, modelPrior = "dependent"),
                 method="exhaustive")
test2
```

BayesMfp Methods

Other methods for BayesMfp objects

Description

Print the object (print), get fitted values (fitted) and corresponding residuals (residuals).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp'
fitted(object, design = getDesignMatrix(object), post =
getPosteriorParms(object, design = design), ...)
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x valid BayesMfp objectobject valid BayesMfp object, only the first model will be used.
```

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design design matrix of the first model in the object, which can be supplied by the caller if it is computed beforehand

post posterior parameters of the normal-gamma distribution (defaults to the posterior expected mean, marginalized over the covariance factor g)

... unused

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

BayesMfp, BmaSamples Methods

Examples

bmaPredict

BMA prediction for new data points

Description

Make a Bayesian model averaged prediction for new data points, from those models saved in a BayesMfp object.

Usage

```
bmaPredict(BayesMfpObject, postProbs = posteriors(BayesMfpObject), newdata)
```

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Arguments

BayesMfpObject BayesMfp object with the models over which the predictions should be averaged

postProbs vector of posterior probabilities, which are then normalized to the weights of the

model average (defaults to the normalized posterior probability estimates)

newdata new covariate data as data.frame

Value

The predicted values as a vector.

Note

Note that this function is not an S3 predict method for BmaSamples objects, but a function working on BayesMfp objects (because we do not need BMA samples to do BMA point predictions).

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

BmaSamples Methods

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BmaSamples	Bayesian model averaging over multiple fractional polynomial models

Description

Draw samples from the Bayesian model average over the models in saved in a BayesMfp-object.

Usage

```
BmaSamples(object, sampleSize = length(object) * 10, postProbs =
posteriors(object), gridList = list(), gridSize = 203, newdata=NULL,
verbose = TRUE, includeZeroSamples=FALSE)
```

Arguments

object	valid BayesMfp object containing the models over which to average
sampleSize	sample size (default is 10 times the number of models)
postProbs	vector of posterior probabilites (will be normalized within the function, defaults to the normalized posterior probabilities)
gridList	optional list of appropriately named grid vectors for FP evaluation, default is a length (gridSize - 2) grid per covariate additional to the observed values (two are at the minimum and maximum)
gridSize	see above (default: 203)
newdata	new covariate data.frame with exactly the names (and preferably ranges) as before (default: no new covariate data)
verbose	should information on sampling progress be printed? (default)
includeZeroSamp	oles

should the function and coefficient samples include zero samples, from models where these covariates are not included at all? (default: FALSE, so the zero samples are not included)

Value

Return an object of class BmaSamples, which is a list with various elements that describe the BayesMfp object over which was averaged, model frequencies in the samples, the samples themselves etc:

priorSpecs	the utilized prior specifications
termNames	a list of character vectors containing the names of uncertain covariate groups, fractional polynomial terms and fixed variables
shiftScaleMax	matrix with 4 columns containing preliminary transformation parameters, maximum degrees and cardinalities of the powersets of the fractional polynomial terms
٧	the response vector

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x the shifted and scaled design matrix for the data

randomSeed if a seed existed at function call (get(".Random.seed", .GlobalEnv)), it is

saved here

modelFreqs The table of model frequencies in the BMA sample

modelData data frame containing the normalized posterior probabilities of the models in

the underlying BayesMfp object, corresponding log marginal likelihoods, model prior probabilities, posterior expected covariance and shrinkage factors, coefficients of determination, powers and inclusions, and finally model average weights

and relative frequencies in the BMA sample.

sampleSize sample size

sigma2 BMA samples of the regression variance shrinkage BMA samples of the shrinkage factor

fixed samples of the intercept

bfp named list of the FP function samples, where each element contains one FP

covariate and is a matrix (samples x grid), with the following attributes:

whereObsVals where in the scaled grid are the originally observed covariate

values? (integer vector of the indexes)

scaledGrid numeric vector with the positions of the scaled grid points, corre-

sponding to the columns of the samples matrix

counter how often has this covariate been included in the BMA sample? (iden-

tical to the number of rows in the samples matrix)

uc named list of the uncertain fixed form covariates, where each element contains

the coefficient samples of one group: in a matrix with the attribute counter as number of samples in the rows, and the columns are appropriately named to

correspond to the single design variables.

