

# Various GLGM examples

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This vignette is a bunch of examples, its primary purpose is to test the `glgm` function.

## The data

```
library("geostatsp")

## Cargando paquete requerido: Matrix
## Cargando paquete requerido: terra
## terra 1.8.5

##
## Adjuntando el paquete: 'terra'

## L'objet suivant est masqué depuis 'package:knitr':
##
##      spin

data('swissRain')
swissRain = unwrap(swissRain)
swissAltitude = unwrap(swissAltitude)
swissBorder = unwrap(swissBorder)
swissRain$lograin = log(swissRain$rain)

swissAltitudeCrop = mask(swissAltitude,swissBorder)

    number of cells... smaller is faster but less interesting

if(!exists('fact')) fact = 1
fact

## [1] 1

(Ncell = round(25*fact))
```

```
## [1] 25
```

```
model with standard formula
```

```
swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(  
  formula = lograin~ CHE_alt,  
  data = swissRain,  
  grid = Ncell,  
  buffer = 10*1000,  
  covariates=swissAltitudeCrop,  
  family="gaussian",  
  prior = list(  
    sd=c(1,0.5),  
    sdObs = 1,  
    range=c(500000, 0.5)),  
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')  
)
```

```
parameters
```

```
if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {  
  knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)  
} else {  
  print("INLA was not run, install the INLA package to see results")  
}
```

	mean	0.025quant	0.975quant
(Intercept)	2.207	1.498	2.873
CHE alt	0.000	0.000	0.000
range/1000	186.692	63.461	526.435
sdNugget	0.312	0.183	0.501
sd	1.603	0.741	3.666

```
Exceedance probabilities
```

```
if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {  
  swissExc = excProb(  
    x=swissFit, random=TRUE,  
    threshold=0)  
}  
  
if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {  
  plot(swissExc, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),  
    col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))  
  
  plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
```

```

swissExcP = excProb(
  swissFit$inla$marginals.predict, 3,
  template=swissFit$raster)
plot(swissExcP, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
  col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))
plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)

```

```

matplot(
  swissFit$parameters$sd$posterior[, 'x'],
  swissFit$parameters$sd$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
  lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
  xlab='sd', ylab='dens', xlim = c(0,5))

```

```

matplot(
  swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
  swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
  lty=1, col=c('black','red'), type='l',
  xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}

```

non-parametric elevation effect

```

altSeq = exp(seq(
  log(100), log(5000),
  by = log(2)/5))
altMat = cbind(altSeq[-length(altSeq)], altSeq[-1], seq(1,length(altSeq)-1))

```

```

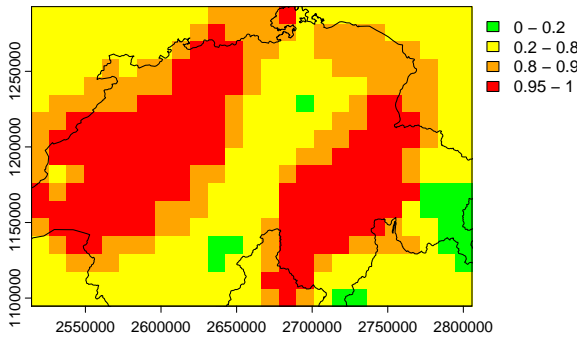
swissAltCut = classify(
  swissAltitudeCrop,
  altMat
)
names(swissAltCut) = 'bqrnt'

```

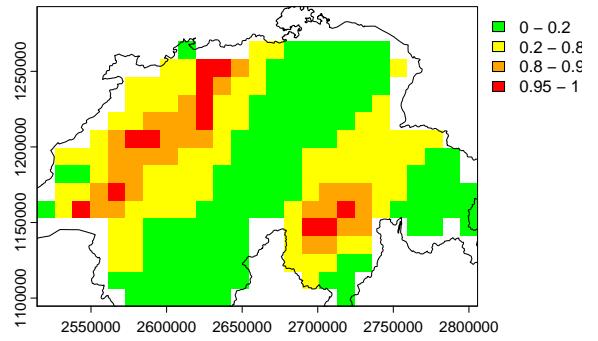
```

swissFitNp = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = lograin ~ f(bqrnt, model = 'rw2', scale.model=TRUE,
  values = 1:length(altSeq),
  prior = 'pc.prec', param = c(0.1, 0.01)),
  data=swissRain,
  grid = Ncell,
  covariates=swissAltCut,
  family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  prior=list(
    sd=c(u = 0.5, alpha = 0.1),

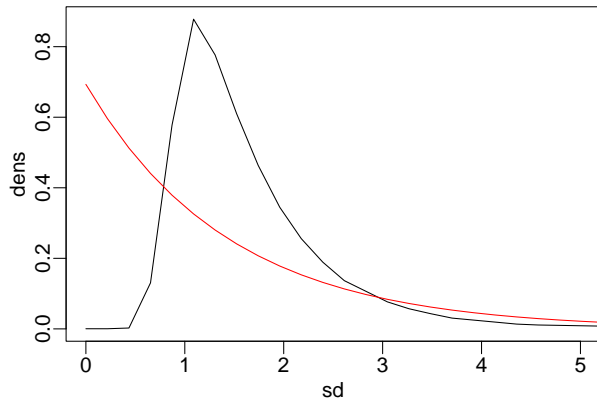
```



