Package 'NiLeDAM'

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Description

A class for the results of the calculateAges function. It contains the ages calculated for each analytic point from triplets (U,Th,Pb) and corresponding errors.

Fields

data Object of class "data.frame" that contains the original triplets (U,Th,Pb) and corresponding errors

ages Object of class "vector" that contains the ages calculated for each analytic point.

- ci Object of class "matrix", which is a two-column matrix that contains the bounds of the confidence intervals for each age of the slot ages. These are estimated from a MC simulation method as described in calculateAges().
- sd Object of class "vector" that contains the standard deviations for each age of the slot ages.

 These are estimated from a MC simulation method as described in calculateAges().
- nloops Object of class "numeric" that stores the number of MC simulations used to estimate the confidence intervals and the standard deviations.

level Object of class "numeric" that stores the level of the confidence intervals.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the function calculateAges().

Methods

- print(signature(x = "ages")): display a summary of the results of the ages calculation.
- show(signature(object = "ages")): display a summary of the results of the ages calculation (same as print.ages).
- summary(signature(object = "ages")): display a summary of the results of the ages calculation (same as print.ages).

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Author(s)

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See Also

```
calculateAges(), tests()
```

Examples

```
showClass("ages")
## Example on the srilanka dataset

data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops = 10)
calculated.ages</pre>
```

ageTests-class

Class "ageTests"

Description

Results of χ^2 -tests testing to which number of populations the ages calculated by the function calculateAges() are the most likely to come from. The test is the one described in the article Montel *et al.* (1996).

Fields

nb.pop Object of class "vector" that contains the tested numbers of populations.

best.nb Object of class "numeric" that contains the most probable number of populations, which is the smallest number for which the χ^2 -test is accepted.

best.res Object of class "oneAgeTest" that contains the result of the test for best.nb populations.

Objects from the Class

Objects from this class are created by the function tests() applied to an object of class ages when the option 'nbmax' is not set to NULL but to an integer larger than 'nbmin'.

Methods

- print(signature(x = "ageTests")): displays a summary of the test's results.
- show(signature(object = "ageTests")): displays a summary of the test's results.
- summary(signature(object = "ageTests")): displays a summary of the test's results.

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Author(s)

Nathalie Vialaneix, <nathalie.vialaneix@inrae.fr>

References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
ages, tests(), plot.ageTests
```

Examples

```
showClass("ageTests")
## Example
data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops = 10)
tests(calculated.ages, nbmax = 3)</pre>
```

calculateAges

Calculate the ages from electron microprobe measurements.

Description

This function calculates the ages, confidence intervals and standard deviations from triplets (U,Th,Ph), obtained by electron microprobe, given together with corresponding errors.

Usage

```
calculateAges(measures, nloops = 1000, level = 0.05, verbose = TRUE, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

| measures | a data.frame object with one electron microprobe measurement by row and with columns U, corresponding error for U, Th, corresponding error for Th, Pb, corresponding error for Pb, all expressed in ppm. See an example with data(srilanka). |
|----------|--|
| nloops | the number of Monte Carlo (MC) simulations used to estimate the confidence intervals for the ages. Default is 1000. |
| level | the level of significance of the confidence intervals for the ages. Default is 0.05 . |
| verbose | logical; activates the verbose mode. Default is TRUE. |
| seed | if supplied, initialize the random seed. Default is NULL (the random seed is not initialized). |

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Details

The ages are calculated by solving the Equation (1) of Montel *et al.* (1996). The equation is solved by the Broyden method implemented in the nlegslv() function.

The standard deviations and the confidence intervals are calculated using a MC approach: randomized observations of the triplets are generated from normal distributions with standard deviations equal to $\frac{\text{error}}{2}$ where 'error' denotes the error in the measurement of Th, U or Pb, passed in 'measures'. Standard deviations are estimated by the empirical standard deviations and confidence intervals by quantiles for probabilities $\frac{1\text{evel}}{2}$ and $1-\frac{1\text{evel}}{2}$, respectively.

Value

An object of class ages.

Note

You should use at least 1000 MC simulations otherwise the estimated confidence intervals and standard deviations will not be reliable. Such simulations can take a few seconds/minutes for fifty or so triplets and corresponding errors.

