# Package 'ncdfCF'

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Type Package

Title Easy Access to NetCDF Files with CF Metadata Conventions

Version 0.3.0

Description Network Common Data Form ('netCDF') files are widely used for scientific data. Library-level access in R is provided through packages 'RNetCDF' and 'ncdf4'. Package 'ncdfCF' is built on top of 'RNetCDF' and makes the data and its attributes available as a set of R6 classes that are informed by the Climate and Forecasting Metadata Conventions. Access to the data uses standard R subsetting operators and common function forms.

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Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, terra

VignetteBuilder knitr

**Depends** R (>= 3.5)

URL https://github.com/pvanlaake/ncdfCF

BugReports https://github.com/pvanlaake/ncdfCF/issues

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aoi Area of Interest

## **Description**

This function constructs the area of interest of an analysis. It consists of an extent and a resolution of longitude and latitude, all in decimal degrees.

The AOI is used to define the subset of data to be extracted from a variable that has an auxiliary longitude-latitude grid (see the CFAuxiliaryLongLat class) at a specified resolution. The variable thus has a primary coordinate system where the horizontal components are not a geographic system of longitude and latitude coordinates.

# Usage

```
aoi(lonMin, lonMax, latMin, latMax, resX, resY)
```

## **Arguments**

lonMin, lonMax, latMin, latMax

The minimum and maximum values of the longitude and latitude of the AOI, in decimal degrees. The longitude values must agree with the range of the longitude in the variable to which this AOI will be applied, e.g. [-180,180] or [0,360].

resX, resY

The separation between adjacent grid cell, in the longitude and latitude directions respectively, in decimal degrees. The permitted values lie within the range [0.01 ... 10]. If resY is missing it will use the value of resX, yielding square grid cells.

#### **Details**

Following the CF Metadata Conventions, axis coordinates represent the center of grid cells. So when specifying aoi(20, 30, -10, 10, 1, 2), the south-west grid cell coordinate is at (20.5, -9). If the axes of the longitude-latitude grid have bounds, then the bounds will coincide with the AOI and the CFVariable\$subset() method that uses the AOI will attach those bounds as attributes to the resulting array.

If no resolution is specified, it will be determined from the separation between adjacent grid cells in both longitude and latitude directions in the middle of the area of interest. If no extent is specified (meaning, none of the values; if some but not all values are specified an error will be thrown), then the whole extent of the variable is used, extended outwards by the bounds if they are set or half the resolution otherwise. Thus, to get the entire extent of the variable but in a longitude-latitude grid and with a resolution comparable to the resolution at the original Cartesian coordinate system of the variable, simply pass aoi() as an argument to CFVariable\$subset(). Note that any missing arguments are calculated internally and stored in the returned object, but only after the call to CFVariable\$subset().

CFAuxiliaryLongLat

## **Caching:**

In data collections that are composed of multiple variables in a single netCDF resource, a single auxiliary longitude-latitude grid may be referenced by multiple variables, such as in ROMS data which may have dozens of variables using a shared grid. When subsetting with an AOI, the instance of this class is cached to improve performance. The successive calls to CFVariable\$subset() should use the same object returned from a single call to this function for this caching to work properly.

#### Value

The return value of the function is an R6 object which uses reference semantics. Making changes to the returned object will be visible in all copies made of the object.

# **Examples**

```
(aoi \leftarrow aoi(20, 60, -40, -20, 0.5))
```

CFAuxiliaryLongLat

CF auxiliary longitude-latitude variable

## **Description**

This class represents the longitude and latitude variables that compose auxiliary coordinate variable axes for X-Y grids that are not longitude-latitude.

The class provides access to the data arrays for longitude and latitude from the netCDF resource, as well as all the details that have been associated with both axes. Additionally, this class can generate the index to extract values on a long-lat grid of the associated X-Y grid data variable using a user-selectable extent and resolution.

#### Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFAuxiliaryLongLat
```

## **Public fields**

varLong The NCVariable instance of the longitude values.

varLat The NCVariable instance of the latitude values.

boundsLong The CFBounds instance for the longitude values of the grid.

boundsLat The CFBounds instance for the latitude values of the grid.

axis\_order Either c("X", "Y") (default) or c("Y", "X") to indicate the orientation of the latitude and longitude grids.

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## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

name (read-only) The name of the auxiliary lon-lat grid.

aoi Set or retrieve the AOI for the long-lat grid.

lon (read-only) Retrieve the longitude grid.

lat (read-only) Retrieve the latitude grid.

extent (read-only) Retrieve the extent of the longitude and latitude grids, including bounds if they have been set. The extent is reported as a numeric vector of the four elements minumum and maximum longitude and minimum and maximum latitude.

dim (read-only) The dimensions of the longitude and latitude grids.

dimids (read-only) The dimids of the longitude and latitude grids.

#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$new()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$print()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$brief()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$sample\_index()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$grid\_index()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$clear\_cache()
- CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$clone()

**Method** new(): Creating a new instance.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$new(varLong, varLat, boundsLong, boundsLat)

Arguments:

varLong, varLat The NCVariable instances with the longitude and latitude grid values, respectively.

boundsLong, boundsLat The bounds of the grid cells for the longitude and latitude, respectively, if set.

**Method** print(): Summary of the auxiliary longitude-latitude variable printed to the console.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$print()

**Method** brief(): Some details of the auxiliary longitude-latitude grid.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$brief()

Returns: A 2-row data. frame with some details of the grid components.

**Method** sample\_index(): Return the indexes into the X (longitude) and Y (latitude) axes of the original data grid of the points closest to the supplied longitudes and latitudes, up to a maximum distance.

```
Usage:
```

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$sample\_index(x, y, maxDist = 0.1)

Arguments:

x, y Vectors of longitude and latitude values in decimal degrees, respectively.

maxDist Numeric value in decimal degrees of the maximum distance between the sampling point and the closest grid cell.

Returns: A matrix with two columns X and Y and as many rows as arguments x and y. The X and Y columns give the index into the grid of the sampling points, or c(NA, NA) is no grid point is located within the maxDist distance from the sampling point.

**Method** grid\_index(): Compute the indices for the AOI into the data grid.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$grid\_index()

*Returns:* An integer matrix with the dimensions of the AOI, where each grid cell gives the linear index value into the longitude and latitude grids.

**Method** clear\_cache(): Clears the cache of pre-computed grid index values if an AOI has been set.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$clear\_cache(full = FALSE)

Arguments:

full Logical (default = FALSE) that indicates if longitude and latitude grid arrays should be cleared as well to save space. These will then be re-read from file if a new AOI is set.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAuxiliaryLongLat\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

**CFAxis** 

CF axis object

## **Description**

This class is a basic ancestor to all classes that represent CF axes. More useful classes use this class as ancestor.

# Super class

ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFAxis

#### **Public fields**

NCdim The NCDimension that stores the netCDF dimension details. This is NULL for CFAxisScalar instances

orientation A character "X", "Y", "Z" or "T" to indicate the orientation of the axis, or an empty string if not known or different.

bounds The boundary values of this axis, if set.

lbls A list of CFLabel instances, if any are defined for the axis.

# **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

dimid (read-only) The netCDF dimension id of this axis.

length (read-only) The declared length of this axis.

labels Set or retrieve the labels for the axis. On assignment, the value must be an instance of CFLabel.

#### Methods

## **Public methods:**

- CFAxis\$new()
- CFAxis\$print()
- CFAxis\$brief()
- CFAxis\$shard()
- CFAxis\$peek()
- CFAxis\$time()
- CFAxis\$sub\_axis()
- CFAxis\$indexOf()
- CFAxis\$label\_set()
- CFAxis\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new CF axis instance from a dimension and a variable in a netCDF resource. This method is called upon opening a netCDF resource by the initialize() method of a descendant class suitable for the type of axis.

```
Usage:
```

CFAxis\$new(grp, nc\_var, nc\_dim, orientation)

Arguments:

grp The NCGroup that this axis is located in.

nc\_var The NCVariable instance upon which this CF axis is based.

nc\_dim The NCDimension instance upon which this CF axis is based.

orientation The orientation of the axis: "X", "Y", "Z" "T", or "" when not known or relevant.

Returns: A basic CFAxis object.

**Method** print(): Prints a summary of the axis to the console. This method is typically called by the print() method of descendant classes.

```
Usage:
    CFAxis$print(...)
Arguments:
    ... Ignored.
Returns: self, invisibly.

Method brief(): Some details of the axis.
Usage:
    CFAxis$brief()
Returns: A 1-row data.frame with some details of the axis.
```

**Method** shard(): Very concise information on the axis. The information returned by this function is very concise and most useful when combined with similar information from other axes.

Usage:
CFAxis\$shard()

Returns: Character string with very basic axis information.

**Method** peek(): Retrieve interesting details of the axis.

Usage:
CFAxis\$peek(with\_groups = TRUE)
Arguments:

with\_groups Should group information be included? The save option is TRUE (default) when the netCDF resource has groups because names may be duplicated among objects in different groups.

Returns: A 1-row data. frame with details of the axis.

**Method** time(): Return the CFtime instance that represents time. This method is only useful for CFAxisTime instances. This stub is here to make the call to this method succeed with no result for the other axis descendants.

Usage:
CFAxis\$time()
Returns: NULL

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return an axis spanning a smaller dimension range. This method is "virtual" in the sense that it does not do anything other than return NULL. This stub is here to make the call to this method succeed with no result for the other axis descendants that do not implement this method.

Usage:
CFAxis\$sub\_axis(group, rng = NULL)
Arguments:
group The group to create the new axis in.

rng The range of values from this axis to include in the returned axis. If the value of the argument is NULL, return the entire axis (possibly as a scalar axis).

Returns: NULL

**Method** indexOf(): Find indices in the axis domain. Given a vector of numerical, timestamp or categorical values x, find their indices in the values of the axis. With method = "constant" this returns the index of the value lower than the supplied values in x. With method = "linear" the return value includes any fractional part.

If bounds are set on the numerical or time axis, the indices are taken from those bounds. Returned indices may fall in between bounds if the latter are not contiguous, with the exception of the extreme values in x.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxis$indexOf(x, method = "constant")
```

Arguments:

x Vector of numeric, timestamp or categorial values to find axis indices for. The timestamps can be either character, POSIXct or Date vectors. The type of the vector has to correspond to the type of the axis.

method Single character value of "constant" or "linear".