fitted fitted values of all models in object, in a matrix with layout models x observa-

tions.

predictions samples from the predictive distribution at the covariates given in newdata

predictMeans means of the predictive distribution at the covariates given in newdata

See Also

BmaSamples Methods, BayesMfp

```
## construct a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)

x1 <- rnorm (n=15)
x2 <- rbinom (n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 <- rexp (n=15)

y <- rt (n=15, df=2)</pre>
```

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BmaSamples Methods

Other methods for BmaSamples objects

Description

Print the object (print), get fitted values (fitted) and corresponding residuals (residuals).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BmaSamples'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'BmaSamples'
fitted(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'BmaSamples'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x valid BmaSamples objectobject valid BmaSamples object... unused
```

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

```
predict.BmaSamples, summary.BmaSamples
```

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Examples

```
## construct a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)

x1 <- rnorm (n=15)
x2 <- rbinom (n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 <- rexp (n=15)

y <- rt (n=15, df=2)

test <- BayesMfp (y ~ bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 200, method="exhaustive")

## now draw samples from the Bayesian model average
testBma <- BmaSamples (test)

## the print method:
testBma

## the fitted method:
fitted(testBma)

## and the corresponding residuals:
residuals(testBma)</pre>
```

empiricalHpd

Construct an empirical HPD interval from samples

Description

Construct an empirical highest posterior density (HPD) interval from samples which have been drawn from the distribution of a quantity of interest.

Usage

```
empiricalHpd(theta, level)
```

Arguments

theta the vector of samples level the credible level

Value

A vector with the estimated lower and upper bounds of the HPD interval.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

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Examples

```
## draw standard normal variates
test <- rnorm(n=1000)

## estimate the 95% HPD interval with these samples:
empiricalHpd(theta=test, level=0.95)

## compare with true HPD:
qnorm(p=c(0.025, 0.975))</pre>
```

Extract.BayesMfp

Extract method for BayesMfp objects

Description

Extract a subset of models from a BayesMfp object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp' x[...]
```

Arguments

x valid BayesMfp object

... transports the indexes of the models

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

BayesMfp

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```
## extract the top ten models
test[1:10]
```

findModel

Find a specific fractional polynomial model in a BayesMfp object

Description

Returns the index of the wished model if it is present in the model list, and otherwise returns NA.

Usage

```
findModel(model, BayesMfpObject)
```

Arguments

```
model the specific model: a list with entries powers and ucTerms

BayesMfpObject an object of class BayesMfp
```

Details

See BayesMfp for the description of a model.

Value

Index of model in BayesMfpObject if it is present in the model list, otherwise NA.

Note

The searched model must have exactly the same construction as the models in BayesMfpObject. See the example below for the recommended use.

getPosteriorParms 15

getPosteriorParms	Extract updated posterior parameters for the normal inverse gamma distribution from a model, given a shrinkage factor.
-------------------	--

Description

Conditional on a fixed shrinkage factor t=g/(g+1), the posterior joint distribution of the effects and the regression variance is normal inverse gamma. With this function, you can compute the parameters of this distribution.

Usage

Arguments

Y	a valid Baves	Mfn-Ohiect	only first list a	element will be	recognized

shrinkage shrinkage factor used in the computations (defaults to the posterior expected

shrinkage factor in the model x[1])

design (centered) design matrix for the model

Value

A list with four parameters:

aStar the first parameter of the inverse gamma distribution

VStar the covariance matrix part of the multivariate normal distribution

mStar the expectation of the multivariate normal distribution bStar the second parameter of the inverse gamma distribution

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

```
## construct a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)

x1 <- rnorm (n=15)
x2 <- rbinom (n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 <- rexp (n=15)

y <- rt (n=15, df=2)

test <- BayesMfp (y ~ bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 200, method="exhaustive")</pre>
```

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```
## now get the posterior parameters of the third best model
getPosteriorParms(test[3])
```

inclusionProbs

Compute (model averaged) posterior variable inclusion probabilites

Description

Compute (model averaged) posterior inclusion probabilites for the uncertain variables (including FP variables) based on a BayesMfp object.