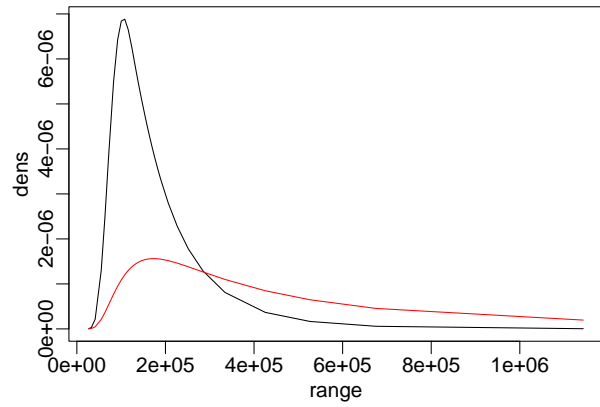
(a) random



(b) fitted



(c) sd



(d) range

Figure 1: Swiss rain as in help file

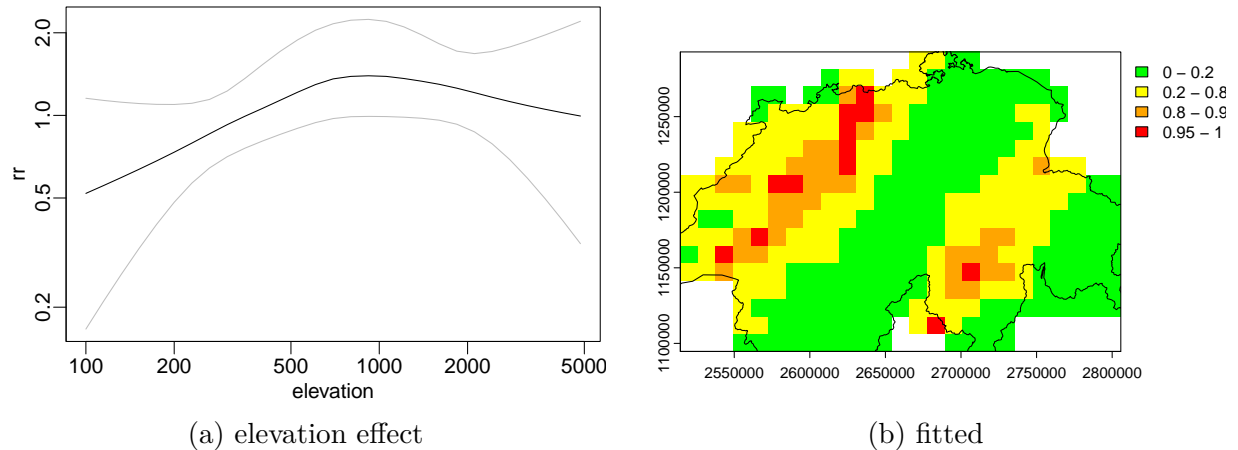


Figure 2: Swiss rain elevation rw2

```

    range=c(50000,500000),
    sdObs = c(u=1, alpha=0.4)),
    control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian')
)

if(length(swissFitNp$parameters)) {
  knitr::kable(swissFitNp$parameters$summary, digits=3)

  matplot(
    altSeq,
    exp(swissFitNp$inla$summary.random$bqrnt[,
      c('0.025quant', '0.975quant', '0.5quant')]),
    log='xy',
    xlab='elevation', ylab='rr',
    type='l',
    lty = 1,
    col=c('grey','grey','black')
  )

  swissExcP = excProb(swissFitNp$inla$marginals.predict,
    3, template=swissFitNp$raster)
  plot(swissExcP, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
    col=c('green','yellow','orange','red'))
  plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
}

intercept only, named response variable. legacy priors

swissFit = geostatsp::glm("lograin", swissRain, Ncell,
  covariates=swissAltitude, family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000), sdObs = 2),

```

```

    control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian')
)
if(length(swissFit$parameters))
  knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1, 3:5, 8)], digits=4)

```

	mean	0.025quant	0.5quant	0.975quant	meanExp
(Intercept)	2.4616	1.6552	2.4932	3.1012	12.4111
CHE alt	-0.0001	-0.0004	-0.0001	0.0002	1.0125
range/1000	109.2227	41.8379	92.5326	280.1789	NA
sdNugget	0.3229	0.1944	0.3044	0.5183	NA
sd	0.9628	0.5792	0.9009	1.6004	NA

intercept only, add a covariate just to confuse glgm.

```

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula=lograin~1,
  data=swissRain,
  grid=Ncell,
  covariates=swissAltitude,
  family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
  control.inla=list(strategy= 'gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma", param=c(.1, .1))))
)

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {

knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1, 3:5, 8)], digits=3)

swissExc = excProb(
  swissFit$inla$marginals.random$space, 0,
  template=swissFit$raster)
plot(swissExc, breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 0.95, 1.00001),
  col=c('green', 'yellow', 'orange', 'red'))
plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)

  matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black', 'red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}

```

covariates are in data

```

newdat = swissRain
newdat$elev = extract(swissAltitude, swissRain, ID=FALSE)