Returns: Numeric vector of the same length as x. If method = "constant", return the index value for each match. If method = "linear", return the index value with any fractional value. Values of x outside of the range of the values in the axis are returned as 0 and .Machine\$integer.max, respectively.

**Method** label\_set(): Retrieve a set of character labels corresponding to the elements of an axis. An axis can have multiple sets of labels and by default the first set is returned.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxis$label_set(index = 1L)
```

Arguments:

index An integer value indicating which set of labels to retrieve.

*Returns:* A character vector of string labels with as many elements as the axis has, or NULL when no labels have been set or when argument index is not valid.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxis$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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CFAxisCharacter

CF character axis object

## **Description**

This class represent CF axes that use categorical character labels as coordinate values. Note that this is different from a CFLabel, which is associated with an axis but not an axis itself.

## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> CFAxisCharacter
```

#### **Public fields**

values The character labels of this axis.

# **Active bindings**

```
friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.
dimnames (read-only) The coordinates of the axis as a character vector.
```

#### Methods

## **Public methods:**

- CFAxisCharacter\$new()
- CFAxisCharacter\$brief()
- CFAxisCharacter\$indexOf()
- CFAxisCharacter\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxisCharacter$new(grp, nc_var, nc_dim, orientation, values)
```

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

orientation The orientation (X, Y, Z, or T) or "" if different or unknown.

values The character dimension values of this axis.

Method brief(): Some details of the axis.

Usage:

CFAxisCharacter\$brief()

Returns: A 1-row data. frame with some details of the axis.

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**Method** indexOf(): Find indices in the axis domain. Given a vector of character strings x, find their indices in the values of the axis.

Usage:

CFAxisCharacter\$indexOf(x, method = "constant")

Arguments.

x Vector of character strings to find axis indices for.

method Ignored.

*Returns:* Numeric vector of the same length as x. Values of x outside of the range of the values in the axis are returned as NA.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisCharacter\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFAxisDiscrete

CF discrete axis object

## **Description**

This class represent discrete CF axes, i.e. those axes whose coordinate values do not represent a physical property. The coordinate values are ordinal values equal to the index into the axis.

## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> CFAxisDiscrete
```

## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

dimnames (read-only) The coordinates of the axis as an integer vector, or labels for every axis element if they have been set.

#### Methods

## **Public methods:**

- CFAxisDiscrete\$new()
- CFAxisDiscrete\$brief()
- CFAxisDiscrete\$indexOf()
- CFAxisDiscrete\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

Usage:

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```
CFAxisDiscrete$new(grp, nc_var, nc_dim, orientation)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.
```

orientation The orientation (X, Y, Z, or T) or "" if different or unknown.

Method brief(): Some details of the axis.

Usage:

CFAxisDiscrete\$brief()

Returns: A 1-row data. frame with some details of the axis.

**Method** indexOf(): Find indices in the axis domain. Given a vector of numerical values x, find their indices in the values of the axis. In effect, this returns index values into the axis, but outside values will be dropped.

```
Usage:
CFAxisDiscrete$indexOf(x, method = "constant")
```

Arguments:

x Vector of numeric values to find axis indices for.

method Ignored.

*Returns:* Numeric vector of the same length as x. Values of x outside of the range of the values in the axis are returned as 0 and .Machine\$integer.max, respectively.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisDiscrete\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFAxisLatitude

Latitude CF axis object

## **Description**

This class represents a latitude axis. Its values are numeric. This class adds some logic that is specific to latitudes, such as their range, orientation and meaning.

## Super classes

```
\verb|ncdfCF::CFObject-> ncdfCF::CFAxis-> ncdfCF::CFAxisNumeric-> CFAxisLatitude|\\
```

# **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

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#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFAxisLatitude\$new()
- CFAxisLatitude\$sub\_axis()
- CFAxisLatitude\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new instance of this class.

Usage.

CFAxisLatitude\$new(grp, nc\_var, nc\_dim, values)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

values The dimension values of this axis.

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return an axis spanning a smaller dimension range. This method returns an axis which spans the range of indices given by the rng argument.

Usage:

CFAxisLatitude\$sub\_axis(group, rng = NULL)

Arguments:

group The group to create the new axis in.

rng The range of values from this axis to include in the returned axis.

*Returns:* A CFAxisLatitude instance covering the indicated range of indices. If the rng argument includes only a single value, an CFAxisScalar instance is returned with the value from this axis. If the value of the argument is NULL, return the entire axis (possibly as a scalar axis).

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisLatitude\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

 ${\tt CFAxisLongitude}$ 

Longitude CF axis object

## **Description**

This class represents a longitude axis. Its values are numeric. This class is used for axes that represent longitudes. This class adds some logic that is specific to longitudes, such as their range, orientation and their meaning. (In the near future, it will also support selecting data that crosses the 0-360 degree boundary.)

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## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject->ncdfCF::CFAxis->ncdfCF::CFAxisNumeric->CFAxisLongitude
```

## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFAxisLongitude\$new()
- CFAxisLongitude\$sub\_axis()
- CFAxisLongitude\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFAxisLongitude\$new(grp, nc\_var, nc\_dim, values)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

values The dimension values of this axis.

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return an axis spanning a smaller dimension range. This method returns an axis which spans the range of indices given by the rng argument.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxisLongitude$sub_axis(group, rng = NULL)
```

Arguments:

group The group to create the new axis in.

rng The range of values from this axis to include in the returned axis.

*Returns:* A CFAxisLongitude instance covering the indicated range of indices. If the rng argument includes only a single value, an CFAxisScalar instance is returned with the value from this axis. If the value of the argument is NULL, return the entire axis (possibly as a scalar axis).

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFAxisLongitude$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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CFAxisNumeric

Numeric CF axis object

# **Description**

This class represents a numeric axis. Its values are numeric. This class is used for axes with numeric values but without further knowledge of their nature. More specific classes descend from this class.

# Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> CFAxisNumeric
```

# **Public fields**

values The values of the axis, usually a numeric vector.

#### **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

dimnames (read-only) The coordinates of the axis as a numeric vector, or labels for every axis element if they have been set.

#### Methods

# **Public methods:**

- CFAxisNumeric\$new()
- CFAxisNumeric\$print()
- CFAxisNumeric\$brief()
- CFAxisNumeric\$range()
- CFAxisNumeric\$indexOf()
- CFAxisNumeric\$sub\_axis()
- CFAxisNumeric\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFAxisNumeric\$new(grp, nc\_var, nc\_dim, orientation, values)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

orientation The orientation (X, Y, Z, or T) or "" if different or unknown.

values The dimension values of this axis.

Method print(): Summary of the time axis printed to the console.

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```
Usage:
    CFAxisNumeric$print(...)
Arguments:
    ... Ignored.
Returns: self, invisibly.

Method brief(): Some details of the axis.
Usage:
    CFAxisNumeric$brief()
Returns: A 1-row data.frame with some details of the axis.
```

**Method** range(): Retrieve the range of coordinate values in the axis.

Usage:

CFAxisNumeric\$range()

*Returns:* A numeric vector with two elements with the minimum and maximum values in the axis, respectively.

**Method** indexOf(): Retrieve the indices of supplied values on the axis. If the axis has bounds then the supplied values must fall within the bounds to be considered valid.

Usage:

CFAxisNumeric\$indexOf(x, method = "constant")

Arguments:

x A numeric vector of values whose indices into the axis to extract.

method Extract index values without ("constant", the default) or with ("linear") fractional parts.

*Returns:* An integer vector giving the indices in x of valid values provided, or integer (0) if none of the x values are valid.

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return an axis spanning a smaller dimension range. This method returns an axis which spans the range of indices given by the rng argument.

```
Usage:
```

CFAxisNumeric\$sub\_axis(group, rng = NULL)

Arguments:

group The group to create the new axis in.

rng The range of values from this axis to include in the returned axis.

*Returns:* A CFAxisNumeric instance covering the indicated range of indices. If the rng argument includes only a single value, an CFAxisScalar instance is returned with the value from this axis. If the value of the argument is NULL, return the entire axis (possibly as a scalar axis).

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

CFAxisNumeric\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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CFAxisScalar

Scalar CF axis object

## Description

This class represents a scalar axis. Its single value can be of any type. It is typically used as an auxiliary axis to record some parameter of interest such as the single time associated with a spatial grid with longitude, latitude and vertical axes.

# Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> CFAxisScalar
```

# **Public fields**

value The value of the axis. This could be a composite value, such as a CFTime instance.