Usage

```
inclusionProbs(BayesMfpObject, postProbs = posteriors(BayesMfpObject, ind = 1))
```

Arguments

```
BayesMfpObject valid BayesMfp object
postProbs posterior probabilities to weight the models (defaults to the normalized probability estimates)
```

Value

Named numeric vector with the estimated variable inclusion probabilities. Note that these can differ noticeably from the "global" inclusion probabilities computed from all discovered models, from which only the best were saved in the BayesMfp object.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

```
## construct a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)

x1 <- rnorm (n=15)
x2 <- rbinom (n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 <- rexp (n=15)

y <- rt (n=15, df=2)

test <- BayesMfp (y ~ bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 200, method="exhaustive")

## now get the local inclusion probabilities
local <- inclusionProbs(test)

## they can be compared with the global inclusion probabilities
local - attr(test, "inclusionProbs")</pre>
```

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ozone

Ozone data from Breiman and Friedman, 1985

Description

This is the Ozone data discussed in Breiman and Friedman (JASA, 1985, p. 580). These data are for 330 days in 1976. All measurements are in the area of Upland, CA, east of Los Angeles.

Usage

```
data(ozone)
```

Format

A data frame with 366 observations on the following 13 variables.

```
month month of the year
```

day day of the month

weekday day of the week: a factor with levels Monday, Tueday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday

hourAverageMax maximum 1-hour average ozone level [ppm]

pressure500Height 500 millibar pressure height [meters]

windSpeed wind speed [mph]

humidity relative humidity [%]

tempSandburg temperature at Sandberg, CA [degrees F]

tempElMonte temperature at El Monte, CA [degrees F]

inversionBaseHeight inversion base height [feet]

pressureGradientDaggett pressure gradient from LAX to Daggett, CA [mm Hg]

inversionBaseTemp inversion base temperature [degrees F]

visibility visibility [miles]

Source

Breiman, L and Friedman, J. (1985), "Estimating Optimal Transformations for Multiple Regression and Correlation", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 80, 580-598.

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plotCurveEstimate	Generic function for plotting a fractional polynomial curve estimate

Description

Plot a fractional polynomial curve estimate for either a single model or a Bayesian model average over BayesMfp objects. Optionally, credible intervals and / or bands can be added to the plot.

Usage

```
plotCurveEstimate(model, termName, plevel = 0.95, slevel = plevel,
plot = TRUE, legendPos = "topleft", rug = FALSE, partialResids=TRUE,
hpd=TRUE,..., main = NULL)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class BayesMfp or BmaSamples
termName	string denoting an FP term, as written by the summary method
plevel	credible level for pointwise intervals, and NULL means no pointwise intervals (default: 0.95)
slevel	credible level for simultaneous credible band (SCB), NULL means no SCB (defaults to $plevel$)
plot	if FALSE, only return values needed to produce the plot, but do not plot (default is TRUE, so a plot is made)
legendPos	position of coefficient estimates (for BayesMfp) or sample size (for BmaSamples) in the plot, NULL suppresses the printing (default is "topleft")
rug	add a rug to the plot? (default: FALSE)
partialResids	add partial residuals to the plot? (default: TRUE)
hpd	use HPD intervals (TRUE, default) or quantile-based (FALSE) intervals?
•••	further arguments in case of a BayesMfp object (see details) and arguments for plotting with matplot
main	optional main argument for the plot

Details

Further arguments for application on a BayesMfp object:

grid vector of unscaled abscissae, default is a length gridSize grid over the observed range specified by providing the argument NULL.

post list with posterior parameters of the model, which may be provided manually to accelerate plotting in a loop

gridSize default number of grid points used when no grid is supplied (default is 201)

numSim number of simulations for estimation of the SCB (default is 500)

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Value

a list of various plotting information:

original grid on the original covariate scale grid grid on the transformed scale

mode mode curve values, only for BayesMfp object

mean pointwise mean curve values, only for BmaSamples object median pointwise median curve values, only for BmaSamples object

plower lower boundaries for pointwise intervals pupper upper boundaries for pointwise intervals

slower lower boundaries for SCB supper upper boundaries for SCB

obsVals observed values of the covariate on the original scale

sampleSize sample size underlying the curve estimate, only for BmaSamples object

partialResids partial residuals

transform vector of shift and scale parameter

See Also

BayesMfp, BmaSamples

