

Package ‘MSbox’

January 20, 2025

Type Package

Title Mass Spectrometry Tools

Version 1.4.8

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Description Common mass spectrometry tools described in John Roboz (2013) <doi:10.1201/b15436>. It allows checking element isotopes, calculating (isotope labelled) exact monoisotopic mass, m/z values and mass accuracy, and inspecting possible contaminant mass peaks, examining possible adducts in electrospray ionization (ESI) and matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization (MALDI) ion sources.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports stringr, crayon, xml2, stats

License GPL-2

URL <https://github.com/YonghuiDong/MSbox>

BugReports <https://github.com/YonghuiDong/MSbox/issues/new>

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.2

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-12-08 14:42:31 UTC

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| | |
|--------|-----------------------|
| adduct | <i>Common adducts</i> |
|--------|-----------------------|

Description

calculate common adduct ions in positive or negative ion mode

Usage

```
adduct(F, mode = c("+", "-"))
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--|
| F | chemical formula, case insensitive |
| mode | ionization mode, either positive '+' or negative '-' |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
adduct('C1H4', mode = '-')  
adduct('C1h4', mode = '+')
```

| | |
|--------|---------------------------|
| contam | <i>Contaminants in MS</i> |
|--------|---------------------------|

Description

check the possible contaminants

Usage

```
contam(mz, mode = NULL, ppm = 10)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--|
| mz | suspected m/z value |
| mode | ionization mode, either positive '+' or negative '-' |
| ppm | mass tolerance, default value = 10 |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
contam(33.0335, ppm = 10, mode = '+')  
contam(44.998, ppm = 10, mode = '-')
```

| | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| describe | <i>Get the compound information</i> |
|----------|-------------------------------------|

Description

get compound formula and structure from <https://cactus.nci.nih.gov/chemical/structure>

Usage

```
describe(chem, representation = "formula", info = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| chem | chemical name of the compound |
| representation | representation methods, formula is default |
| info | extra molecular information that users can query |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
## Not run:
describe('malic acid', "formula")
describe(c('malic acid', 'citric acid', 'tartaric acid'), "smiles")

## End(Not run)
```

doStat*Performing statistics*

Description

performing statistics, including calculating fold change, p-values and VIP values

Usage

```
doStat(x, Group = NULL)
```

Arguments

x sample ion intensity matrix, row sample, column feature.
Group sample group information

Value

a dataframe with statistical information

Examples

```
dat <- matrix(runif(2*300), ncol = 2, nrow = 300)
rownames(dat) <- 1:dim(dat)[1]
myGroup <- rep_len(LETTERS[1:3], 300)
ret <- doStat(dat, Group = myGroup)
```

E_iso*Element isotopes*

Description

check element isotope information

Usage

```
E_iso(S)
```

Arguments

S element, can be element symbol (i.e. C) or full name (i.e. Carbon). Both Element symbol and full name are case insensitive.

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
E_iso('Na') # element symbol
E_iso('nA') # element symbol, case insensitive
E_iso('Carbon') # element full name
E_iso('carBon') # element full name, case insensitive
```

getCV

Calculate coefficient of variation (CV)

Description

Calculate coefficient of variation (CV), also known as relative standard deviation (RSD) among different sample groups

Usage

```
getCV(x, Group = NULL)
```

Arguments

x sample ion intensity matrix, row sample, column feature.
Group sample group information

Value

a dataframe with mean values and cv

Examples

```
dat <- matrix(runif(2*300), ncol = 2, nrow = 300)
myGroup <- rep_len(LETTERS[1:2], 300)
ret <- getCV(dat, Group = myGroup)
```

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| getFC | <i>calculate fold change</i> |
|-------|------------------------------|

Description

calculate fold change among different samples.

Usage

```
getFC(x, Group = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| x | sample ion intensity matrix, row sample, column feature. |
| Group | sample group information |

Value

a dataframe with mean values and fold changes

Examples

```
dat <- matrix(runif(2*300), ncol = 2, nrow = 300)
myGroup <- rep_len(LETTERS[1:2], 300)
ret <- getFC(dat, Group = myGroup)
```

| | |
|--------|--|
| getMax | <i>Get the sample name which has the max ion intensity</i> |
|--------|--|

Description

get the sample name which has the max ion intensity

Usage

```
getMax(x)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | sample ion intensity matrix, row sample, column feature. |
|---|--|

Value

a data frame

Examples

```
dat <- cbind.data.frame(mz = c(100, 101, 300), mz2 = c(0, 0, 1), mz3 = c(1, 9, 1))
rownames(dat) <- c("A", "B", "C")
out <- getMax(dat)
```

getP

*get p-values***Description**

get p-values from Post Hoc analysis

Usage

```
getP(x, Group = NULL)
```

Arguments

x sample ion intensity matrix, row sample, column feature.
Group sample group information

Value

a data frame

Examples

