

# Package ‘RSSOP’

January 20, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Simulation of Supply Reservoir Systems using Standard Operation Policy

**Version** 1.1

**Date** 2016-08-09

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**Description** Reservoir Systems Standard Operation Policy. A system for simulation of supply reservoirs. It proposes functionalities for plotting and evaluation of supply reservoirs systems.

**License** GPL-2

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2016-08-30 07:49:10

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RSSOP-package	<i>Tools for Operation of Reservoirs Systems using Standard Operation Policy</i>
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**Description**

RSSOP

**Details**

Package: RSSOP  
 Type: Package  
 Version: 1.0  
 Date: 2015-12-29  
 License: GPL-2

The package provides functions to establish the reservoirs systems elements and build up an operation standard operation policy (SOP) releases. The package include S3 classes for reservoir(s) system operation. Methods such as plot and yield is available for standard objects inherited from class SOP for results illustration and visualization.

**Author(s)**

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**References**

Loucks, Daniel P., et al. Water resources systems planning and management: an introduction to methods, models and applications. Paris: UNESCO, 2005. Araghinejad, S. (2013). Data-Driven Modeling: Using MATLAB, in Water Resources and Environmental Engineering (Vol. 67). Springer Science & Business Media.

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addObjectToArea	<i>Adds An Object To The Area</i>
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**Description**

Adds an object to the an object inherited from class createArea

**Usage**

```
addObjectToArea(area, object, type)
```

**Arguments**

area	an object inherited from creatArea class
object	an object to be added to area
type	type of the object to added to area: "reservoir", "demand", "hydrometeorology"

**Value**

an object inherited from class of creatArea

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi, Kaveh Panaghi

**Examples**

```
# Create an area
object<-createArea(name      ="Zarineh"  ,
                   location="kurdistan",
                   start   =c(1900,1)  ,
                   end     =c(1962,1))

# Create an Agricultural demand site
var<-sin(seq(0.2,pi-0.2,length.out=12))*100/sum(sin(seq(0.2,pi-0.2,length.out=12)))
dem<-createDemandSite(type="agricultural" ,
                      demandName="Agri"  ,
                      demandCode=1      ,
                      annualUseRate=1.3084 ,
                      annualVariation=var ,
                      area=1000          ,
                      cycle=TRUE         ,
                      numberOfCycles=62  ,
                      supplierCode=1     ,
                      downstreamCode=0   ,
                      priority=1)

# Create a Reservoir
AV<-data.frame(A=seq(2  ,30 ,length.out=10),
              V=seq(100,700,length.out=10))
res<-createReservoir(type      ="storage",
                    name      ="Bukan" ,
                    reservoirCode =1    ,
                    downstreamReservoirCode=0 ,
                    geometry    =list(sMin   =100 ,
                                       sMax   =700 ,
                                       volumeArea=AV))

# Creat a meteorological object
met<-hydrometeorology(Inflow      =rlnorm(744,2,0.2),
```

```
netEvaporation=runif(744,0,0.2) ,
reservoirCode =1)
# add object to The area
object<-addObjectToArea(area =object,
                        object=met ,
                        type ="hydrometeorology")
object<-addObjectToArea(area =object,
                        object=dem ,
                        type ="demand")
object<-addObjectToArea(area =object,
                        object=res ,
                        type ="reservoir")
```

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createArea

*A Function To Create The Reservoirs System Area*

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### **Description**

it creates an area to operate reservoirs inside it

### **Usage**

```
createArea(name = "unknown", location = "unknown", start = c(), end = c())
```

### **Arguments**

name	a string representing the name of the operating area
location	a string representing the location of the operating area
start	a vector whose first number presents the number of start month of simulation time and second number shows the start year of of simulation time
end	a vector whose first number presents the number of end month of simulation time and second number shows the end year of of simulation time

### **Value**

an object of class of createArea

### **Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi

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createDemandSite	<i>Creates A Demand Site</i>
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### Description

A function to create a demand site using demand pattern variation or time series

### Usage

```
createDemandSite(type = "agricultural",
                 demandName = "Agri1",
                 demandCode,
                 annualUseRate,
                 annualVariation,
                 area,
                 cycle = FALSE,
                 numberOfCycles = NULL,
                 supplierCode,
                 downstreamCode,
                 priority = 1,
                 start = 1900)
```