```
## construct a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)
x1 <- rnorm (n=15)
x2 <- rbinom (n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 < - rexp (n=15)
y < - rt (n=15, df=2)
test <- BayesMfp (y \sim bfp (x2, max = 4) + uc (x1 + x3), nModels = 100,
method="exhaustive")
## plot the x2 curve estimate for the 20-th best model
p1 <- plotCurveEstimate (test[20], "x2")</pre>
## look at the returned list
str(p1)
## plot the BMA curve estimate for the same covariate
testBma <- BmaSamples (test)</pre>
p2 <- plotCurveEstimate (testBma, "x2")</pre>
## look at the returned list
str(p2)
## try the new options:
plotCurveEstimate (testBma, "x2", partialResids=FALSE, hpd=FALSE)
```

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posteriors

Extract posterior model probability estimates from BayesMfp objects

Description

Extract posterior model probability estimates (either normalized estimates or sampling frequencies) from BayesMfp objects.

Usage

```
posteriors(BayesMfpObject, ind = 1)
```

Arguments

```
BayesMfpObject a valid BayesMfp object, containing the models the probabilites of which one wants to estimate

ind ind = 1 means normalized posteriors, ind = 2 means sampling frequencies
```

Value

The vector of probability estimates.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

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predict.BayesMfp

Predict method for BayesMfp objects

Description

Predict new responses from a single multiple FP model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BayesMfp'
predict(object, newdata, ...)
```

Arguments

object valid BayesMfp object, from which only the first model will be used.

newdata new covariate data with exactly the names (and preferably ranges) as for the

original BayesMfp call

... unused

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

bmaPredict

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predict.BmaSamples	Predict method to	extract	point	and	interval	predictions	from
	BmaSamples objects						

Description

Predict new responses from a Bayesian model average over FP models, from which predictive samples have already been produced.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BmaSamples'
predict(object, level=0.95, hpd=TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'predict.BmaSamples'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

object	valid BmaSamples object
level	credible level for the credible intervals (default: 95%)
hpd	should emprical hpd intervals be used (default) or simple quantile-based?
	unused
X	object of S3 class predict.BmaSamples

Details

This function summarizes the predictive samples saved in the BmaSamples object. Using these functions, one can obtain predictive credible intervals, as opposed to just using the function bmaPredict, which only gives the means of the predictive distributions.

Value

A list of class predict.BmaSamples, which has then a separate print method. The elements of the list are:

intervalType which credible intervals have been computed (either "HPD" or "equitailed") level the credible level

newdata the covariate data for the predicted data points (just copied from object)

sampleSize the sample size (just copied from object)

nModels the number of models (just copied from object)

summaryMat the summary matrix for the predictions, with median, mean, lower and upper

credible interval borders.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

scrBesag 23

See Also

bmaPredict

Examples

scrBesag

Simultaneous credible band computation (Besag, Green et al algorithm)

Description

Simultaneous credible band computation

Usage

```
scrBesag(samples, level=0.95)
```

Arguments

samples m by n matrix where m is the number of parameters, n is the number of samples

and hence each (multivariate) sample is a column in the matrix samples

level the credible level (default: 0.95)

Details

Calculates a series of simultaneous credible bounds for one parameter type, following section 6.3 in the seminal paper "Bayesian computation and stochastic systems". The corresponding algorithm was invented by Peter Green.

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Value

matrix with 'lower' and 'upper' rows

Author(s)

Thomas Kneib

References

J. Besag, P. Green, D. Higdon, K. Mengersen (1995): Bayesian computation and stochastic systems, *Statistical Science* **10**/1, 3–41

scrHpd

Calculate an SCB from a samples matrix

Description

Calculate an SCB from a samples matrix, which minimizes the absolute distances of the contained samples to a mode vector, at each gridpoint. Therefore the SCB might be considered an "HPD SCB".