Author(s)

```
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Nathalie Vialaneix, <nathalie.vialaneix@inrae.fr>
```

References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
ages tests
```

Examples

```
## Load the data
data(srilanka)

## Calculate the ages
calculateAges(srilanka, nloops=10)
```

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liveNiLeDAM

Graphical Web User Interface for 'NiLeDAM'

Description

This function starts the graphical user interface with the default system browser. This interface is more likely to work properly with Firefox https://www.mozilla.org/fr/firefox/new/. In case Firefox is not your default browser, copy/paste https://localhost:8100 into the address bar.

Usage

liveNiLeDAM()

Value

Starts the 'NiLeDAM' GUI.

Author(s)

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NiLeDAM

Monazite Dating for the 'NiLeDAM' Team

Description

The aim here is to provide facilities to date monazite using electron microprobe analysis (EPMA). More precisely, the 'NiLeDAM' package has three main features:

- **ages calculation** from a set of analyses of the triplets (U,Th,Pb) contents and corresponding errors, it calculates the age of each analytic point by solving Equation (1) of Montel *et al.* (1996)
- **common age(s) estimation** from these results, it estimates the common age(s) under the assumption that the analyses come from a given number of age populations and test for this assumption (χ^2 -test)
- **number of populations estimation** from the calculated ages, it estimates the most probable number of age populations from which the analyses come.

The package contains two main functions: calculateAges(), that calculate the ages and tests(), that test for the number of age populations.

An example is provided with the data srilanka, which can be run using demo(srilanka).

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Author(s)

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Maintainer: Nathalie Vialaneix

References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

Examples

```
## Not run: demo(srilanka)
```

oneAgeTest-class

Class "oneAgeTest"

Description

Results of a χ^2 -test testing if the ages calculated by the function calculateAges() come from a given number of populations. The test is the one described in the article Montel *et al.* (1996).

Fields

- data Object of class "ages" as created by the function calculateAges(). This is the object passed as an argument to the function tests().
- ages Object of class "vector" that contains the estimated common age(s) of the population(s). Its size is equal to the argument 'nbmin' passed to the function tests().
- sd Object of class "vector" that contains the estimated standard deviations of the common age(s) of the population(s). Its size is equal to the argument 'nbmin' passed to the function tests().
- ic Object of class "matrix" having 'nbmin' rows and two columns corresponding to the confidence intervals at level 'level' as passed as an argument to the function tests().
- S Object of class "numeric" χ^2 test statistic of the test.
- thres Object of class "numeric" probability threshold of the test.
- df Object of class "numeric" degree of freedom of the test.
- level Object of class "numeric" confidence level of the test. Passed as an argument to the function tests().
- h0 Object of class "logical" result of the test: if h0 is TRUE, the test is accepted at level 'level' and if h0 is FALSE, the test is rejected at level 'level'.
- which.pop Object of class "vector" that contains the population number for each analytic point.

 1 corresponds to the population with the first age in ages, 2 to the population with the second age in ages...

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Objects from the Class

Objects from this class are created by the function tests() applied to an object of class ages when the option 'nbmax' is set to NULL.

Methods

- print(signature(x = "oneAgeTest")): displays a summary of the test's result.
- show(signature(object = "oneAgeTest")): displays a summary of the test's result.
- summary(signature(object = "oneAgeTest")): displays a summary of the test' results.

Author(s)

Nathalie Vialaneix, <nathalie.vialaneix@inrae.fr>

References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
ages, tests(), plot.oneAgeTest
```

Examples

```
showClass("oneAgeTest")
## Example
data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops=10)
tests(calculated.ages)</pre>
```

plot-methods

Method "plot" for Classes "oneAgeTest" and "ageTests"

Description

Display densities of the ages calculated by the function calculateAges(), as well as the common age(s) density(ies) as returned by the function tests().

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'oneAgeTest'
plot(x, y = NULL, main = "", col = "red")
```

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Arguments

| Х | an object of class "oneAgeTest" or "ageTests" (see section Methods) |
|------|---|
| у | NUII |
| main | a character string, title of the plot |
| col | a character string, color of the common age(s) density(ies) |

Details

The estimated densities are Gaussian, as supposed by the model described in Montel *et al.* (1996). Each density is referenced by its number to help identify outliers or invalid measurements.

Also note that if an object of class oneAgeTest is passed to the function, the common age(s) densities is displayed even if the test of the function tests() is rejected.

If argument 'col' is supplied, it is used to display the density(ies) of the common age(s).

Usage

```
plot(x, ...)
```

Methods

- signature(object = "oneAgeTest"): an object of type oneAgeTest as produced by the function tests().
- ...: further arguments passed to the function plot().
- signature(object = "ageTests"): an object of type ageTests as produced by the function tests().
- ...: further arguments passed to the function plot().

Author(s)

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References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
tests(), oneAgeTest, ageTests
```

Examples

```
data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops = 10)
res.tests <- tests(calculated.ages, 1, 3)
plot(res.tests, main = "Densities", col = "lightseagreen")</pre>
```