```

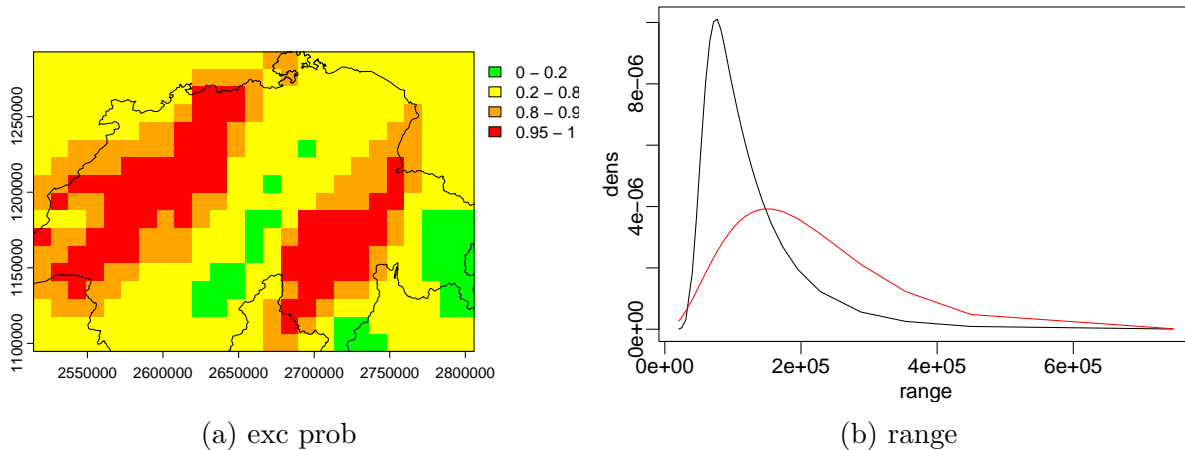


Figure 3: Swiss intercept only

```

swissLandType = unwrap(swissLandType)
swissFit = geostatsp::glm(lograin~ elev + land,
  newdat, Ncell,
  covariates=list(land=swissLandType),
  family="gaussian", buffer=40000,
  priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
    param=c(.1, .1))))
)

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary, digits=3)

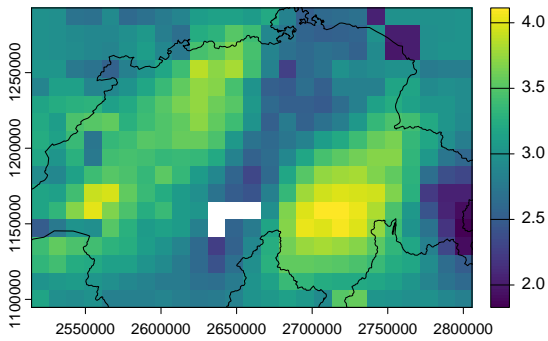
plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)

  matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black', 'red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}

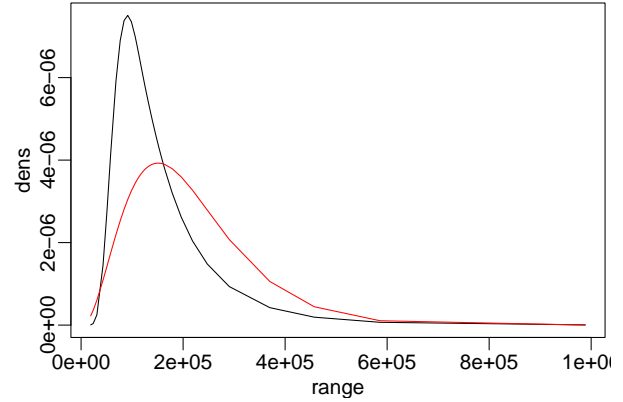
formula, named list elements

swissFit = geostatsp::glm(lograin~ elev,
  swissRain, Ncell,
  covariates=list(elev=swissAltitude),
  family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  priorCI=list(sd=c(0.2, 2), range=c(50000,500000)),

```



(a) predict.mean



(b) range

Figure 4: covaraites in data

```

control.mode=list(theta=c(1.9,0.15,2.6),restart=TRUE),
control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
param=c(.1, .1))))
)
if(length(swissFit$parameters))
  swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)]

##              mean    0.025quant    0.975quant
## (Intercept)  2.446194e+00  1.6355320927  3.093131e+00
## elev        -8.815481e-05 -0.0004181054  2.425234e-04
## range/1000   1.297225e+02  42.9743791408  3.692997e+02
## sdNugget     3.431382e-01  0.2148863691  5.217404e-01
## sd           1.033504e+00  0.5724107019  1.916623e+00

categorical covariates

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = lograin ~ elev + factor(land),
  data = swissRain, grid = Ncell,
  covariates=list(elev=swissAltitude,land=swissLandType),
  family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 0.5), range=c(100000,0.5)),
  control.inla=list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(
    prec=list(prior="loggamma",
      param=c(.1, .1))))
)
if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {

knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)

```



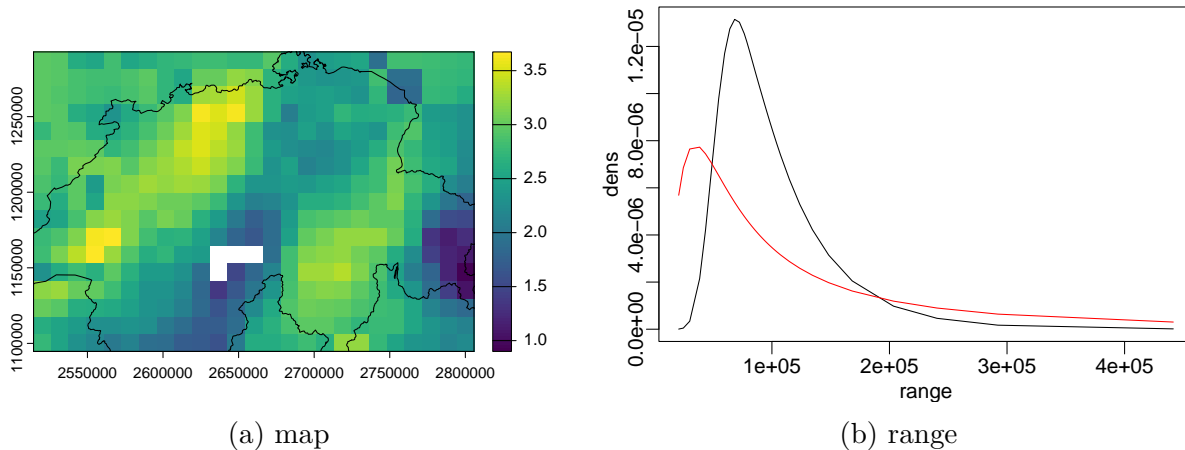


Figure 5: categorical covariates

```
plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)
```

```
matplot(
  swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
  swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
  lty=1, col=c('black', 'red'), type='l',
  xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}
```

put some missing values in covariates also dont put factor() in formula

```
temp = values(swissAltitude)
temp[seq(10000,12000)] = NA
values(swissAltitude) = temp
```

```
swissFitMissing = geostatsp::glgm(rain ~ elev + land, swissRain, Ncell,
  covariates=list(elev=swissAltitude, land=swissLandType),
  family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 0.5), range=c(100000, 0.5)),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
    param=c(.1, .1))))
)
if(length(swissFitMissing$parameters))
  knitr::kable(swissFitMissing$parameters$summary[, 1:5], digits=3)
```