Usage

```
scrHpd(samples, mode = apply(samples, 2, median), level = 0.95)
```

Arguments

samples m by n matrix where m is the number of samples and n the number of parame-

ters, hence each (multivariate) sample is a row in the matrix samples

mode mode vector of length n (defaults to the vector of medians)

level credible level for the SCB (default: 0.95)

Details

This function first computes the matrix of absolute distances of the samples to the mode vector. Then based on this distance matrix, a one-sided SCB as described in Besag et al. (1995) is computed, which is then mapped back to the samples.

Value

A matrix with rows "lower" and "upper", with the lower and upper SCB bounds.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

References

Besag, J.; Green, P.; Higdon, D. and Mengersen, K. (1995): "Bayesian computation and stochastic systems (with discussion)", *Statistical Science*, 10, 3-66.

See Also

```
empiricalHpd
```

Examples

Summary of BayesMfp object

Calculate and print the summary of a BayesMfp object

Description

Calculate and print the summary of a BayesMfp object, using S3 methods for the class.

Usage

Arguments

```
object a valid BayesMfp object

x a return value of summary.BayesMfp

level credible level for coefficients HPD intervals (default: 0.95)

table should a data.frame of the models be included? (default)

shrinkage shrinkage factor used, where NULL defaults to the posterior expected shrinkage factor

only used by summary.BayesMfp to pass arguments to as.data.frame.BayesMfp
```

Value

summary.BayesMfp returns a list with S3 class summary.BayesMfp, where the arguments "call", "numVisited", "termNames", "shiftScaleMax", "inclusionProbs", "chainlength" (only for model sampling results) are copied from the attributes of the BayesMfp object, please see its help page for details.

The other elements are:

dataframe the model overview as data.frame (only if table=TRUE was specified)

localInclusionProbs

local variable inclusion probability estimates

nModels number of models contained in object

If there are multiple models in object, the list element postProbs contains the exact (for exhaustively explored model spaces) or estimated (if model sampling has been done) posterior model probabilities.

If object contains only one FP model, then this one is summarized in more detail:

level used credible level for coefficients HPD intervals

shrinkage used shrinkage factor

summaryMat matrix with posterior summaries of the single coefficients: "mode" gives the

posterior mode, "HPDlower" and "HPDupper" give the boundaries of the HPD

intervals with specified credible level

sigma2Sum posterior summary for the regression variance: again mode, and lower and upper

HPD bounds are given in a rowvector.

Note

Note that if you extract the summary of a single model with these functions, you ignore the uncertainty about the shrinkage factor t=g/(g+1) by plugging in the number shrinkage. If you want to incorporate this uncertainty, you must run BmaSamples on this model and call the corresponding method summary.BmaSamples.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

```
summary.BmaSamples
```

```
## generate a BayesMfp object
set.seed(19)

x1 <- rnorm(n=15)
x2 <- rbinom(n=15, size=20, prob=0.5)
x3 <- rexp(n=15)</pre>
```

Summary of BmaSamples object

Calculate and print the summary of a BmaSamples object

Description

Calculate and print the summary of a BmaSamples object, using S3 methods for the class.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BmaSamples'
summary(object, level = 0.95, hpd = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'summary.BmaSamples'
print(x, table = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object a valid BmaSamples object
level credible level for coefficients credible intervals
hpd should emprical hpd intervals be used (default) or simple quantile-based?

x a return value of summary.BmaSamples
table should the model table been shown? (default)
... unused

Value

The summary method returns an S3 object, where "sampleSize", "modelData" and "modelFreqs" are copied from the BmaSamples object, please see its help page for the details. "intervalType" and "level" copy the function's parameters.

"summaryMat" contains the posterior summaries for the intercept and uncertain fixed form covariates. "sigma2Sum" and "shrinkageSum" contain the posterior summaries for the regression variance and the shrinkage factor, respectively. The summaries are always the median, mean, lower and upper credible bounds for the coefficients.

Author(s)

Daniel Saban\'es Bov\'e

See Also

```
summary.BayesMfp
```

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