

Package ‘WorldMapR’

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Type Package

Title Worldwide or Coordinates-Based Heat Maps

Version 1.1.0

Description Easily plot heat maps of the world, based on continuous or categorical data. Country labels can also be added to the map.

License GPL-3

URL <https://github.com/Luigi-Annic/WorldMapR/>

BugReports <https://github.com/Luigi-Annic/WorldMapR/issues>

Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 4.3.0)

Imports ggplot2 (>= 3.4.4), dplyr (>= 1.1.4), rnaturalearth (>= 1.0.1), sf (>= 1.0-14), countrycode (>= 1.5.0), utils (>= 4.3.0), ggfx (>= 1.0.1)

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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countrycoord_data *countrycoord_data*

Description

This function generates a data frame with information about the coordinates of the central point for each country of interest. You can choose whether to keep all the countries or only a subset.

Usage

```
countrycoord_data(
  countries.list = NULL,
  crs = 4326,
  UK_as_GB = TRUE,
  exclude.iso.na = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

- `countries.list` List of the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 codes of countries that are to be included. By default it is set to `NULL` and all countries are included.
- `crs` Coordinate reference system (EPSG). By default the value is 4326, which corresponds to EPSG::4326 (WGS84)
- `UK_as_GB` Do you want to translate the GB iso2 code to UK? If `FALSE`, GB is returned in the output data.frame. If `TRUE`, UK is returned. Note that you will need to provide GB as the input for United Kingdom, even if you want the UK label to be returned in output.
- `exclude.iso.na` if `TRUE` (default), countries that do not have a ISO 3166 code are excluded from the table.

Value

an object of class `data.frame`

Examples

```
countrycoord_data(countries.list = c("IT", "FR", "SE"), crs = 3035)
countrycoord_data(countries.list = c("IT", "FR", "SE"), crs = 3035)
countrycoord_data(countries.list = c("IT", "FR", "SE", "GB"), crs = 3035, UK_as_GB = TRUE)
countrycoord_data(countries.list = c("IT", "FR", "SE", "GB"), crs = 3035, UK_as_GB = FALSE)
```

geometries_data	<i>geometries_data</i>
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Description

This function generates a data frame with information about geometries and centroid coordinates of countries. You can choose whether to keep all the countries or only a subset.

Usage

```
geometries_data(exclude.iso.na = TRUE, countries.list = NULL)
```

Arguments

`exclude.iso.na` if TRUE (default), countries that do not have a ISO 3166 code are excluded from the table.
`countries.list` List of the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 codes of countries that are to be included. By default it is set to NULL and all countries are included.

Value

an object of class `data.frame` and `sf`.

Examples

```
geometries_data(countries.list = c("IT", "FR", "US"))
```

testdata1	<i>Simulated data set 1</i>
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Description

Data from a random simulation with continuous data.

Usage

```
data(testdata1)
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame`

Examples

```
data(testdata1)
head(testdata1)
```

testdata1b*Simulated data set 1b***Description**

Data from a random simulation with continuous and categorical data.

Usage

```
data(testdata1b)
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame`

Examples

```
data(testdata1b)
head(testdata1b)
```

testdata1c*Simulated data set 1c***Description**

Data from a random simulation with continuous and categorical data. This data set contains information about 237 countries (countries without unique ISO 3166 code are excluded).

Usage

```
data(testdata1c)
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame`

Examples

```
data(testdata1c)
head(testdata1c)
```

*worldplot**worldplot*

Description

Plot a world heat map based on a continuous variable.