	mean	sd	0.025quant	0.5quant	0.975quant
(Intercept)	26.668	3.198	20.371	26.671	32.944
elev	-0.004	0.003	-0.011	-0.004	0.002
landMixed forests	-3.950	3.232	-10.291	-3.955	2.416
landGrasslands	-3.191	4.931	-12.867	-3.196	6.515
landCroplands	-9.280	4.014	-17.157	-9.285	-1.374
landUrban and built-up	-7.633	5.417	-18.264	-7.639	3.033
landEvergreen needleleaf forest	-11.908	6.219	-24.107	-11.917	0.339
landWater bodies	-15.162	7.960	-30.766	-15.176	0.520
landDeciduous needleleaf forest	-8.342	7.978	-23.994	-8.352	7.364
landDeciduous broadleaf forest	8.633	7.949	-6.996	8.635	24.251
landOpen shrublands	-11.264	11.008	-32.843	-11.281	10.415
landPermanent Wetlands	-21.048	10.783	-42.154	-21.076	0.220
range/1000	202.530	298.278	17.831	115.233	937.593
sdNugget	11.581	-3.066	9.590	11.138	13.020
sd	0.008	0.000	0.003	0.007	0.021

covariates in data, factors

```

newdat = swissRain
newdat$landOrig = extract(swissLandType, swissRain, ID=FALSE)
newdat$landRel = relevel(newdat$landOrig, 'Mixed forests')

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = lograin~ elev + landOrig,
  data=newdat,
  covariates=list(elev = swissAltitude),
  grid=geostatsp::squareRaster(swissRain,Ncell),
  family="gaussian", buffer=0,
  prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 0.5), range=c(100000,0.5)),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
    param=c(.1, .1))))
)

swissFitR = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = lograin~ elev + landRel,
  data=newdat,
  grid=geostatsp::squareRaster(swissRain,Ncell),
  covariates=list(elev = swissAltitude, landRel = swissLandType),
  family="gaussian", buffer=0,
  prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 0.5), range=c(100000,0.5)),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
    param=c(.1, .1))))
)

```

```

levels(newdat$landOrig)

## [1] "Water bodies" "Evergreen needleleaf forest"
## [3] "Evergreen broadleaf forest" "Deciduous needleleaf forest"
## [5] "Deciduous broadleaf forest" "Mixed forests"
## [7] "Closed shrublands" "Open shrublands"
## [9] "Woody savannas" "Savannas"
## [11] "Grasslands" "Permanent Wetlands"
## [13] "Croplands" "Urban and built-up"
## [15] "Cropland/natural vegetation mosaic" "Snow and ice"
## [17] "Barren or sparsely vegetated"

```

```
levels(newdat$landRel)
```

```

## [1] "Mixed forests" "Water bodies"
## [3] "Evergreen needleleaf forest" "Evergreen broadleaf forest"
## [5] "Deciduous needleleaf forest" "Deciduous broadleaf forest"
## [7] "Closed shrublands" "Open shrublands"
## [9] "Woody savannas" "Savannas"
## [11] "Grasslands" "Permanent Wetlands"
## [13] "Croplands" "Urban and built-up"
## [15] "Cropland/natural vegetation mosaic" "Snow and ice"
## [17] "Barren or sparsely vegetated"

```

```

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
  levels(swissFit$inla$.args$data$landOrig)
  levels(swissFitR$inla$.args$data$landRel)
}

```

```

## [1] "Mixed forests" "Water bodies"
## [3] "Evergreen needleleaf forest" "Deciduous needleleaf forest"
## [5] "Deciduous broadleaf forest" "Open shrublands"
## [7] "Grasslands" "Permanent Wetlands"
## [9] "Croplands" "Urban and built-up"
## [11] "Cropland/natural vegetation mosaic"

```

```

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
  knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)
  knitr::kable(swissFitR$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)
}

```

	mean	0.025quant	0.975quant
(Intercept)	2.988	2.466	3.497
elev	-0.001	-0.001	0.000
landRelWater bodies	-0.770	-1.514	-0.026
landRelEvergreen needleleaf forest	-0.438	-0.998	0.099
landRelDeciduous needleleaf forest	-0.370	-1.078	0.334
landRelDeciduous broadleaf forest	0.537	-0.157	1.251
landRelOpen shrublands	0.094	-0.980	1.175
landRelGrasslands	0.132	-0.240	0.503
landRelPermanent Wetlands	-2.453	-3.449	-1.464
landRelCroplands	-0.180	-0.528	0.162
landRelUrban and built-up	-0.505	-1.082	0.075
landRelCropland/natural vegetation mosaic	0.175	-0.100	0.452
range/1000	113.968	43.843	272.650
sdNugget	0.352	0.232	0.485
sd	0.803	0.462	1.386

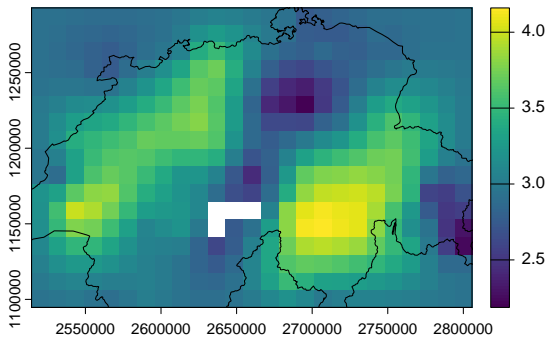
covariates are in data, interactions

```

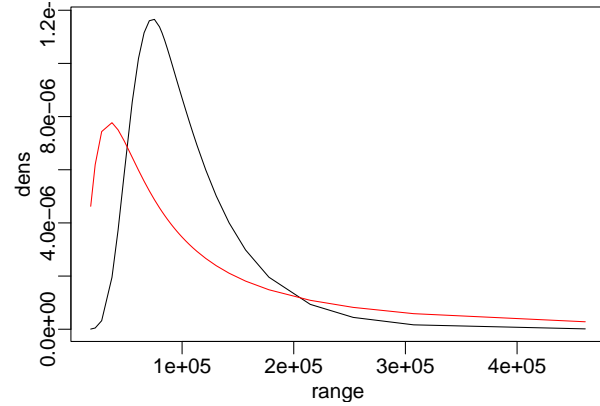
newdat = swissRain
newdat$elev = extract(swissAltitude, swissRain, ID=FALSE)

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = lograin~ elev : land,
  data=newdat,
  grid=geostatsp::squareRaster(swissRain,Ncell),
  covariates=list(land=swissLandType),
  family="gaussian", buffer=0,
  prior=list(sd=c(0.2, 0.5), range=c(100000,0.5)),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.family=list(hyper=list(prec=list(prior="loggamma",
    param=c(.1, .1))))
)
if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
  knitr::kable(swissFit$parameters$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)
}