## **Active bindings**

```
friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.
dimnames (read-only) The coordinate of the axis.
```

## Methods

# **Public methods:**

- CFAxisScalar\$new()
- CFAxisScalar\$print()
- CFAxisScalar\$brief()
- CFAxisScalar\$sub\_axis()
- CFAxisScalar\$clone()

Method new(): Create an instance of this class.

```
Usage:

CFAxisScalar$new(grp, nc_var, orientation, value)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

orientation The orientation of this axis, or "" if not known.

value The value of this axis, possibly a compound type like CFTime.
```

**Method** print(): Summary of the scalar axis printed to the console.

```
Usage:
CFAxisScalar$print(...)
Arguments:
```

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```
... Ignored.
```

Returns: self, invisibly.

Method brief(): Some details of the axis.

Usage:

CFAxisScalar\$brief()

Returns: A 1-row data. frame with some details of the axis.

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return the axis. This method returns a clone of this axis, given that a scalar axis cannot be subset.

Usage:

CFAxisScalar\$sub\_axis(group, rng = NULL)

Arguments:

group The group to create the new axis in.

rng Ignored.

Returns: A CFAxisScalar cloned from this axis.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisScalar\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFAxisTime

Time axis object

# Description

This class represents a time axis. The functionality is provided by the CFTime class in the CFtime package.

#### Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> CFAxisTime
```

## **Public fields**

values The CFTime instance to manage CF time.

# **Active bindings**

```
friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.
```

dimnames (read-only) The coordinates of the axis as a character vector.

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## Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• CFAxisTime$new()
  • CFAxisTime$print()
  • CFAxisTime$brief()
  • CFAxisTime$time()
  • CFAxisTime$indexOf()
  • CFAxisTime$slice()
  • CFAxisTime$sub_axis()
  • CFAxisTime$clone()
Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.
 Usage:
 CFAxisTime$new(grp, nc_var, nc_dim, values)
 Arguments:
 grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.
 nc_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.
 nc_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.
 values The CFTime instance that manages this axis.
Method print(): Summary of the time axis printed to the console.
 Usage:
 CFAxisTime$print(...)
 Arguments:
 ... Ignored.
 Returns: self, invisibly.
Method brief(): Some details of the axis.
 Usage:
 CFAxisTime$brief()
 Returns: A 1-row data. frame with some details of the axis.
Method time(): Retrieve the CFTime instance that manages this axis.
 Usage:
 CFAxisTime$time()
 Returns: An instance of CFTime.
Method indexOf(): Retrieve the indices of supplied values on the time axis.
 Usage:
 CFAxisTime$indexOf(x, method = "constant", rightmost.closed = FALSE)
 Arguments:
 x A vector of timestamps whose indices into the time axis to extract.
```

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method Extract index values without ("constant", the default) or with ("linear") fractional parts. rightmost.closed Whether or not to include the upper limit. Default is FALSE.

*Returns:* An integer vector giving the indices in the time axis of valid values in x, or integer (0) if none of the values are valid.

**Method** slice(): Retrieve the indices of the time axis falling between two extreme values.

Usage:

CFAxisTime\$slice(x, rightmost.closed = FALSE)

Arguments:

x A vector of two timestamps in between of which all indices into the time axis to extract.

rightmost.closed Whether or not to include the upper limit. Default is FALSE.

Returns: An integer vector giving the indices in the time axis between values in x, or integer (0) if none of the values are valid.

**Method** sub\_axis(): Return an axis spanning a smaller dimension range. This method returns an axis which spans the range of indices given by the rng argument.

Usage:

CFAxisTime\$sub\_axis(group, rng = NULL)

Arguments:

group The group to create the new axis in.

rng The range of values from this axis to include in the returned axis.

Returns: A CFAxisTime instance covering the indicated range of indices. If the rng argument includes only a single value, an CFAxisScalar instance is returned with its value being the character timestamp of the value in this axis. If the value of the argument is NULL, return the entire axis (possibly as a scalar axis).

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisTime\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFAxisVertical

Parametric vertical CF axis object

## **Description**

This class represents a parametric vertical axis. It is defined through an index value that is contained in the axis, with additional NCVariable instances that hold ancillary data with which to calculate dimensional axis values. It is used in atmosphere and ocean data sets. Non-parametric vertical axes are stored in an CFAxisNumeric instance.

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## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFAxis -> ncdfCF::CFAxisNumeric -> CFAxisVertical
```

#### **Public fields**

parameter\_name The 'standard\_name' attribute of the NCVariable that identifies the parametric form of this axis.

computed\_name The standard name for the computed values of the axis.

computed\_units The unit of the computed values of the axis.

## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

formula\_terms A data.frame with the "formula\_terms" to calculate the parametric axis values. dimnames (read-only) The coordinates of the axis.

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFAxisVertical\$new()
- CFAxisVertical\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

Usage:

CFAxisVertical\$new(grp, nc\_var, nc\_dim, values, standard\_name)

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

values The dimension values of this axis.

standard\_name Character string with the "standard\_name" that defines the meaning, and processing of coordinates, of this axis.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFAxisVertical\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

# References

https://cfconventions.org/Data/cf-conventions/cf-conventions-1.12/cf-conventions.html # parametric-vertical-coordinate

22 CFBounds

**CFBounds** 

CF bounds variable

## **Description**

This class represents the bounds of an axis or an auxiliary longitude-latitude grid.

The class manages the bounds information for an axis (2 vertices per element) or an auxiliary longitude-latitude grid (4 vertices per element).

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFBounds
```

#### **Public fields**

values A matrix with the bounds values.

# **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

#### Methods

## **Public methods:**

- CFBounds\$new()
- CFBounds\$print()
- CFBounds\$range()
- CFBounds\$sub\_bounds()
- CFBounds\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create an instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFBounds\$new(nc\_var, values)

Arguments:

nc\_var The NC variable that describes this instance.

values A matrix with the bounds values.

Method print(): Print a summary of the object to the console.

Usage:

CFBounds\$print()

**Method** range(): Retrieve the lowest and highest value in the bounds.

Usage:

CFBounds\$range()

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**Method** sub\_bounds(): Return bounds spanning a smaller dimension range.

This method returns bounds which spans the range of indices given by the rng argument.

Usage:

CFBounds\$sub\_bounds(group, rng)

Arguments:

group The group to create the new bounds in.

rng The range of values from this bounds object to include in the returned object.

Returns: A CFBounds instance covering the indicated range of indices.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFBounds\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFData

Data extracted from a CF data variable

## **Description**

This class holds the data that is extracted from a CFVariable, using the subset() method. The instance of this class will additionally have the axes and other relevant information such as its attributes (as well as those of the axes) and the coordinate reference system.

The class has a number of utility functions to extract the data in specific formats:

- raw(): The data without any further processing. The axes are as they are stored in the netCDF resource; there is thus no guarantee as to how the data is organized in the array. Dimnames will be set.
- array(): An array of the data which is organized as a standard R array with the axes of the data permuted to Y-X-others and Y-values in decreasing order. Dimnames will be set.
- terra(): The data is returned as a terra::SpatRaster(3D) or terra::SpatRasterDataset (4D) object, with all relevant structural metadata set. Package terra must be installed for this to work.

In general, the metadata from the netCDF resource will be lost when exporting to a different format insofar as those metadata are not recognized by the different format.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFData
```

#### **Public fields**

value The data of this object. The structure of the data depends on the method that produced it. Typical structures are an array or a data.table.

axes List of instances of classes descending from CFAxis that are the axes of the data object.

crs Character string of the WKT2 of the CRS of the data object.

24 CFData

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFData\$new()
- CFData\$print()
- CFData\$raw()
- CFData\$array()
- CFData\$terra()
- CFData\$clone()

Method new(): Create an instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFData\$new(name, group, value, axes, crs, attributes)

Arguments:

name The name of the object.

group The group that this data should live in. This is usually an in-memory group, but it could be a regular group if the data is prepared for writing into a new netCDF file.

value The data of this object. The structure of the data depends on the method that produced it.

axes A list of CFAxis descendant instances that describe the axes of the argument value. crs The WKT string of the CRS of this data object.

attributes A data.frame with the attributes associated with the data in argument value.

Returns: An instance of this class.

**Method** print(): Print a summary of the data object to the console.

Usage:

CFData\$print()

**Method** raw(): Retrieve the data in the object exactly as it was produced by the operation on CFVariable.

Usage:

CFData\$raw()

Returns: The data in the object. This is usually an array with the contents along axes varying.

**Method** array(): Retrieve the data in the object in the form of an R array, with axis ordering Y-X-others and Y values going from the top down.

Usage:

CFData\$array()

Returns: An array of data in R ordering.

**Method** terra(): Convert the data to a terra::SpatRaster(3D) or a terra::SpatRasterDataset (4D) object. The data will be oriented to North-up. The 3rd dimension in the data will become layers in the resulting SpatRaster, any 4th dimension the data sets.

Usage:

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CFData\$terra()

Returns: A terra::SpatRaster or terra::SpatRasterDataset instance.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFData\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

**CFDataset** 

CF data set

# **Description**

This class represents a CF data set, the object that encapsulates a netCDF resource. You should never have to instantiate this class directly; instead, call open\_ncdf() which will return an instance that has all properties read from the netCDF resource. Class methods can then be called, or the base R functions called with this instance.

The CF data set instance provides access to all the objects in the netCDF resource, organized in groups.

#### **Public fields**

name The name of the netCDF resource. This is extracted from the URI (file name or URL).