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popline-methods

Method "popline" for Classes "oneAgeTest" and "ageTests"

Description

Display observations as well as their reference's population as calculated by the function tests() given their value of Pb (ppm) and Th*(ppm), where Th* is a function of Th and U variables.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'oneAgeTest'
popline(x, main2 = "")
```

Arguments

```
x an object of class "oneAgeTest" or "ageTests" (see section Methods)
main2 a character string, title of the plot
```

Details

```
Th* is computed thanks to the following formula: Th + 232 *U * [238(exp(4.9475*10^{-5}*Age) - 1)]^{-1} * [[exp(9.8485*10^{-4}*Age + 138*exp(1.55125*10^{-4}*Age))][139] - 1]
```

Slopes, depending directly of the ages computed with the function tests(), are obtained through the following equation: $[exp(4.9475*10^{-5}*Age)-1]*207.3/232$.

Usage

```
popline(x, main2)
```

Methods

- signature(object = "oneAgeTest"): an object of type oneAgeTest as produced by the function tests().
- main2: a character string to entitle the plot
- signature(object = "ageTests"): an object of type ageTests as produced by the function tests().
- main2: a character string to entitle the plot

Author(s)

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```

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References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
tests(), oneAgeTest, ageTests
```

Examples

```
data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops = 10)
res.tests <- tests(calculated.ages, 1, 3)
popline(res.tests, main2 = "Populations")</pre>
```

srilanka

An example data set: electron microprobe data.

Description

This dataset is kindly provided by Anne-Magali Seydoux-Guillaume <anne.magali.seydoux@univ-st-etienne.fr> and has been published in Seydoux-Guillaume et al. (2012).

Usage

```
data(srilanka)
```

Format

A data frame with 32 observations on the following 6 variables:

- U: U concentration (ppm)
- errU: error on the measurement of U concentration
- **Th**: Th concentration (ppm)
- ErrTh: error on the measurement of Th concentration
- **Pb**: Pb concentration (ppm)
- ErrPb: error on the measurement of Pb concentration

Details

The first 8 observations are group control data (more precisely, they correspond to standard reference analyses). When testing if all the observations are issued from a single population, the assumption is thus rejected. Removing the first 8 observations leads to obtain a positive answer when testing if the observations come from the same population. See demo(srilanka).

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References

Seydoux-Guillaume A.M., Montel J.M., Bingen B., Bosse V., de Parseval P., Paquette J.L., Janots E., Wirth R. (2012) Low-temperature alteration of monazite: fluid mediated coupled dissolution-precipitation, irradiation damage and disturbance of the U-Pb and Th-Pb chronometers. *Chemical Geology*, **330–331**, 140–158.

Examples

```
data(srilanka)

# With control group data
summary(srilanka)

# Without control group data
summary(srilanka[9:32,])
```

tests-methods

Method "tests" for Class "ages"

Description

Test if a set of ages belongs to a given number of populations or alternatively find out the most probable number of populations within a range.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ages'
tests(object, nbmin = 1, nbmax = NULL, level = object@level, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

object an object of type ages as produced by the function calculateAges()

nbmin a numeric. Minimum tested number of populations.

nbmax a numeric. Maximum tested number of populations.

level a numeric. Confidence interval level. Default is equal to object@level, i.e., to

the level of confidence used to calculate the ages.

verbose logical. Activates the verbose mode.

Details

The function successively tests all values from nbmin to nbmax and keeps the smallest accepted one (returns an error if all supplied values are rejected). In this case, the output value is an object of class ageTests.

If nbmax is NULL, the results are kept even if the test is rejected. In this case, the output value is an object of class oneAgeTest.

The performed tests are those described in Montel et al. (1996).

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Value

An object of class ageTests or oneAgeTest depending on the value of nbmax (see section "Details").

Usage

```
tests(object, nbmin=1, nbmax=NULL, level=object@level, verbose=TRUE)
```

Methods

- signature(object = "ages"): an object of type ages as produced by the function calculateAges().
- ...: other arguments passed to the method's function (see section Usage)

Author(s)

```
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Nathalie Vialaneix, <nathalie.vialaneix@inrae.fr>
```

References

Montel J.M., Foret S., Veschambre M., Nicollet C., Provost A. (1996) Electron microprobe dating of monazite. *Chemical Geology*, **131**, 37–53.

See Also

```
calculateAges(), oneAgeTest, ageTests
```

Examples

```
data(srilanka)
calculated.ages <- calculateAges(srilanka, nloops = 10)
tests(calculated.ages)
tests(calculated.ages, 1, 3)</pre>
```

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