```



(a) map



(b) range

Figure 6: interactions

	mean	0.025quant	0.975quant
(Intercept)	2.938	2.446	3.418
elev:landCropland/natural vegetation mosaic	0.000	-0.001	0.000
elev:landMixed forests	-0.001	-0.001	0.000
elev:landGrasslands	0.000	-0.001	0.000
elev:landCroplands	-0.001	-0.002	0.000
elev:landUrban and built-up	-0.001	-0.002	0.000
elev:landEvergreen needleleaf forest	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001
elev:landWater bodies	-0.002	-0.004	0.000
elev:landDeciduous needleleaf forest	-0.001	-0.001	0.000
elev:landDeciduous broadleaf forest	0.000	-0.001	0.001
elev:landOpen shrublands	-0.001	-0.001	0.000
elev:landPermanent Wetlands	-0.010	-0.013	-0.006
range/1000	107.824	42.672	253.213
sdNugget	0.347	0.231	0.477
sd	0.772	0.450	1.312

```

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
  plot(swissFit$raster[['predict.mean']])
  plot(swissBorder, add=TRUE)

  matplot(
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
    swissFit$parameters$range$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
    lty=1, col=c('black', 'red'), type='l',
    xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}

```

categorical tests

data('loaloe')

```

loaloe = unwrap(loaloe)
ltLoe = unwrap(ltLoe)
elevationLoe = unwrap(elevationLoe)
eviLoe = unwrap(eviLoe)

rcl = rbind(
  # wedlands and mixed forests to forest
  c(5,2),c(11,2),
# savannas to woody savannas
  c(9,8),
  # croplands and urban changed to crop/natural mosaic
  c(12,14),c(13,14))
ltLoeR = classify(ltLoe, rcl)
levels(ltLoeR) = levels(ltLoe)

elevationLoe = elevationLoe - 750
elevLow = min(elevationLoe, 0)
elevHigh = max(elevationLoe, 0)

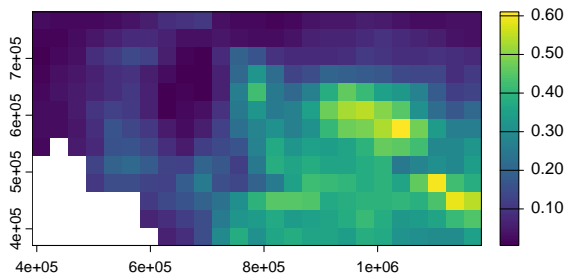
eviLoe2 = (eviLoe - 1e7)/1e6

covList = list(elLow = elevLow, elHigh = elevHigh,
  land = ltLoeR, evi=eviLoe2)

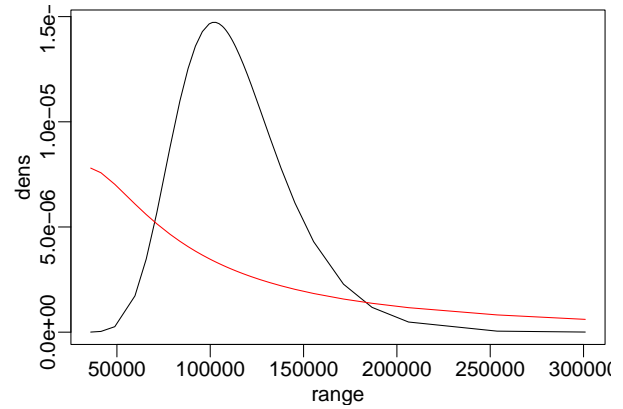
loaFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  y ~ 1 + land + evi + elHigh + elLow +
  f(villageID, prior = 'pc.prec', param = c(log(2), 0.5),
  model="iid"),
  loaloe,
  Ncell,
  covariates=covList,
  family="binomial", Ntrials = loaloe$N,
  shape=2, buffer=25000,
  prior = list(
    sd=log(2),
    range = 100*1000),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
)

if(length(loaFit$parameters)) {
  knitr::kable(loaFit$par$summary[,c(1,3,5)], digits=3)
}

```



(a) predict



(b) range

Figure 7: categorical

	mean	0.025quant	0.975quant
(Intercept)	-5.297	-7.309	-3.294
landWoody Savannas	-0.077	-0.575	0.416
landCropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaics	0.193	-0.227	0.614
evi	0.117	0.067	0.168
elHigh	-0.004	-0.005	-0.002
elLow	0.003	0.001	0.004
range/1000	114.211	65.707	186.697
sd	0.681	0.428	1.014
sd villageID	0.627	0.506	0.722

```

if(length loaFit$parameters) {
  plot(loaFit$raster[['predict.exp']])

matplot(
  loaFit$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
  loaFit$parameters$range$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
  lty=1, col=c('black', 'red'), type='l',
  xlab='range', ylab='dens')
}

prior for observation standard deviation

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm( formula="lograin", data=swissRain, grid=Ncell,
  covariates=swissAltitude, family="gaussian", buffer=20000,
  prior=list(sd=0.5, range=200000, sdObs=1),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
)