- keep\_open Logical flag to indicate if the netCDF resource has to remain open after reading the metadata. This should be enabled typically only for programmatic access or when a remote resource has an expensive access protocol (i.e. 2FA). The resource has to be explicitly closed with close() after use. Note that when a data set is opened with keep\_open = TRUE the resource may still be closed by the operating system or the remote server.
- root Root of the group hierarchy through which all elements of the netCDF resource are accessed. It is **strongly discouraged** to manipulate the objects in the group hierarchy directly. Use the provided access methods instead.
- file\_type The type of data in the netCDF resource, if identifiable. In terms of the CF Metadata Conventions, this includes discrete sampling geometries (DSG). Other file types that can be identified include L3b files used by NASA and NOAA for satellite imagery (these data sets need special processing), and CMIP5, CMIP6 and CORDEX climate projection data.

## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

resource (read-only) The connection details of the netCDF resource. This is for internal use only. uri (read-only) The connection string to the netCDF resource.

conventions (read-only) Returns the conventions that this netCDF resource conforms to.

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## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFDataset\$new()
- CFDataset\$print()
- CFDataset\$hierarchy()
- CFDataset\$objects\_by\_standard\_name()
- CFDataset\$has\_subgroups()
- CFDataset\$find\_by\_name()
- CFDataset\$variables()
- CFDataset\$axes()
- CFDataset\$attributes()
- CFDataset\$attribute()
- CFDataset\$clone()

Method new(): Create an instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFDataset\$new(name, resource, keep\_open, format)

Arguments:

name The name that describes this instance.

resource An instance of CFResource that links to the netCDF resource.

keep\_open Logical. Should the netCDF resource be kept open for further access?

format Character string with the format of the netCDF resource as reported by the call opening the resource.

**Method** print(): Summary of the data set printed to the console.

Usage:

CFDataset\$print()

**Method** hierarchy(): Print the group hierarchy to the console.

Usage:

CFDataset\$hierarchy()

**Method** objects\_by\_standard\_name(): Get objects by standard\_name. Several conventions define standard vocabularies for physical properties. The standard names from those vocabularies are usually stored as the "standard\_name" attribute with variables or axes. This method retrieves all variables or axes that list the specified "standard\_name" in its attributes.

Usage:

CFDataset\$objects\_by\_standard\_name(standard\_name)

Arguments.

standard\_name Optional, a character string to search for a specific "standard\_name" value in variables and axes.

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*Returns:* If argument standard\_name is provided, a character vector of variable or axis names. If argument standard\_name is missing or an empty string, a named list with all "standard\_name" attribute values in the the netCDF resource; each list item is named for the variable or axis.

**Method** has\_subgroups(): Does the netCDF resource have subgroups? Newer versions of the netcdf library, specifically netcdf4, can organize dimensions and variables in groups. This method will report if the data set is indeed organized with subgroups.

Usage:

CFDataset\$has\_subgroups()

Returns: Logical to indicate that the netCDF resource uses subgroups.

**Method** find\_by\_name(): Find an object by its name. Given the name of a CF data variable or axis, possibly preceded by an absolute group path, return the object to the caller.

Usage:

CFDataset\$find\_by\_name(name, scope = "CF")

Arguments.

name The name of a CF data variable or axis, with an optional absolute group path.

scope The scope to look for the name. Either "CF" (default) to search for CF variables or axes, or "NC" to look for groups or NC variables.

Returns: The object with the provided name. If the object is not found, returns NULL.

**Method** variables(): This method lists the CF data variables located in this netCDF resource, including those in subgroups.

Usage:

CFDataset\$variables()

Returns: A list of CFVariable instances.

**Method** axes(): This method lists the axes located in this netCDF resource, including axes in subgroups.

Usage:

CFDataset\$axes()

Returns: A list of CFAxis descendants.

**Method** attributes(): List all the attributes of a group. This method returns a data. frame containing all the attributes of the indicated group.

Usage:

CFDataset\$attributes(group)

Arguments:

group The name of the group whose attributes to return. If the argument is missing, the global attributes will be returned.

Returns: A data. frame of attributes.

**Method** attribute(): Retrieve global attributes of the data set.

28 CFGridMapping

```
Usage:
```

CFDataset\$attribute(att, field = "value")

Arguments:

att Vector of character strings of attributes to return.

field The field of the attributes to return values from. This must be "value" (default), "type" or "length".

Returns: If the field argument is "type" or "length", a character vector named with the att values that were found in the attributes. If argument field is "value", a list with elements named with the att values, containing the attribute value(s), except when argument att names a single attribute, in which case that attribute value is returned as a character string. If no attribute is named with a value of argument att an empty list is returned, or an empty string if there was only one value in argument att.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFDataset\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFGridMapping

CF grid mapping object

# Description

This class contains the details for a coordinate reference system, or grid mapping in CF terms, of a data variable.

When reporting the coordinate reference system to the caller, a character string in WKT2 format is returned, following the OGC standard.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFGridMapping
```

## Public fields

grid\_mapping\_name The name of the grid mapping.

#### **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

29 **CFGridMapping** 

## Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• CFGridMapping$new()
  • CFGridMapping$print()
  • CFGridMapping$brief()
  • CFGridMapping$crs()
  • CFGridMapping$clone()
Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.
 Usage:
 CFGridMapping$new(grp, nc_var, name)
 Arguments:
 grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.
 nc_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.
 name The formal grid mapping name from the attribute.
Method print(): Prints a summary of the grid mapping to the console.
 Usage:
 CFGridMapping$print()
Method brief(): Retrieve a 1-row data. frame with some information on this grid mapping.
 Usage:
 CFGridMapping$brief()
```

**Method** crs(): Retrieve the CRS string for a specific variable.

```
Usage:
```

CFGridMapping\$crs(axis\_info)

Arguments:

axis\_info A list with information that describes the axes of the CFVariable or CFData instance to describe.

Returns: A character string with the CRS in WKT2 format.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

CFGridMapping\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

## References

https://docs.ogc.org/is/18-010r11/18-010r11.pdf

30 CFLabel

**CFLabel** 

CF label object

## Description

This class represent CF labels, i.e. an NC variable of character type that provides a textual label for a discrete or general numeric axis. See also CFAxisCharacter, which is an axis with character labels.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFLabel
```

#### **Public fields**

NCdim The NCDimension that stores the netCDF dimension details. values The label values, a character vector.

## **Active bindings**

```
friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.
length (read-only) The number of labels.
dimid (read-only) The netCDF dimension id of this label.
```

# Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFLabel\$new()
- CFLabel\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFLabel$new(grp, nc_var, nc_dim, values)
```

Arguments:

grp The group that contains the netCDF variable.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that describes this instance.

nc\_dim The netCDF dimension that describes the dimensionality.

values Character vector of the label values.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
```

```
CFLabel$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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CFObject

CF base object

## **Description**

This class is a basic ancestor to all classes that represent CF objects, specifically data variables and axes. More useful classes use this class as ancestor.

#### **Public fields**

```
NCvar The NCVariable instance that this CF object represents. group The NCGroup that this object is located in.
```

# **Active bindings**

```
friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

id (read-only) The identifier of the CF object.

name (read-only) The name of the CF object.

fullname (read-only) The fully-qualified name of the CF object.

attributes (read-only) A data. frame with the attributes of the CF object.
```

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFObject\$new()
- CFObject\$attribute()
- CFObject\$print\_attributes()
- CFObject\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new CF object instance from a variable in a netCDF resource. This method is called upon opening a netCDF resource. It is rarely, if ever, useful to call this constructor directly from the console. Instead, use the methods from higher-level classes such as CFVariable.

```
Usage:
    CFObject$new(nc_var, group)
Arguments:
    nc_var The NCVariable instance upon which this CF object is based.
    group The NCGroup that this object is located in.
    Returns: A CFobject instance.

Method attribute(): Retrieve attributes of any CF object.
    Usage:
    CFObject$attribute(att, field = "value")
    Arguments:
```

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att Vector of character strings of attributes to return.

field The field of the data. frame to return values from. This must be "value" (default), "type" or "length".

Returns: If the field argument is "type" or "length", a character vector named with the att values that were found in the attributes. If argument field is "value", a list with elements named with the att values, containing the attribute value(s), except when argument att names a single attribute, in which case that attribute value is returned as a character string. If no attribute is named with a value of argument att an empty list is returned, or an empty string if there was only one value in argument att.

**Method** print\_attributes(): Print the attributes of the CF object to the console.

Usage:

CFObject\$print\_attributes(width = 50L)

Arguments:

width The maximum width of each column in the data. frame when printed to the console.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFObject\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

**CFResource** 

NetCDF resource object

## **Description**

This class contains the connection details to a netCDF resource.

There is a single instance of this class for every netCDF resource, owned by the CFDataset instance. The instance is shared by other objects, specifically NCGroup and CFVariable instances, for access to the underlying resource for reading of data.

This class should never have to be accessed directly. All access is handled by higher-level methods.

## **Public fields**

error Error message, or empty string.

## **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

handle (read-only) The handle to the netCDF resource.

uri (read-only) The URI of the netCDF resource, either a local filename or the location of an online resource.