Usage

```
worldplot(  
  data,  
  ColName,  
  CountryName,  
  CountryNameType = "isoa2",  
  rangeVal,  
  longitude = c(-180, 180),  
  latitude = c(-90, 90),  
  crs = 4326,  
  title = "",  
  legendTitle = as.character(ColName),  
  legend.position = "right",  
  annotate = FALSE,  
  div = 1,  
  palette_option = "D",  
  label.color = "white",  
  label.size = 2,  
  na.colour = "grey80",  
  transform_limits = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data set containing the list of nations and the variable that we want to plot.
<code>ColName</code>	Character variable with the name of the variable of interest.
<code>CountryName</code>	Character variable with the name of the country names column.
<code>CountryNameType</code>	Character variable with the coding for <code>CountryName</code> . One of <code>isoa2</code> (default, standing for ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code), <code>isoa3</code> , or <code>name</code> .
<code>rangeVal</code>	Limit values (minimum and maximum) that are to be defined for the map. If not specified, the minimum and maximum are taken, and a message is displayed.
<code>longitude</code>	Longitude limits. Default is <code>c(-180, 180)</code> (whole world with <code>crs</code> as EPSG::4326).
<code>latitude</code>	Latitude limits. Default is <code>c(-90, 90)</code> (whole world with <code>crs</code> as EPSG::4326).
<code>crs</code>	Coordinate reference system (EPSG). By default the value is 4326, which corresponds to EPSG::4326 (WGS84)
<code>title</code>	Title of the plot. Default is no title.

<code>legendTitle</code>	Title of the legend. Default is the name of the filling variable.
<code>legend.position</code>	Position of the legend. If set to "none", no legend is displayed
<code>annotate</code>	Do you want to plot country labels (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code) on the map? Default is set to FALSE.
<code>div</code>	Parameter for modifying the elements dimensions in the map. Usually, it does not need to be modified. Default value is 1.
<code>palette_option</code>	Character string indicating the palette to be used. Available options range between "A" and "H".
<code>label.color</code>	Color of the labels if <code>annotate = TRUE</code> . Default is white
<code>label.size</code>	Size of the labels if <code>annotate = TRUE</code>
<code>na.colour</code>	The colour to be used for countries with missing information. Default is grey80
<code>transform_limits</code>	Only if crs is specified and different from 4326. If TRUE (the default) the program expects to receive values of longitude and latitude as in EPSG 4326, (i.e., within -180, +180 for longitude and within -90, +90 for latitude) and automatically updates to the new crs. Set to FALSE if you want to define longitude and latitude limits based on the new crs

Value

a map

Examples

```
data(testdata1b)
worldplot(data = testdata1b,
          div = 1,
          ColName = "VNum",
          CountryName = "Cshort",
          CountryNameType = "iso2",
          rangeVal = c(0,50),
          annotate = FALSE)
```

Description

Plot a world heat map based on a categorical variable.

Usage

```
worldplotCat(
  data,
  ColName,
  CountryName,
  CountryNameType = "isoa2",
  longitude = c(-180, 180),
  latitude = c(-90, 90),
  crs = 4326,
  title = "",
  legendTitle = as.character(ColName),
  legend.position = "right",
  Categories = levels(factor(map_df$MapFiller)),
  na.as.category = TRUE,
  label.color = "white",
  label.size = 2,
  annotate = FALSE,
  div = 1,
  palette_option = "D",
  na.colour = "grey80",
  transform_limits = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data set containing the list of nations and the variable that we want to plot.
<code>ColName</code>	Character variable with the name of the variable of interest.
<code>CountryName</code>	Character variable with the name of the country names column.
<code>CountryNameType</code>	Character variable with the coding for <code>CountryName</code> . One of <code>isoa2</code> (default, standing for ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code), <code>isoa3</code> , or <code>name</code> .
<code>longitude</code>	Longitude limits. Default is <code>c(-180, 180)</code> (whole world with <code>crs</code> as <code>EPSG::4326</code>).
<code>latitude</code>	Latitude limits. Default is <code>c(-90, 90)</code> (whole world with <code>crs</code> as <code>EPSG::4326</code>).
<code>crs</code>	Coordinate reference system (EPSG). By default the value is <code>4326</code> , which corresponds to <code>EPSG::4326</code> (WGS84)
<code>title</code>	Title of the plot. Default is no title.
<code>legendTitle</code>	Title of the legend. Default is the name of the filling variable.
<code>legend.position</code>	Position of the legend. If set to "none", no legend is displayed
<code>Categories</code>	categories labels to be plotted in the legend.
<code>na.as.category</code>	Treat NA as a separate category? If 'TRUE', NA will also appear in the legend as one of the categories.
<code>label.color</code>	Color of the labels if <code>annotate = TRUE</code> . Default is white
<code>label.size</code>	Size of the labels if <code>annotate = TRUE</code>

<code>annotate</code>	Do you want to plot country labels (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code) on the map? Default is set to FALSE.
<code>div</code>	Parameter for modifying the elements dimensions in the map. Usually, it does not need to be modified. Default value is 1.
<code>palette_option</code>	Character string indicating the palette to be used. Available options range between "A" and "H". You can also enter a string with a colour for each category
<code>na_colour</code>	The colour to be used for countries with missing information. Default is grey80
<code>transform_limits</code>	Only if crs is specified and different from 4326. If TRUE (the default) the program expects to receive values of longitude and latitude as in EPSG 4326, (i.e., within -180, +180 for longitude and within -90, +90 for latitude) and automatically updates to the new crs. Set to FALSE if you want to define longitude and latitude limits based on the new crs

Value

a map

Examples

```
data(testdata1b)
worldplotCat(data = testdata1b,
             div = 1,
             ColName = "VCat",
             CountryName = "Cshort",
             CountryNameType = "iso2",
             annotate = FALSE)
```

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