```

## no data checks

a model with little data, posterior should be same as prior

```
data2 = vect(cbind(c(1,0), c(0,1)),
  atts=data.frame(y=c(0,0), offset=c(-50,-50), x=c(-1,1)),
  crs = '+proj=merc')

resNoData = res = geostatsp::glgm(
  data=data2, grid=Ncell,
  formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),
  prior = list(sd=0.5, range=0.1),
  family="poisson",
  buffer=0.5,
  control.fixed=list(
    mean.intercept=0, prec.intercept=1,
    mean=0,prec=4),
  control.mode = list(theta = c(0.651, 1.61), restart=TRUE),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
)

if(length(res$parameters)) {
# beta
  plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
    xlab='beta',lwd=3)
  xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']]['x']
  lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
  legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# sd
  matplot(
    res$parameters$sd$posterior[, 'x'],
    res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
    xlim = c(0, 4),
    type='l', col=c('red', 'blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
  legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# range
  matplot(
    res$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
    res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
    xlim = c(0, 1.5),
    type='l', col=c('red', 'blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
```



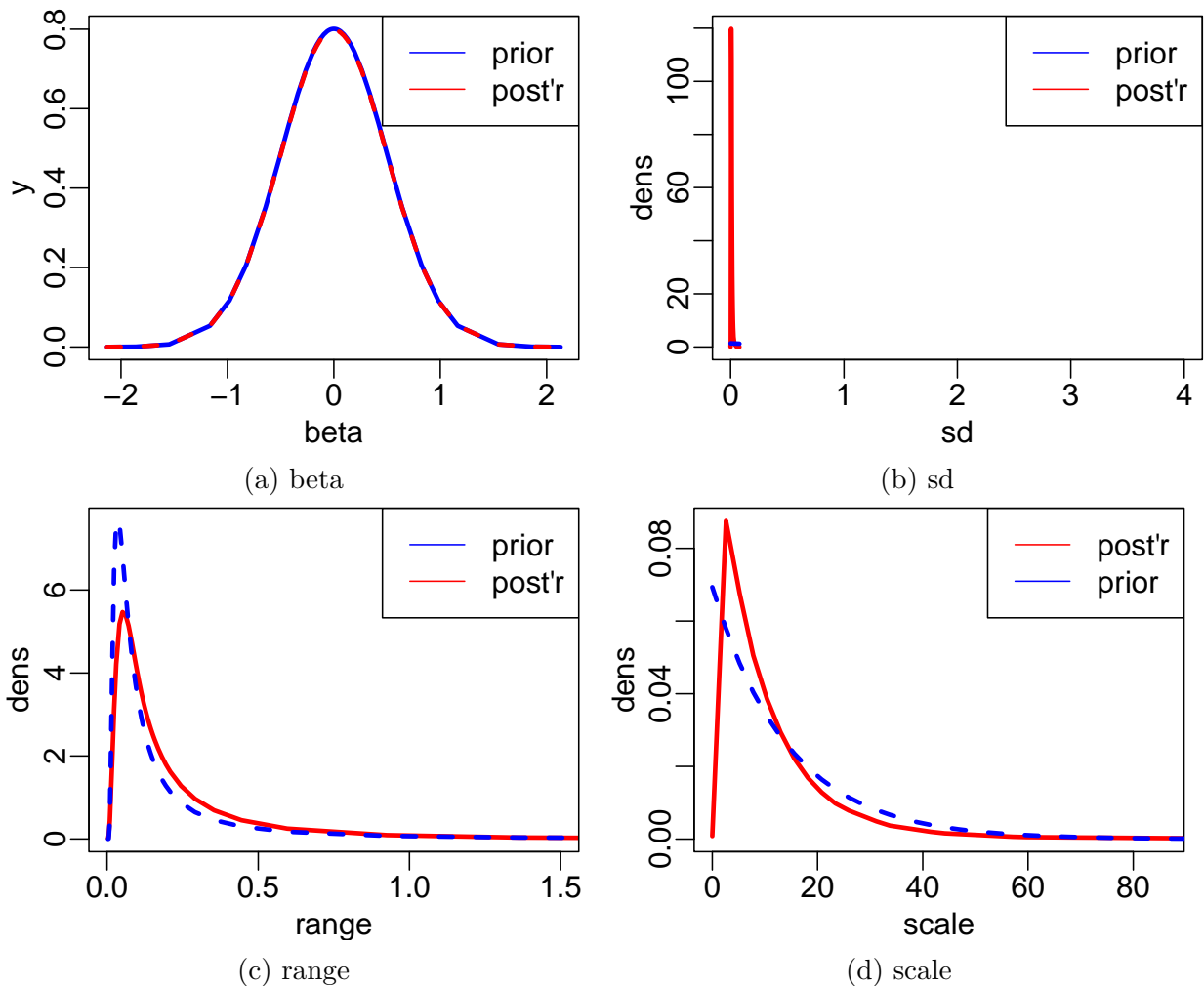


Figure 8: no data, pc priors

```

legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

  matplot(
    res$parameters$scale$posterior[, 'x'],
    res$parameters$scale$posterior[, c('y', 'prior')],
    xlim = c(0, 2/res$parameters$summary['range', '0.025quant']),
#   ylim = c(0, 10^(-3)), xlim = c(0,1000),
    type='l', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='scale',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
    legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))
  }

resQuantile = res = geostatsp::glgm(
  data=data2,
  grid=25,
  formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),

```

```

prior = list(
  sd=c(lower=0.2, upper=2),
  range=c(lower=0.02, upper=0.5)),
family="poisson", buffer=1,
control.fixed=list(
  mean.intercept=0, prec.intercept=1,
  mean=0,prec=4),
control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian')
)

if(length(res$parameters)) {
# beta
plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
  xlab='beta',lwd=3)
xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']],['x']
lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# sd
matplot(
  res$parameters$sd$posterior[, 'x'],
  res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
  xlim = c(0, 4),
  type='l', col=c('red', 'blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# range
matplot(
  res$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
  res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
  xlim = c(0, 1.2*res$parameters$summary['range', '0.975quant']),
#   xlim = c(0, 1), ylim = c(0,5),
  type='l', col=c('red', 'blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))

# scale
matplot(
  res$parameters$scale$posterior[, 'x'],
  res$parameters$scale$posterior[,c('y', 'prior')],
  xlim = c(0, 2/res$parameters$summary['range', '0.025quant']),
#   ylim = c(0, 10^(-3)), xlim = c(0,1000),
  type='l', col=c('red', 'blue'),xlab='scale',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
legend("topright", col=c("red","blue"),lty=1,legend=c("post'r","prior"))
}