```
dat <- matrix(runif(2*300), ncol = 2, nrow = 300)
myGroup <- rep_len(LETTERS[1:3], 300)
out <- getP(dat, Group = myGroup)
```

Iso_mass

*Isotope labelled molecular mass***Description**

Calculate isotope labelled molecular mass

Usage

```
Iso_mass(F, iso)
```

Arguments

F chemical formula, case insensitive
iso labelled elements, case insensitive

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
Iso_mass(F = 'C7H6O4', iso = '[13]C2[2]H3') # Two 13C and three 2H are labeled
```

| | |
|--------|--|
| Iso_mz | <i>Isotope labelled molecular mass</i> |
|--------|--|

Description

Calculate isotope labelled m/z

Usage

```
Iso_mz(F, iso, z)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| F | chemical formula, case insensitive |
| iso | labelled elements, case insensitive |
| z | charge |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
Iso_mz(F = 'C7H6O4', iso = '[13]C2[2]H3', z = -1) # Two 13C and three 2H are labeled
```

| | |
|------|-----------------------|
| mass | <i>molecular mass</i> |
|------|-----------------------|

Description

calculate accurate molecular mass

Usage

```
mass(F, caseSensitive = FALSE)
```


Arguments

F chemical formula, case insensitive

caseSensitive if case sensitive is 'FALSE' (default), the elements are separated by numbers. for instance, Carbon dioxide can be written as 'c1o2' or any combination of the two elements in lower or upper cases. However, the number of elements should be clearly stated in the chemical formula. if case sensitive is 'TRUE', the elements are separated by upper case letters. For instance, Carbon dioxide must be written as 'C1O2' or 'CO2'. You don't need to write the number of the element if it is 1.

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
mass('C7h7o1')
mass('C7H7O', caseSensitive = TRUE)
mass(c('C7H7O4', 'C'), caseSensitive = TRUE) # vector input
mass(c('c7h7O4', 'c1'))
```

mz

Calculate accurate mass-to-charge ratio

Description

Calculate accurate mass-to-charge ratio (m/z)

Usage

```
mz(m, z, caseSensitive = FALSE)
```

Arguments

m chemical formula of an ion, case insensitive

z charge

caseSensitive if case sensitive is 'FALSE' (default), the elements are separated by numbers. for instance, Carbon dioxide can be written as 'c1o2' or any combination of the two elements in lower or upper cases. However, the number of elements should be clearly stated in the chemical formula. if case sensitive is 'TRUE', the elements are separated by upper case letters. For instance, Carbon dioxide must be written as 'C1O2' or 'CO2'. You don't need to write the number of the element if it is 1.

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
mz('C7h7o1', z = 1)
mz('C7H7O', z = 1, caseSensitive = TRUE)
mz(c('C7H7O4', 'C'), z = -1, caseSensitive = TRUE) # vector input
mz(c('c7h7O4', 'c1'), z = -1)
```

| | |
|-----|----------------------|
| ppm | <i>mass accuracy</i> |
|-----|----------------------|

Description

calculate the mass accuracy of measured m/z. lazy input allowed

Usage

```
ppm(m, t, lazy = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--------------------------|
| m | measured m/z |
| t | theoretical m/z |
| lazy | if lazy input is allowed |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
ppm(155.03383, 155.03388) # with m/z value
ppm(155.03383, .03388) # lazy input when the integer parts of m and t are the same
ppm(155.03384, mz('C7H7O4', z = 1)) # with ion formula
```

| | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| searchDB | <i>Search in customized database</i> |
|----------|--------------------------------------|

Description

search in customized database based on accurate m/z and RT

Usage

```
searchDB(DF, DB, ppm = 5, RT = 0.2, useRT = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|---|
| DF | input file, should contain at least a column named mz |
| DB | database, should contain at least a column named mz |
| ppm | mass tolerance, default 5ppm |
| RT | retention time tolerance, default 0.2min |
| useRT | should RT be considered during database search? |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
DF <- cbind.data.frame(mz = c(100.001, 100.1), RT = c(10, 11))
DB <- cbind.data.frame(mz = c(100.001, 100.1), RT = c(10, 12.1))
searchDB(DF, DB, ppm = 5, RT = 0.2, useRT = TRUE)
```

what *search for m/z in from the idiom metabolomics database*

Description

tentative metabolite identification based on m/z value search

Usage

```
what(myMZ, mode = NULL, ppm = 5, useDB = "HMDB")
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| myMZ | m/z values |
| mode | ionization mode, either positive '+' or negative '-' |
| ppm | mass tolerance, default value = 10 |
| useDB | which database to use, HMDB or KEGG? default is HMDB |

Author(s)

Yonghui Dong

Examples

```
a = what(133.014, mode = '-', ppm = 10)
```

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