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## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFResource\$new()
- CFResource\$finalize()
- CFResource\$close()
- CFResource\$group\_handle()
- CFResource\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a connection to a netCDF resource. This is called by open\_ncdf() when opening a netCDF resource; you should never have to call this directly.

```
Usage:
CFResource$new(uri)
Arguments:
uri The URI to the netCDF resource.
Returns: An instance of this class.
```

**Method** finalize(): This method is called automatically when the instance is deleted, ensuring that file handles are properly closed.

```
Usage:
CFResource$finalize()
```

**Method** close(): Closing an open netCDF resource. It should rarely be necessary to call this method directly.

```
Usage:
CFResource$close()
```

**Method** group\_handle(): Every group in a netCDF file has its own handle, with the "root" group having the handle for the entire netCDF resource. The handle returned by this method is valid only for the named group.

```
Usage:
CFResource$group_handle(group_name)
Arguments:
group_name The absolute path to the group.
Returns: The handle to the group.
```

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
CFResource$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

34 CFVariable

CFVariable

CF data variable

#### **Description**

This class represents the basic structure of a CF data variable, the object that provides access to an array of data.

The CF data variable instance provides access to the data array from the netCDF resource, as well as all the details that have been associated with the data variable, such as axis information, grid mapping parameters, etc.

Do not use this class directly. Instead, use CFVariableGeneric of any of the more specific CFVariable\* classes.

# Super class

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> CFVariable
```

#### **Public fields**

axes List of instances of classes descending from CFAxis that are the axes of the variable.

grid\_mapping The coordinate reference system of this variable, as an instance of CFGridMapping. If this field is NULL, the horizontal component of the axes are in decimal degrees of longitude and latitude.

# **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class.

gridLongLat The grid of longitude and latitude values of every grid cell when the main variable grid has a different coordinate system.

crs (read-only) Retrieve the coordinate reference system description of the variable as a WKT2 string.

#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFVariable\$new()
- CFVariable\$print()
- CFVariable\$brief()
- CFVariable\$shard()
- CFVariable\$peek()
- CFVariable\$data()
- CFVariable\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create an instance of this class.

Usage:

CFVariable\$new(grp, nc\_var, axes) Arguments: grp The group that this CF variable lives in. nc\_var The netCDF variable that defines this CF variable. axes List of CFAxis instances that describe the dimensions. Returns: An instance of this class. Method print(): Print a summary of the data variable to the console. Usage: CFVariable\$print() **Method** brief(): Some details of the data variable. CFVariable\$brief() Returns: A 1-row data.frame with some details of the data variable. Method shard(): The information returned by this method is very concise and most useful when combined with similar information from other variables. Usage: CFVariable\$shard() Returns: Character string with very basic variable information. **Method** peek(): Retrieve interesting details of the data variable. Usage: CFVariable\$peek(with\_groups = TRUE) Arguments: with\_groups Should group information be included? The save option is TRUE (default) when the netCDF resource has groups because names may be duplicated among objects in different groups. Returns: A 1-row data. frame with details of the data variable. Method data(): Retrieve all data of the variable. Scalar variables are not present in the result. Usage: CFVariable\$data() Returns: A CFData instance with all data from this variable. **Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method. Usage: CFVariable\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

36 CFVariableGeneric

CFVariableGeneric

Generic CF data variable

## Description

This class represents a generic CF data variable, the object that provides access to an array of data.

The generic CF data variable instance provides access to the data array from the netCDF resource, as well as all the details that have been associated with the data variable, such as axis information, grid mapping parameters, etc.

Other classes manage specific implementations of a data variable.

## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFVariable -> CFVariableGeneric
```

## **Public fields**

axes List of instances of classes descending from CFAxis that are the axes of the variable. #' @field grid\_mapping The coordinate reference system of this variable, as #' an instance of CFGridMapping. If this field is NULL, the horizontal #' component of the axes are in decimal degrees of longitude and latitude. grid\_mapping = NULL,

# **Active bindings**

gridLongLat The grid of longitude and latitude values of every grid cell when the main variable grid has a different coordinate system.

#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFVariableGeneric\$new()
- CFVariableGeneric\$print()
- CFVariableGeneric\$brief()
- CFVariableGeneric\$shard()
- CFVariableGeneric\$peek()
- CFVariableGeneric\$data()
- CFVariableGeneric\$subset()
- CFVariableGeneric\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create an instance of this class.

```
Usage:
```

CFVariableGeneric\$new(grp, nc\_var, axes)

Arguments:

grp The group that this CF variable lives in.

nc\_var The netCDF variable that defines this CF variable.

axes List of CFAxis instances that describe the dimensions.

Returns: An instance of this class.

**Method** print(): Print a summary of the data variable to the console.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$print()

**Method** brief(): Some details of the data variable.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$brief()

*Returns*: A 1-row data. frame with some details of the data variable.

**Method** shard(): The information returned by this method is very concise and most useful when combined with similar information from other variables.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$shard()

Returns: Character string with very basic variable information.

**Method** peek(): Retrieve interesting details of the data variable.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$peek(with\_groups = TRUE)

Arguments

with\_groups Should group information be included? The save option is TRUE (default) when the netCDF resource has groups because names may be duplicated among objects in different groups.

Returns: A 1-row data. frame with details of the data variable.

Method data(): Retrieve all data of the variable.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$data()

Returns: A CFData instance with all data from this variable.

**Method** subset(): This method extracts a subset of values from the array of the variable, with the range along each axis to extract expressed in values of the domain of each axis.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$subset(subset, aoi = NULL, rightmost.closed = FALSE, ...)

Arguments:

subset A list with the range to extract from each axis. The list should have elements for the axes to extract a subset from - if an axis is not present in the list the entire axis will be extracted from the array. List element names should be the axis designator X, Y, Z or T, or the name of the axis - axes without an axis designator and any additional axes beyond the four standard ones can only be specified by name. Axis designators and names are case-sensitive and can be specified in any order. If values for the range per axis fall outside of the extent of the axis, the range is clipped to the extent of the axis.

aoi Optional, an area-of-interest instance of class AOI created with the aoi() function to indicate the horizontal area that should be extracted. The longitude and latitude coordinates must be included; the X and Y resolution will be calculated if not given. When provided, this argument will take precedence over the corresponding axis information for the X and Y axes in the subset argument.

rightmost.closed Single logical value to indicate if the upper boundary of range in each axis should be included.

... Ignored. Included to avoid "unused argument" errors on argument rightmost.closed.

Details: The range of values along each axis to be subset is expressed in values of the domain of the axis. Any axes for which no information is provided in the subset argument are extracted in whole. Values can be specified in a variety of ways that are specific to the nature of the axis. For numeric axes it should (resolve to) be a vector of real values. A range (e.g. 100:200), a vector (c(23, 46, 3, 45, 17), a sequence (seq(from = 78, to = 100, by = 2), all work. Note, however, that only a single range is generated from the vector so these examples resolve to (100, 200), (3, 46), and (78, 100), respectively. For time axes a vector of character timestamps, POSIXct or Date values must be specified. As with numeric values, only the two extreme values in the vector will be used.

If the range of values for an axis in argument subset extend the valid range of the axis in x, the extracted slab will start at the beginning for smaller values and extend to the end for larger values. If the values envelope the valid range the entire axis will be extracted in the result. If the range of subset values for any axis are all either smaller or larger than the valid range of the axis in x then nothing is extracted and NULL is returned.

The extracted data has the same dimensional structure as the data in the variable, with degenerate dimensions dropped. The order of the axes in argument subset does not reorder the axes in the result; use the CFData\$array() method for this.

As an example, to extract values of a variable for Australia for the year 2020, where the first axis in x is the longitude, the second axis is the latitude, both in degrees, and the third (and final) axis is time, the values are extracted by x=ubset(list(X = c(112, 154), Y = c(-9, -44), T = c("2020-01-01", "2021-01-01"))). You could take the longitude-latitude values from  $sf::st_box()$  or terra::ext() if you have specific spatial geometries for whom you want to extract data. Note that this works equally well for projected coordinate reference systems - the key is that the specification in argument subset uses the same domain of values as the respective axes in x use.

Auxiliary coordinate variables:

A special case exists for variables where the horizontal dimensions (X and Y) are not in longitude and latitude values but in some other coordinate system. In this case the netCDF resource may have so-called *auxiliary coordinate variables* for longitude and latitude that are two grids with the same dimension as the horizontal axes of the data variable where each pixel gives the corresponding value for the longitude and latitude. If the variable has such *auxiliary coordinate variables* then they will be used automatically if, and only if, the axes are labeled in argument subset as X and Y. The resolution of the grid that is produced by this method is automatically calculated. If you want to subset those axes then specify values in decimal degrees; if you want to extract the full extent, specify NA. **Note** that if you want to extract the data in the original grid, you should use the horizontal axis names in argument subset.

Returns: An CFData instance, having an array with its axes and attributes of the variable, or NULL if one or more of the elements in the subset argument falls entirely outside of the range of the axis. Note that degenerate dimensions (having length(.) == 1) are dropped from the array but the corresponding axis is maintained in the result as a scalar axis.

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**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

CFVariableGeneric\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CFVariableL3b

CF data variable for the NASA L3b format

## **Description**

This class represents a CF data variable that provides access to data sets in NASA level-3 binned format, used extensively for satellite imagery.

## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::CFObject -> ncdfCF::CFVariable -> CFVariableL3b
```

#### **Public fields**

variable The name of the variable contained in this L3b data.

index The index data of the L3b structure.

#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- CFVariableL3b\$new()
- CFVariableL3b\$as\_matrix()
- CFVariableL3b\$data()
- CFVariableL3b\$subset()
- CFVariableL3b\$clone()

Method new(): Create an instance of this class.

Usage:

CFVariableL3b\$new(grp, units)

Arguments:

grp The group that this CF variable lives in. Must be called "/level-3\_binned\_data".

units Vector of two character strings with the variable name and the physical units of the data variable in the netCDF resource.

Returns: An instance of this class.

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**Method** as\_matrix(): Read all the data from the file and turn the data into a matrix. If an aoi is specified, the data will be subset to that area.

This method returns a bare-bones matrix without any metadata or other identifying information. Use method data(), subset() or the [ operator rather than this method to obtain a more informative result.

Usage:

CFVariableL3b\$as\_matrix(aoi = NULL)

Arguments:

aoi An instance of class AOI, optional, to select an area in latitude - longitude coordinates.

Returns: A matrix with the data of the variable in raw format.

**Method** data(): Retrieve all data of the L3b variable.

Usage:

CFVariableL3b\$data()

Returns: A CFData instance with all data from this L3b variable.

**Method** subset(): This method extracts a subset of values from the data of the variable, with the range along both axes expressed in decimal degrees.

Usage:

CFVariableL3b\$subset(subset = NULL, aoi = NULL, rightmost.closed = FALSE, ...)

Arguments:

subset A list with the range to extract from each axis. The list should have elements for the axes to extract a subset from - if an axis is not present in the list the entire axis will be extracted from the array. List element names should be the axis name or designator longitude or X, or latitude or Y. Axis designators and names are case-sensitive and can be specified in any order. If values for the range per axis fall outside of the extent of the axis, the range is clipped to the extent of the axis.

aoi Optional, an area-of-interest instance of class AOI created with the aoi() function to indicate the horizontal area that should be extracted. The longitude and latitude coordinates must be included; the X and Y resolution will be calculated if not given. When provided, this argument will take precedence over the subset argument.

rightmost.closed Single logical value to indicate if the upper boundary of range in each axis should be included.

... Ignored.

Details: The range of values along both axes of latitude and longitude is expressed in decimal degrees. Any axes for which no information is provided in the subset argument are extracted in whole. Values can be specified in a variety of ways that should (resolve to) be a vector of real values. A range (e.g. 100:200), a vector (c(23, 46, 3, 45, 17), a sequence (seq(from = 78, to = 100, by = 2), all work. Note, however, that only a single range is generated from the vector so these examples resolve to (100, 200), (3, 46), and (78, 100), respectively.

If the range of values for an axis in argument subset extend the valid range of the axis in x, the extracted slab will start at the beginning for smaller values and extend to the end for larger values. If the values envelope the valid range the entire axis will be extracted in the result. If the

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range of subset values for any axis are all either smaller or larger than the valid range of the axis in x then nothing is extracted and NULL is returned.

The extracted data has the same dimensional structure as the data in the variable, with degenerate dimensions dropped. The order of the axes in argument subset does not reorder the axes in the result; use the CFData\$array() method for this.

Returns: An CFData instance, having an array with axes and attributes of the variable, or NULL if one or more of the elements in the subset argument falls entirely outside of the range of the axis. Note that degenerate dimensions (having length(.) == 1) are dropped from the array but the corresponding axis is maintained in the result as a scalar axis.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
CFVariableL3b$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

#### References

https://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/resources/docs/technical/ocean\_level-3\_binned\_data\_products.pdf

dim.AOI

The dimensions of the grid of an AOI

## **Description**

This method returns the dimensions of the grid that would be created for the AOI.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'AOI'
dim(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Х

An instance of the AOI class.

#### Value

A vector of two values giving the longitude and latitude dimensions of the grid that would be created for the AOI.

## **Examples**

```
a <- aoi(30, 40, 10, 30, 0.1) dim(a)
```

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dim.CFAxis

Axis length

## **Description**

This method returns the lengths of the axes of a variable or axis.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CFAxis'
dim(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Χ

The CFVariable or a descendant of CFAxis.

#### Value

Vector of dimension lengths.

## **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata", "ERA5land_Rwanda_20160101.nc", package = "ncdfCF")
ds <- open_ncdf(fn)
t2m <- ds[["t2m"]]
dim(t2m)</pre>
```

makeLatitudeAxis

Create a latitude axis

## **Description**

With this method you can create a longitude axis to use with new CFData instances.

## Usage

```
makeLatitudeAxis(id, name, group, length, values, bounds, units)
```

# Arguments

id	Id of the axis.
name	Name of the axis.

group Group to place the axis in.

length Length of the dimension of the axis.

values The dimension values.

bounds The bounds of the dimension values, or NULL if not available.

units The name of the axis units.

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## Value

A CFAxisLatitude instance.

makeLongitudeAxis

Create a longitude axis

## **Description**

With this method you can create a longitude axis to use with new CFData instances.

## Usage

```
makeLongitudeAxis(id, name, group, length, values, bounds = NULL, units = "")
```

# **Arguments**

id Id of the axis.

name Name of the axis.

group Group to place the axis in.

length Length of the dimension of the axis.

values The dimension values.

bounds The bounds of the dimension values, or NULL if not available.

units The name of the axis units.

#### Value

A CFAxisLongitude instance.

makeMemoryGroup

Create a group in memory to hold CF objects

## **Description**

With this function a group is created in memory, i.e. not associated with a netCDF resource on file. This can be used to prepare new CF objects before writing them to file. Extracting data from a CFVariable into a CFData instance will also create a memory group.

## Usage

```
makeMemoryGroup(id, name, fullname, title, history)
```

44 makeTimeAxis

# Arguments

id The id of the group.

name The name of the group.

fullname The full path and name of the group.

title The title attribute of the group.

history The history attribute of the group.

# Value

A MemoryGroup instance.

makeTimeAxis

Create a time axis

# Description

With this method you can create a time axis to use with new CFData instances.

# Usage

```
makeTimeAxis(id, name, group, values)
```

# Arguments

id Id of the axis.

name Name of the axis.

group Group to place the axis in.

values A CFTime instance with dimension values and bounds set.

## Value

A CFAxisTime instance.

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MemoryGroup

CF group in memory

## **Description**

This class represents a CF group in memory. It descends from NCGroup and functions as such with the exception that it has no associated CFResource and the handle field thus always returns NULL.

## **Details**

This object descends from NCGroup and functions as such with the exception that it has no associated CFResource and the handle field thus always returns NULL.

## Super classes

```
ncdfCF::NCObject -> ncdfCF::NCGroup -> MemoryGroup
```

# **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class. handle Return NULL as a MemoryGroup has no resource.

## Methods

## **Public methods:**

- MemoryGroup\$new()
- MemoryGroup\$clone()

```
Method new(): Create an instance of this class.
```

```
Usage:
```

MemoryGroup\$new(id, name, fullname, parent, title, history)

Arguments:

id The identifier of the group.

name The name of the group.

fullname The fully qualified name of the group.

parent The parent group of this group. The parent of the root group is NULL.

title, history Title and history attributes for the group.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

MemoryGroup\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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names.CFDataset

Names or dimension values of an CF object

## **Description**

Retrieve the variable or dimension names of an ncdfCF object. The names() function gives the names of the variables in the data set, prepended with the path to the group if the resource uses groups. The return value of the dimnames() function differs depending on the type of object:

- CFDataset, CFVariable: The dimnames are returned as a vector of the names of the axes of the data set or variable, prepended with the path to the group if the resource uses groups. Note that this differs markedly from the base::dimnames() functionality.
- CFAxisNumeric, CFAxisLongitude, CFAxisLatitude, CFAxisVertical: The values of the elements along the axis as a numeric vector.
- CFAxisTime: The values of the elements along the axis as a character vector containing timestamps in ISO8601 format. This could be dates or date-times if time information is available in the axis.
- CFAxisScalar: The value of the scalar.
- CFAxisCharacter: The values of the elements along the axis as a character vector.
- CFAxisDiscrete: The index values of the axis, from 1 to the length of the axis.

# Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'CFDataset'
names(x)
groups(x)
## $3 method for class 'CFDataset'
groups(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

An CFObject whose axis names to retrieve. This could be CFDataset, CFVariable, or a class descending from CFAxis.

#### Value

A vector as described in the Description section.

# Examples

```
fn <- system.file("extdata",
   "pr_day_EC-Earth3-CC_ssp245_r1i1p1f1_gr_20230101-20231231_vncdfCF.nc",
   package = "ncdfCF")
ds <- open_ncdf(fn)</pre>
```

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```
# CFDataset
dimnames(ds)

# CFVariable
pr <- ds[["pr"]]
dimnames(pr)

# CFAxisNumeric
lon <- ds[["lon"]]
dimnames(lon)

# CFAxisTime
t <- ds[["time"]]
dimnames(t)</pre>
```

**NCDimension** 

NetCDF dimension object

# Description

This class represents an netCDF dimensions. It contains the information on a dimension that is stored in an netCDF file.

This class is not very useful for interactive use. Use the CFAxis descendent classes instead.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::NCObject -> NCDimension
```

## **Public fields**

length The length of the dimension. If field unlim = TRUE, this field indicates the length of the data in this dimension written to file.

unlim Logical flag to indicate if the dimension is unlimited, i.e. that additional data may be written to file incrementing in this dimension.

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- NCDimension\$new()
- NCDimension\$print()
- NCDimension\$shard()
- NCDimension\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new netCDF dimension. This class should not be instantiated directly, create CF objects instead. This class is instantiated when opening a netCDF resource.