```

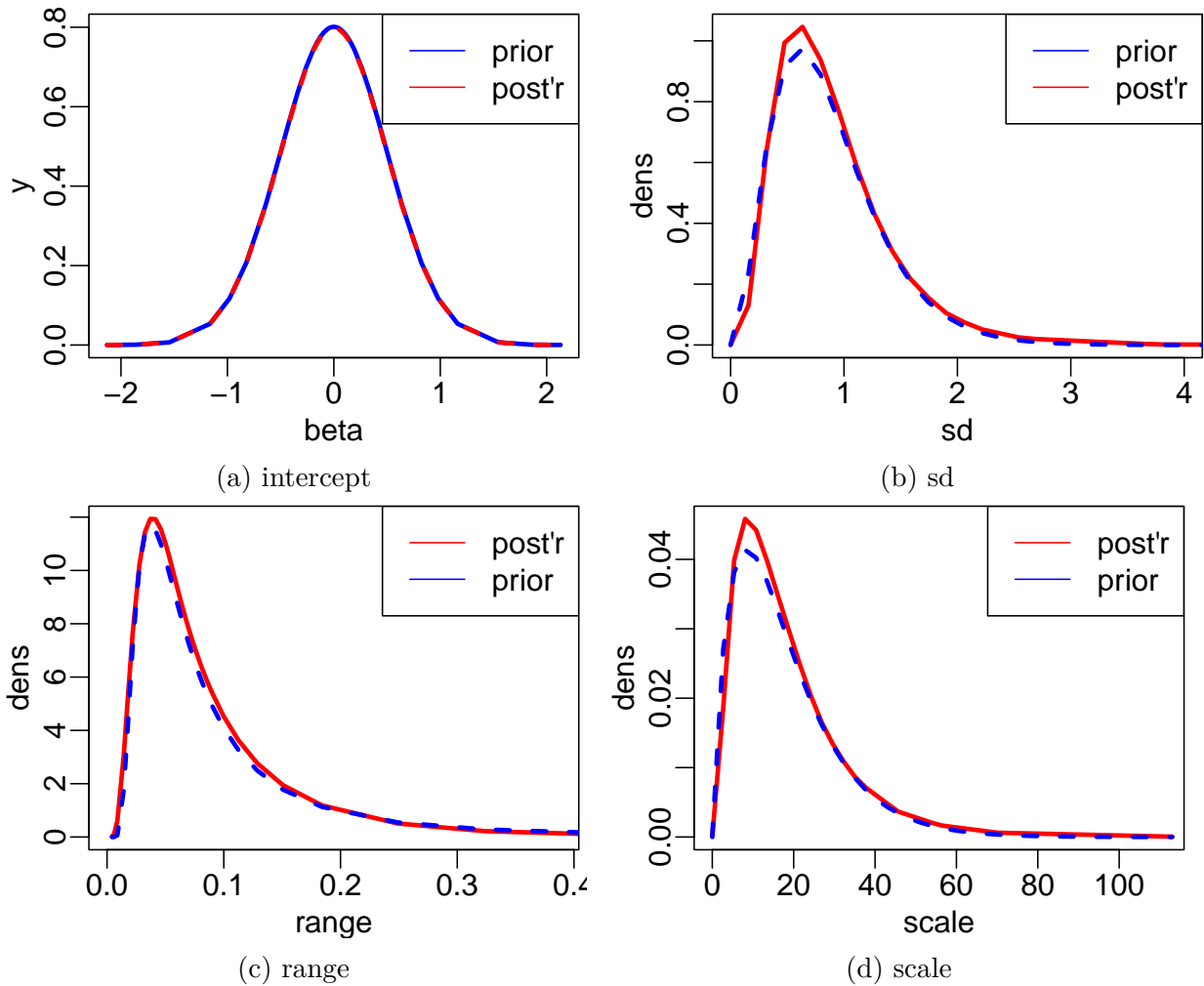


Figure 9: no data quantile priors

No data, legacy priors

```
resLegacy = res = geostatsp::glgm(data=data2,
  grid=20,
  formula=y~1 + x+offset(offset),
  priorCI = list(
    sd=c(lower=0.3,upper=0.5),
    range=c(lower=0.25, upper=0.4)),
  family="poisson",
  buffer=0.5,
  control.fixed=list(
    mean.intercept=0,
    prec.intercept=1,
    mean=0, prec=4),
  control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
  control.mode=list(theta=c(2, 2),restart=TRUE)
```

```

)

if(length(res$parameters)) {
# intercept
plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['(Intercept)']], col='blue', type='l',
      xlab='intercept',lwd=3)
xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['(Intercept)']][,'x']
lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# beta
plot(res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']], col='blue', type='l',
      xlab='beta',lwd=3)
xseq = res$inla$marginals.fixed[['x']][,'x']
lines(xseq, dnorm(xseq, 0, 1/2),col='red',lty=2,lwd=3)
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# sd
matplot(
  res$parameters$sd$posterior[, 'x'],
  res$parameters$sd$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
  type='l', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='sd',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))

# range
matplot(
  res$parameters$range$posterior[, 'x'],
  res$parameters$range$posterior[,c('y','prior')],
  type='l', col=c('red','blue'),xlab='range',lwd=3, ylab='dens')
legend("topright", col=c("blue","red"),lty=1,legend=c("prior","post'r"))
}

