

Package ‘tv’

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Title Tools for Creating Time-Varying Datasets
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Description Create a time-varying dataset using features, exposure, and look back specifications.
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Description

Create a time-varying dataset

Usage

```
time_varying(
  x,
  specs,
  exposure,
  ...,
  grid.only = FALSE,
  time_units = c("days", "seconds"),
  id = "pat_id",
  sort = NA,
  n_cores = as.numeric(Sys.getenv("SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK", 1))
)

check_tv_data(x, time_units, id, sort)

check_tv_exposure(x, expected_ids, time_units, id, ..., check_overlap = TRUE)

check_tv_specs(specs, expected_features = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A data.frame with four columns: <code><id></code> , "feature", "datetime", "value"
<code>specs</code>	a data.frame with four columns: "feature", "use_for_grid", "lookback_start", "lookback_end", "aggregation". See details below.
<code>exposure</code>	a data.frame with (at least) three columns: <code><id></code> , "exposure_start", "exposure_stop"
<code>...</code>	Other arguments. Currently just passes <code>check_overlap</code> .
<code>grid.only</code>	Should just the grid be computed and returned? Useful only for debugging
<code>time_units</code>	What time units should be used? Seconds or days
<code>id</code>	The id to use. Default is "pat_id"
<code>sort</code>	Logical, indicating whether to sort the data before performing the analysis. By default (NA), sorting is only done when useful (that is: <code>x\$datetime</code> is a POSIXct and <code>time_units == "days"</code>). A warning is issued when <code>x\$datetime</code> is a Date to make the user aware that the input ought to be sorted to get the right answer.
<code>n_cores</code>	Number of cores to use. If slurm is being used, it checks the SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK variable. Else it defaults to 1, for no parallelization.
<code>expected_ids</code>	A vector of expected ids based on the data.

`check_overlap` Should overlap be checked among exposure rows? A potentially costly operation, so you can opt out of it if you're really sure.

`expected_features`
A vector of expected features based on the data.

Details

The defaults for specs are to use everything for the grid creation, and to set `lookback_start=0`, with a message in both cases. Currently supported aggregation functions include counting ("count" or "n"), last-value-carried forward ("last value" or "lvcf"), any/none ("any" or "binary"), time since ("time since" or "ts"), min/max/mean, and the special "event" (for which look backs are ignored).

The look back window begins at `row_start - lookback_end` and ends at `row_start - lookback_start`. Passing NA to either look back changes the corresponding window boundary to `exposure_start`.

Value

A data.frame, with one row per grid value and one column per feature specification (plus grid columns).

Examples

```
data(tv_example)
time_varying(tv_example$data, tv_example$specs, tv_example$exposure,
             time_units = "days", id = "mcn")
```

tv_aggregation

Time-varying aggregation functions

Description

Time-varying aggregation functions

Usage

```
tv_count(value, ...)
```

```
tv_any(value, ...)
```

```
tv_lvcf(value, datetime, ...)
```

```
tv_ts(datetime, current_time, ...)
```

```
tv_min(value, ...)
```

```
tv_max(value, ...)
```

```
tv_mean(value, ...)
```

```
tv_median(value, ...)
```

```
tv_sum(value, ...)
```

Arguments

value	A vector of values
...	Other arguments (not used at this time)
datetime	A datetime
current_time	The current grid row's time

Value

A scalar, indicating the corresponding aggregation over value or datetime.

tv_example	<i>Example data for time-varying</i>
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Description

Example data for time-varying

Usage

```
tv_example
```

Format

A list

data The data

specs The specs

See Also

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