Usage:

```
NCDimension$new(id, name, length, unlim)
```

Arguments:

id Numeric identifier of the netCDF dimension.

name Character string with the name of the netCDF dimension.

length Length of the dimension.

unlim Is the dimension unlimited?

Returns: A NCDimension instance.

**Method** print(): Summary of the NC dimension printed to the console.

Usage:

NCDimension\$print(...)

Arguments:

... Passed on to other methods.

**Method** shard(): Very concise information on the dimension. The information returned by this function is very concise and most useful when combined with similar information from other dimensions.

Usage:

NCDimension\$shard()

Returns: Character string with very basic dimension information.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

NCDimension\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

NCGroup

NetCDF group

## **Description**

This class represents a netCDF group, the object that holds elements like dimensions and variables of a netCDF file. This class also holds references to any CF objects based on the netCDF elements held by the group.

Direct access to groups is usually not necessary. The principal objects held by the group, CF data variables and axes, are accessible via other means. Only for access to the group attributes is a reference to a group required.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::NCObject -> NCGroup
```

#### **Public fields**

resource Access to the underlying netCDF resource.

fullname The fully qualified absolute path of the group.

parent Parent group of this group, NULL for the root group.

subgroups List of child NCGroup instances of this group.

NCvars List of netCDF variables that are located in this group.

NCdims List of netCDF dimensions that are located in this group.

NCudts List of netCDF user-defined types that are located in this group.

CFvars List of CF data variables in this group. There must be a corresponding item in NCvars for each item in this list.

CFaxes List of axes of CF data variables in this group. There must be a corresponding item in NCvars for each item in this list. Note that the CF data variable(s) that an axis is associated with may be located in a different group. Also, objects that further describe the basic axis definition, such as its bounds, labels, ancillary data, may be located in a different group; all such elements can be accessed directly from the CFAxis instances that this list holds.

CFlabels List of labels located in this group.

CFaux List of auxiliary variables. These could be CFAxisScalar or CFAuxiliaryLongLat that hold longitude and latitude values for every grid point in the data variable that references them.

CFcrs List of grid mappings located in this group.

#### **Active bindings**

friendlyClassName (read-only) A nice description of the class. handle (read-only) Get the handle to the netCDF resource for the group

## Methods

## **Public methods:**

- NCGroup\$new()
- NCGroup\$print()
- NCGroup\$hierarchy()
- NCGroup\$find\_by\_name()
- NCGroup\$find\_dim\_by\_id()
- NCGroup\$unused()
- NCGroup\$addAuxiliaryLongLat()
- NCGroup\$fullnames()
- NCGroup\$variables()
- NCGroup\$axes()
- NCGroup\$grid\_mappings()
- NCGroup\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new instance of this class.

Usage:

```
NCGroup$new(id, name, fullname, parent, resource)

Arguments:

id The identifier of the group.

name The name of the group.

fullname The fully qualified name of the group.

parent The parent group of this group. NULL for the root group.

resource Reference to the CFResource instance that provides access to the netCDF resource.
```

**Method** print(): Summary of the group printed to the console.

```
Usage:
NCGroup$print(...)
Arguments:
... Passed on to other methods.
```

**Method** hierarchy(): Prints the hierarchy of the group and its subgroups to the console, with a summary of contained objects. Usually called from the root group to display the full group hierarchy.

```
Usage:
NCGroup$hierarchy(idx = 1L, total = 1L)
Arguments:
```

idx, total Arguments to control indentation. Should both be 1 (the default) when called interactively. The values will be updated during recursion when there are groups below the current group.

**Method** find\_by\_name(): Find an object by its name. Given the name of an object, possibly preceded by an absolute or relative group path, return the object to the caller. Typically, this method is called programmatically; similar interactive use is provided through the [[.CFDataset operator.

```
Usage:
NCGroup$find_by_name(name, scope = "CF")
Arguments:
```

name The name of an object, with an optional absolute or relative group path from the calling group. The object must either an CF construct (data variable, axis, auxiliary axis, label, or grid mapping) or an NC group, dimension or variable.

scope Either "CF" (default) for a CF construct, or "NC" for a netCDF group, dimension or variable.

*Returns*: The object with the provided name in the requested scope. If the object is not found, returns NULL.

**Method** find\_dim\_by\_id(): Find an NC dimension object by its id. Given the id of a dimension, return the NCDimension object to the caller. The dimension has to be found in the current group or any of its parents.

```
Usage:
NCGroup$find_dim_by_id(id)
```

Arguments:

id The id of the dimension.

*Returns:* The NCDimension object with an identifier equal to the id argument. If the object is not found, returns NULL.

**Method** unused(): Find NC variables that are not referenced by CF objects. For debugging purposes only.

Usage:

NCGroup\$unused()

Returns: List of NCVariable.

**Method** addAuxiliaryLongLat(): Add an auxiliary long-lat variable to the group. This method creates a CFAuxiliaryLongLat from the arguments and adds it to the group CFaux list, but only if the combination of lon, lat isn't already present.

Usage:

NCGroup\$addAuxiliaryLongLat(lon, lat, bndsLong, bndsLat)

Arguments:

lon, lat Instances of NCVariable having a two-dimensional grid of longitude and latitude values, respectively.

bndsLong, bndsLat Instances of CFBounds with the 2D bounds of the longitude and latitude grid values, respectively, or NULL when not set.

Returns: self invisibly.

**Method** fullnames(): This method lists the fully qualified name of this group, optionally including names in subgroups.

Usage:

NCGroup\$fullnames(recursive = TRUE)

Arguments:

recursive Should subgroups be scanned for names too (default is TRUE)?

Returns: A character vector with group names.

**Method** variables(): This method lists the CF data variables located in this group, optionally including data variables in subgroups.

Usage:

NCGroup\$variables(recursive = TRUE)

Arguments:

recursive Should subgroups be scanned for CF data variables too (default is TRUE)?

Returns: A list of CFVariable.

**Method** axes(): This method lists the axes located in this group, optionally including axes in subgroups.

Usage:

NCGroup\$axes(recursive = TRUE)

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Arguments:

recursive Should subgroups be scanned for axes too (default is TRUE)?

Returns: A list of CFAxis descendants.

**Method** grid\_mappings(): This method lists the grid mappings located in this group, optionally including grid mappings in subgroups.

Usage:

NCGroup\$grid\_mappings(recursive = TRUE)

Arguments:

recursive Should subgroups be scanned for grid mappings too (default is TRUE)?

Returns: A list of CFGridMapping instances.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

NCGroup\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

NCObject

NetCDF base object

## **Description**

This class is a basic ancestor to all classes that represent netCDF objects, specifically groups, dimensions, variables and the user-defined types in a netCDF file. More useful classes use this class as ancestor.

The fields in this class are common among all netCDF objects. In addition, this class manages the attributes for its descendent classes.

## **Public fields**

id Numeric identifier of the netCDF object.

name The name of the netCDF object.

attributes data. frame with the attributes of the netCDF object.

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- NCObject\$new()
- NCObject\$print\_attributes()
- NCObject\$attribute()
- NCObject\$clone()

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**Method** new(): Create a new netCDF object. This class should not be instantiated directly, create descendant objects instead.

Usage:
NCObject\$new(id, name)
Arguments:
id Numeric identifier of the netCDF object.
name Character string with the name of the netCDF object.

**Method** print\_attributes(): This function prints the attributes of the netCDF object to the console. Through object linkages, this also applies to the CF data variables and axes, which each link to a netCDF object.

```
Usage:
NCObject$print_attributes(width = 50L)
Arguments:
width The maximum width of each column in the data.frame when printed to the console.
```

**Method** attribute(): This method returns netCDF object attributes.

```
Usage:
NCObject$attribute(att, field = "value")
Arguments:
att Vector of attribute names whose values to return.
```

field The field of the attributes to return values from. This must be "value" (default), "type" or "length".

Returns: If the field argument is "type" or "length", a character vector named with the att values that were found in the attributes. If argument field is "value", a list with elements named with the att values, containing the attribute value(s), except when argument att names a single attribute, in which case that attribute value is returned as a character string. If no attribute is named with a value of argument att an empty list is returned, or an empty string if there was only one value in argument att.

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
NCObject$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

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**NCUDT** 

NetCDF user-defined type

#### **Description**

This class represents user-defined types in a netCDF file. Interpretation of the UDT typically requires knowledge of the data set or application.

#### Super class

```
ncdfCF::NCObject -> NCUDT
```

#### **Public fields**

```
clss The class of the UDT, one of "builtin", "compound", "enum", "opaque", or "vlen".
```

size Size in bytes of a single item of the type (or a single element of a "vlen").

basetype Name of the netCDF base type of each element ("enum" and "vlen" only).

value Named vector with numeric values of all members ("enum" only).

offset Named vector with the offset of each field in bytes from the beginning of the "compound" type.

subtype Named vector with the netCDF base type name of each field of a "compound" type.

dimsizes Named list with array dimensions of each field of a "compound" type. A NULL length indicates a scalar.

## Methods

## **Public methods:**

- NCUDT\$new()
- NCUDT\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new netCDF user-defined type. This class represents a user-defined type. It is instantiated when opening a netCDF resource.

Usage:

NCUDT\$new(id, name, clss, size, basetype, value, offset, subtype, dimsizes)

Arguments:

id Numeric identifier of the user-defined type.

name Character string with the name of the user-defined type.

clss The class of the UDT, one of "builtin", "compound", "enum", "opaque", or "vlen".

size Size in bytes of a single item of the type (or a single element of a "vlen").

basetype Name of the netCDF base type of each element ("enum" and "vlen" only).

value Named vector with numeric values of all members ("enum" only).

offset Named vector with the offset of each field in bytes from the beginning of the "compound" type.

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subtype Named vector with the netCDF base type name of each field of a "compound" type. dimsizes Named list with array dimensions of each field of a "compound" type. A NULL length indicates a scalar.

Returns: An instance of this class.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

NCUDT\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

NCVariable

NetCDF variable

# Description

This class represents a netCDF variable, the object that holds the properties and data of elements like dimensions and variables of a netCDF file.

Direct access to netCDF variables is usually not necessary. NetCDF variables are linked from CF data variables and axes and all relevant properties are thus made accessible.

## Super class

```
ncdfCF::NCObject -> NCVariable
```

## **Public fields**

group NetCDF group where this variable is located.

vtype The netCDF data type of this variable.

ndims Number of dimensions that this variable uses.

dimids Vector of dimension identifiers that this variable uses. These are the so-called "NUG coordinate variables".

netcdf4 Additional properties for a netcdf4 resource.

# **Active bindings**

CF List of CF objects that use this netCDF variable.

fullname (read-only) Name of the NC variable including the group path from the root group.

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## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- NCVariable\$new()
- NCVariable\$print()
- NCVariable\$shard()
- NCVariable\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new netCDF variable. This class should not be instantiated directly, they are created automatically when opening a netCDF resource.