```

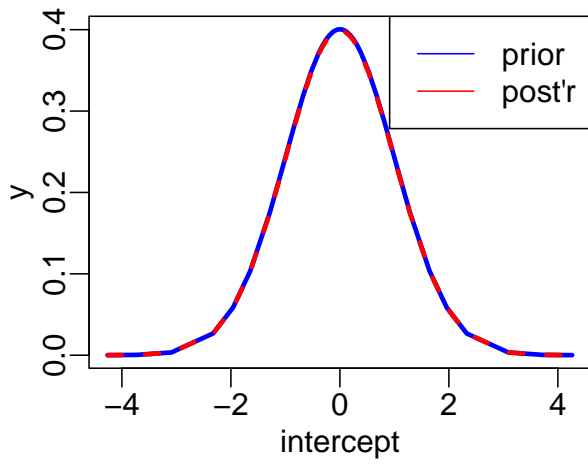
specifying spatial formula

```

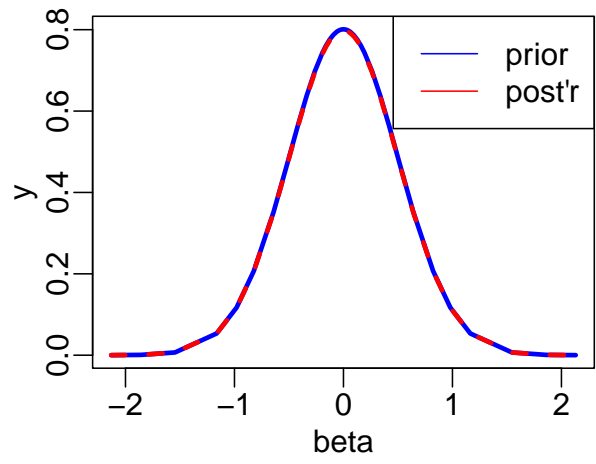
swissRain$group = 1+rbinom(length(swissRain), 1, 0.5)
theGrid = geostatsp::squareRaster(swissRain, Ncell, buffer=10*1000)

swissFit = geostatsp::glgm(
  formula = rain ~ 1,
  data=swissRain,
  grid=theGrid,
  family="gaussian",
  spaceFormula = ~ f(space, model='matern2d',
    nrow = nrow(theGrid), ncol = ncol(theGrid),

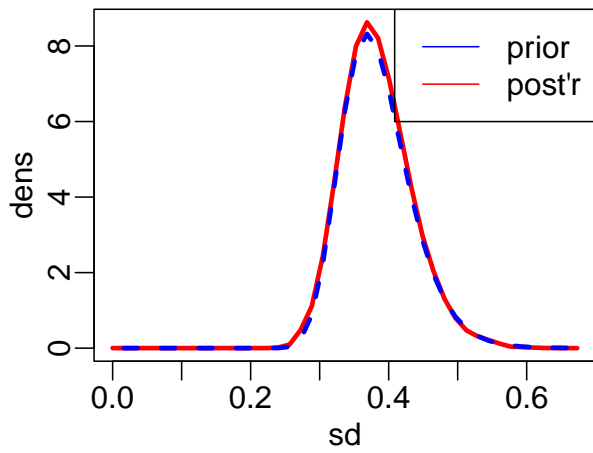
```



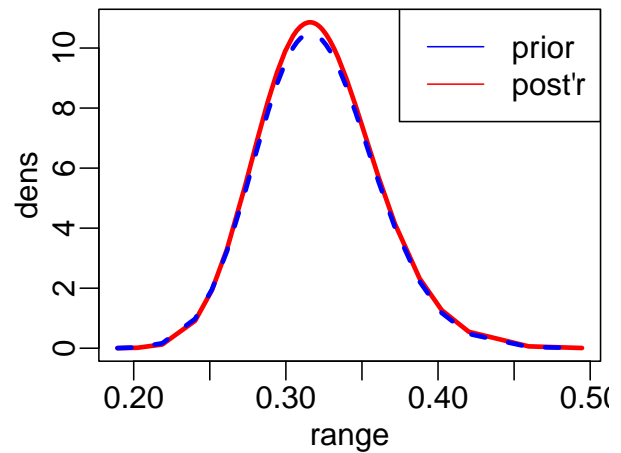
(a) intercept



(b) beta

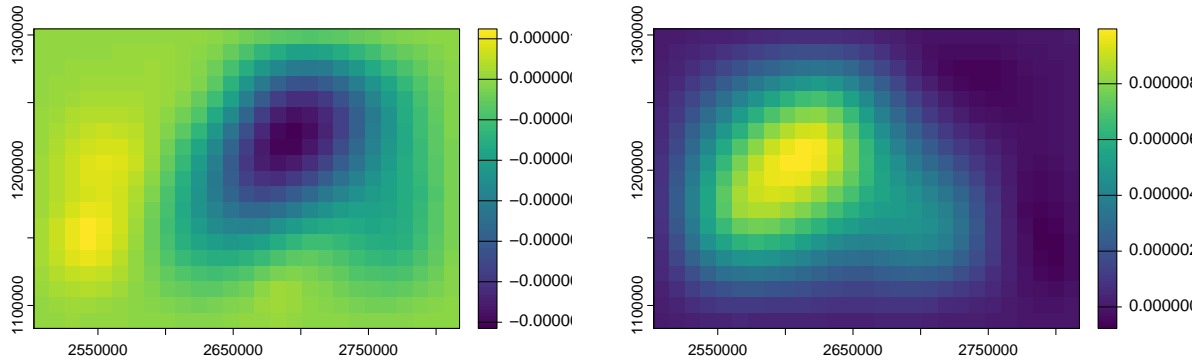


(c) sd



(d) range

Figure 10: No data, legacy priors



(a) one

(b) two

Figure 11: spatial formula provided

```

nu = 1, replicate = group),
control.inla = list(strategy='gaussian'),
)

if(length(swissFit$parameters)) {
  swissFit$rasterTwo = setValues(
    rast(swissFit$raster, nlyrs=2),
    as.matrix(swissFit$inla$summary.random$space[
      ncell(theGrid)+values(swissFit$raster[['space']]),
      c('mean', '0.5quant')]))
  plot(swissFit$raster[['random.mean']])

  plot(swissFit$rasterTwo[['mean']])
}

```