### Arguments

type	domestic, agricultural, and environmental. the hydropower is not available in this version
demandName	a string name of the desired demand site
demandCode	a unique integer number
annualUseRate	the amount of water consumption per unit of area during a year
annualVariation	a vector, in percent, of demand site variation during a year. the summation of vector's element should be equal to 100
area	for agricultural type: the area of demand site
cycle	logical, cycle the time series?
numberOfCycles	if cycle is TRUE, number of cycles
supplierCode	the code of reservoir which is going to supply this demand site
downstreamCode	the downstream of demand site
priority	the priority of supply
start	the start year

### Value

an object inherited from class create DemandSite

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi

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createReservoir      *Creates A Reservoir Object*

---

**Description**

this function creates a reservoir object using geometrical specifications

**Usage**

```
createReservoir(type = "storage",
               name = "reservoir1",
               reservoirCode = 1,
               downstreamReservoirCode,
               geometry = list(sMin=NULL, sMax=NULL, volumeArea=NULL))
```

**Arguments**

type	the type of reservoir, "storage" and "hydropower". hydropower is not available in this version
name	a string representing the name of reservoir object
reservoirCode	an unique integer code
downstreamReservoirCode	the code of reservoir downstream
geometry	a list, include maximum and minimum volumes of reservoir and a data frame for volume-area rating curve whose first column includes area (square KM) and the second column is Volume (MCM)

**Value**

an object inherited from class createReservoir

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi, Kaveh Panaghi

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hydrometeorology	<i>Creates A Meteorological Object</i>
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### Description

this function creates an hydrometeorological object include stream flow and evaporation time series

### Usage

```
hydrometeorology(Inflow,  
                 netEvaporation,  
                 cycleEvaporation = FALSE,  
                 numberOfCycles = NULL,  
                 startDate = c(1900, 1),  
                 reservoirCode)
```

### Arguments

Inflow	Inflow time series (MCM)
netEvaporation	Net evaporation in (m)
cycleEvaporation	logical, the net evaporation should be cycled or not
numberOfCycles	an integer nuber: if cycleEvaporation is TRUE, the number of cycles. if is not specified it would be calculated based on the Inflow time series
startDate	a vector of two elemnts whose elements include start year and start month respectively
reservoirCode	the code of reservoir which this hydrometeorological object belongs to that

### Value

an object from class of hydrometeorology

### Author(s)

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi

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object

*An Object From Class Of creatArea*

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### Description

an object from the class of createArea which includes the specifications of a cascade reservoir system in Kurdistan, ZerineRud basin. "object" includes two inflow time series in the Bukan and Sonata dam sites, there demands sites time series and geometrical specifications of mentioned dams

### Usage

```
data("object")
```

### References

Water Resources Management Company, Ministry of Energy, Iran, 2015

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plot.SOP

*A Plot Function for Object Inherited From Class Of SOP*

---

### Description

a plot function for an object inherited from class SOP

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SOP'  
plot(x , ...)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object inherited from class SOP  
...                   other objects that can passed to plot function

### Author(s)

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi, Kaveh Panaghi



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 SOP

*Standard Operation Policy*


---

**Description**

function for reservoir(s) system(s) operation using Standard Operation Policy

**Usage**

SOP(object)

**Arguments**

object            an object from class of createArea

**Value**

an object inherited from class SOP

**Author(s)**

Parisa Aberi, Rezgar Arabzadeh, Shahab Araghinejad

**References**

Yeh, W. W. G. (1985). Reservoir management and operations models: A state of the art review. Water resources research, 21(12), 1797-1818.

**Examples**

```
# loading an area
data (object)
## Not run: res<-SOP(object)
## Not run: plot(res)
## Not run: Yeild(res)
```

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 SOP.base

*Base Function For Class SOP*


---

**Description**

SOP base function for class SOP

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'base'
SOP(object)
```

**Arguments**

object                    an object inherited from class creatArea

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi

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SOP.default                    *Default Function Closs Of SOP*

---

**Description**

SOP default function of class SOP

**Usage**

```
## Default S3 method:
SOP(object)
```

**Arguments**

object                    an object inherited from class createArea

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzadeh, Parisa Aberi

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Yeild                            *Reservoir Performance Indices*

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**Description**

a function for evaluation and calculation of reservoir performance indices based on Hashimoto et al. (1982)

**Usage**

```
Yeild(object, s.const = 0.95)
```

**Arguments**

object                    an object inherited from class SOP  
s.const                    satisfactory constant of supplying

**Value**

a matrix presenting Reliability, resiliency, and vulnerability criterion for water resource system performance evaluation

**Author(s)**

Rezgar Arabzdadeh, Parisa Aberi

**References**

Hashimoto, T., Stedinger, J. R., & Loucks, D. P. (1982). Reliability, resiliency, and vulnerability criteria for water resource system performance evaluation. *Water resources research*, 18(1), 14-20.

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