

Package ‘Rcriticor’

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Type Package

Title Pierre-Goldwin Correlogram

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Description Goldwin-Pierre correlogram. Research of critical periods in the past. Integrates a time series in a given window.

License GPL (>= 2)

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critic *Pierre - Goldwin correlogram*

Description

An integro delayed correlogram to find critical periods for a biological phenomenon driven by a climatic factor

Usage

```
critic(t, Y, fac = NULL, dinf = 10, durinf = 2, dsup = 90, dursup = 90, nperm = 0,
nboot = 0, period = 365, dt = 1, seriesName = "year", grType = "image", roll = FALSE,
alpha = 0.05, ps.print = FALSE)
```

Arguments

t	vector : The climatic time series. In this version, must be annual and sampled daily. Its length must be a multiple of 365. February 29 must be discarded.
Y	vector : the observations to regress. Must be of the same length as the number of years in t. One observation per year if fac==NULL (the default). If fac is not null, there may be several observations per year. See fac and details
fac	factor grouping the observations per year. Its levels number must be equal to the number of years in t
dinf	integer : the number of the day taken as first beginning period to scan in the year
durinf	numeric : the number of days taken as lower span of the periods to scan in the year
dsup	numeric : the number of the day taken as last beginning period to scan in the year
dursup	numeric : the number of days taken as largen span of the periods to scan in the year
nperm	numeric : number of random permutations
nboot	numeric : number of bootstrap subsamples
period	numeric : Number of time units per period. Default = 365 (days in a year)
dt	numeric : value of the time increment for integration. Default = 1
seriesName	string : name of the replicates of the time series. Default = "year"
grType	type of map to draw. grType may take the values "image", "contour", "filledcontour", "persp". These codes call the correspondig R base functions.
roll	logical : only used if grType=="persp" in what case the perspective plot rotates slowly to show all aspects of the perspective.
alpha	numeric: significance level for the tests. Default=0.05
ps.print	logical: Pseudovalues of the bootstrap must be printed (TRUE) or not (FALSE). Default = FALSE

Details

For each replication (by default: year) calculates the sums of the time series t , beginning at a time i varying from $dinf$ to $dsup$, and ending a time varying from $i+durinf$ to $i+dursup$. Then correlates these sums to the vector Y of independent observations. The result is the map $\rho[i,j]$ giving the correlation between Y and the corresponding sum of j elements (duration) after the time i . The significant level where the map can be cut is obtained by random permutations the number of which is defined by $nperm$. The confidence interval of the maximum correlation, as well as its bivariate confidence interval, are obtained by optional bootstrap. If $nperm = 0$ (default), no permutation is done. If $nboot = 0$, no bootstrap is done.

Value

z : a matrix containing the correlation coefficients of Y with the sum of j days

Author(s)

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References

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

See Also

[image](#), [contour](#), [filled](#), [contour](#), [persp](#) for graphical representations.

Examples

```
##---- Should be DIRECTLY executable !! ----
##-- ==> Define data, use random,
##--or do help(data=index) for the standard data sets.
data(time,wy)
data(sit,time3)
critic(t=time3,Y=sit,dinf=50,dsup=90,durinf=20,dursup=50)
```

fac

factor "year"

Description

factor "year" with seven levels, years 1974 to 1980

Usage

```
data(fac)
```

Format

The format is: Factor with 7 levels "1974","1975",...,1980: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 ...7

Source

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

Examples

```
data(fac)
print(fac)
```

lookat

Looking at the correlogram

Description

A function to inspect a point of the correlogram, to plot a scatterplot of dependent variable against the sum of the independent variable, and return the corresponding regression.

Usage

```
lookat(u, Y)
```

Arguments

u	An object of class <code>criticor</code>
Y	numeric vector : the dependent variable

Details

This functions requires the display of a correlogram plot on the current device, and that it has been previously saved as an object of class `criticor`. It then calls the function `locator`. The user has then to click on the correlogram at the point he wishes to inspect. A plot is then displayed on a new device, showing the scatterplot of the summed independent variable for the beginning of the series (Y axis on the correlogram) and the duration of the sum (X axis on the correlogram). Several point may be tried, only the results for the last one are returned by the function (see `Value`). The process stops when a left click outside the correlogram.

Value

An object of class `lm`

Warning

1. The scatterplot is currently recovered by the correlogram, whose device is reactivated after drawing \ the scatterplot. You have to move the correlogram apart with the mouse to see the scatterplot.\
2. lookat works only on correlograms drawn with the options image or contour The option filled-contour \ (calling filled.contour) gives erroneous results because its particular scale which is not accessible.\ It does not work at all with the option persp.

Author(s)

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References

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

See Also

[critic](#),[locator](#),[image](#),[contour](#),[filled.contour](#),[persp](#) for graphical representations.

Examples

```
data(sit,time3)
U=critic(t=time3,Y=sit,dinf=1,dsup=90,durinf=2,dursup=100)
## Not run: lookat(U,sit)
```

sit

Cereal aphids in Rennes

Description

Maximum populations (log transformed) of the aphid *sitobion avenae* in wheat fields from 1975 to 1981

Usage

```
data(sit)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:7] 2.08e-01 2.12 3.36e+01 1.08 9.99e-16 ...

Source

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

Examples

```
data(sit)
## maybe str(sit) ; plot(sit) ...
```

sit2

Sitobion with replicates

Description

Peak densities of the cereal aphid *Sitobion avenae*, from 1974 to 1980, three replicates per year. Intendid to be used with *critic*, together with *fac*

Usage

```
data(sit2)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:21] 0.34 -0.175 0.147 2.977 1.477 ...

Source

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

Examples

```
data(sit2, fac)
plot(fac, sit2)
## maybe str(sit2) ; plot(sit2) ...
```

time	<i>Fictitious daily temperatures</i>
------	--------------------------------------

Description

Fictitious daily temperatures for 20 years, generated by *rnorm*

Usage

```
data(time)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:7300] 5.83 2.36 4.58 8.02 6.64 ...

Examples

```
data(time)
## maybe str(time) ; plot(time) ...
```

time3	<i>mean daily temperature data in Rennes (France)</i>
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Description

mean daily temperature data in Rennes (France) from 1975 to 1981. february 29 of bissextile years discarded

Usage

```
data(time3)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:2555] 1 2.3 1.7 6.1 1.9 5.2 8.9 10.5 8.4 6.3 ...

Source

Pierre, J. S., Guillome, M. and Querrien, M. T. 1986. A Statistical and Graphic Method for Seeking in Which Periods of the Year Are the Animal Populations Peculiarly Sensitive to a Given Weather Component (Critical Periods of Time) - Application to the Case of Cereal Aphids. - Acta Oecologica-Oecologia Generalis 7: 365-380. (in french, english summary)

Examples

```
data(time3)
## maybe str(time3) ; plot(time3) ...
```

wy *Series of fictitious observations*

Description

Series of fictitious observations linearly linked to a period of the series "time". Exact correlation.

Usage

```
data(wy)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:20] 149 158 157 143 165 ...

Examples

```
data(wy)
## maybe str(wy) ; plot(wy) ...
```

wy2 *Series of fictitious observations*

Description

Series of fictitious observations linearly linked to a period of the series "time". incomplete correlation. Normal noise added

Usage

```
data(wy2)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:20] 160 152 157 137 182 ...

Examples

```
data(wy2)
## maybe str(wy2) ; plot(wy2) ...
```


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