```
Usage:
 NCVariable$new(id, name, group, vtype, ndims, dimids)
 Arguments:
 id Numeric identifier of the netCDF object.
 name Character string with the name of the netCDF object.
 group The NCGroup this variable is located in.
 vtype The netCDF data type of the variable.
 ndims The number of dimensions this variable uses.
 dimids The identifiers of the dimensions this variable uses.
 Returns: An instance of this class.
Method print(): Summary of the NC variable printed to the console.
```

```
Usage:
NCVariable$print(...)
Arguments:
... Passed on to other methods.
```

Method shard(): Very concise information on the variable. The information returned by this function is very concise and most useful when combined with similar information from other variables.

```
Usage:
NCVariable$shard()
Returns: Character string with very basic variable information.
```

**Method** clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
NCVariable$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

open\_ncdf 57

open_ncdf	Open a netCDF resource	

#### **Description**

This function will read the metadata of a netCDF resource and interpret the netCDF dimensions, variables and attributes to generate the corresponding CF objects. The data for the CF variables is not read, please see CFVariable for methods to read the variable data.

## Usage

```
open_ncdf(resource, keep_open = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

resource The name of the netCDF resource to open, either a local file name or a remote

URI.

keep\_open Logical flag to indicate if the netCDF resource has to remain open after reading

the metadata. This should be enabled typically only for programmatic access or when a remote resource has an expensive access protocol (i.e. 2FA). The resource has to be explicitly closed with close() after use. Note that when a data set is opened with keep\_open = TRUE the resource may still be closed by

the operating system or the remote server.

#### Value

An CFDataset instance, or an error if the resource was not found or errored upon reading.

## **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata",
   "pr_day_EC-Earth3-CC_ssp245_r1i1p1f1_gr_20230101-20231231_vncdfCF.nc",
   package = "ncdfCF")
(ds <- open_ncdf(fn))</pre>
```

peek\_ncdf

Examine a netCDF resource

#### **Description**

This function will read a netCDF resource and return a list of identifying information, including data variables, axes and global attributes. Upon returning the netCDF resource is closed.

## Usage

```
peek_ncdf(resource)
```

58 str.CFDataset

## **Arguments**

resource

The name of the netCDF resource to open, either a local file name or a remote

#### **Details**

If you find that you need other information to be included in the result, open an issue: https://github.com/pvanlaake/ncdfCF/iss

# Value

A list with elements "variables", "axes" and global "attributes", each a data. frame.

## **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata",
   "pr_day_EC-Earth3-CC_ssp245_r1i1p1f1_gr_20230101-20231231_vncdfCF.nc",
   package = "ncdfCF")
peek_ncdf(fn)</pre>
```

str.CFDataset

Compact display of a CFDataset

# Description

Compact display of a CFDataset

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CFDataset'
str(object, ...)
```

# Arguments

object A CFDataset instance.

... Ignored.

[.CFVariableGeneric 59

[.CFVariableGeneric Extract data for a variable

## **Description**

Extract data from a CFVariableGeneric instance, optionally sub-setting the axes to load only data of interest.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CFVariableGeneric' x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]
```

## **Arguments**

	A OFW 1130 114 C
V	An CFVariableGeneric instance to extract the data of.
^	All CI vai labitederier it mistance to extract the data or.

i, j, ... Expressions, one for each axis of x, that select a number of elements along each axis. If any expressions are missing, the entire axis is extracted. The values for the arguments may be an integer vector or a function that returns an integer vector. The range of the values in the vector will be used. See examples, below.

Logical, ignored. Axes are never dropped. Any degenerate dimensions of the

array are returned as such, with dimnames and appropriate attributes set.

#### **Details**

drop

If all the data of the variable in x is to be extracted, simply use [] (unlike with regular arrays, this is required, otherwise the details of the variable are printed on the console).

The indices into the axes to be subset can be specified in a variety of ways; in practice it should (resolve to) be a vector of integers. A range (e.g. 100:200), an explicit vector (c(23, 46, 3, 45, 17), a sequence (seq(from = 78, to = 100, by = 2), all work. Note, however, that only a single range is generated from the vector so these examples resolve to 100:200, 3:46, and 78:100, respectively. It is also possible to use a custom function as an argument.

This method works with "bare" indices into the axes of the array. If you want to use domain values of the axes (e.g. longitude values or timestamps) to extract part of the variable array, use the CFVariableGeneric\$subset() method.

Scalar axes should not be included in the indexing as they do not represent a dimension into the data array.

#### Value

An array with dimnames and other attributes set.

[.CFVariableL3b

## **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata",
    "pr_day_EC-Earth3-CC_ssp245_r1i1p1f1_gr_20230101-20231231_vncdfCF.nc",
    package = "ncdfCF")
ds <- open_ncdf(fn)
pr <- ds[["pr"]]

# How are the dimensions organized?
dimnames(pr)

# Precipitation data for March for a single location
x <- pr[5, 12, 61:91]
str(x)

# Summer precipitation over the full spatial extent
summer <- pr[, , 173:263]
str(summer)</pre>
```

[.CFVariableL3b

Extract data for a variable

# Description

Extract data from a CFVariableL3b instance, optionally sub-setting the axes to load only data of interest.

#### **Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'CFVariableL3b'
x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]
```

# Arguments

x An CFVariableL3b instance to extract the data of.

i, j, ... Expressions, one for each of the two axes of x, that select a number of elements along each axis. i is for the longitude axis, j for the latitude axis, ... (additional named arguments) is invalid as there are only two axes to subset from. If either expression is missing, the entire axis is extracted. The values for the arguments may be an integer vector or a function that returns an integer vector. The range

of the values in the vector will be used. See examples, below.

Logical, ignored. Axes are never dropped. Any degenerate dimensions of the array are returned as such, with dimnames and appropriate attributes set.

drop

[[.CFDataset 61

#### **Details**

If all the data of the variable in x is to be extracted, simply use [] (unlike with regular arrays, this is required, otherwise the details of the variable are printed on the console).

The indices into the axes to be subset can be specified in a variety of ways; in practice it should (resolve to) be a vector of integers. A range (e.g. 100:200), an explicit vector (c(23, 46, 3, 45, 17), a sequence (seq(from = 78, to = 100, by = 2), all work. Note, however, that only a single range is generated from the vector so these examples resolve to 100:200, 3:46, and 78:100, respectively. It is also possible to use a custom function as an argument.

This method works with "bare" indices into the axes of the array. If you want to use domain values of the axes (e.g. longitude values or timestamps) to extract part of the variable array, use the CFVariableL3b\$subset() method.

Scalar axes should not be included in the indexing as they do not represent a dimension into the data array.

#### Value

An array with dimnames and other attributes set.

#### **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata",
    "pr_day_EC-Earth3-CC_ssp245_r1i1p1f1_gr_20230101-20231231_vncdfCF.nc",
    package = "ncdfCF")
ds <- open_ncdf(fn)
pr <- ds[["pr"]]

# How are the dimensions organized?
dimnames(pr)

# Precipitation data for March for a single location
x <- pr[5, 12, 61:91]
str(x)

# Summer precipitation over the full spatial extent
summer <- pr[, , 173:263]
str(summer)</pre>
```

[[.CFDataset

Get a variable or axis object from a data set

#### Description

This method can be used to retrieve a variable or axis from the data set by name.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CFDataset' x[[i]]
```

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# **Arguments**

X	An CFDataset to extract a	variable or axis from.
^	I III CI Dataset to extract a	variable of axis mon.

i The name of a variable or axis in x. If data set x has groups, i should be an absolute path to the object to retrieve.

## **Details**

If the data set has groups, the name i of the variable or axis should be fully qualified with the path to the group where the object is located. This fully qualified name can be retrieved with the names() and dimnames() functions, respectively.

## Value

An instance of CFVariable or an CFAxis descendant class, or NULL if the name is not found.

## **Examples**

```
fn <- system.file("extdata", "ERA5land_Rwanda_20160101.nc", package = "ncdfCF")
ds <- open_ncdf(fn)
v1 <- names(ds)[1]
var <- ds[[v1]]
var</pre>
```

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