Package 'fslr'

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Type Package

Title Wrapper Functions for 'FSL' ('FMRIB' Software Library) from Functional MRI of the Brain ('FMRIB')

Version 2.25.3

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Description Wrapper functions that interface with 'FSL' <http://fsl.fmrib.ox.ac.uk/fsl/fslwiki/>, a powerful and commonly-used 'neuroimaging' software, using system commands. The goal is to be able to interface with 'FSL' completely in R, where you pass R objects of class 'nifti', implemented by package 'oro.nifti', and the function executes an 'FSL' command and returns an R object of class 'nifti' if desired.

Imports methods, R.utils, graphics, grDevices, stats, utils

Depends oro.nifti (>= 0.5.0), neurobase (>= 1.32.0), R (>= 3.2.0)

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VignetteBuilder knitr

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, covr

BugReports https://github.com/muschellij2/fslr/issues

SystemRequirements FSL

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

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R topics documented:

`applytopup` *applytopup - calling FSL applytopup*

Description

A tool for applying and correcting estimated susceptibility induced distortions

Usage

```
applytopup(
  infile,
  datain,
  index,
  topup_files,
  out = NULL,
  method = c("lsr", "jac"),
  interp = c("spline", "trilinear"),
  verbose = TRUE
)

apply_topup(...)

fsl_applytopup(...)
```

Arguments

`infile`	list of names of input image (to be corrected)
`datain`	name of text file with PE directions/times
`index`	list of indices into –datain of the input image (to be corrected)
`topup_files`	name of field/movements (from topup)
`out`	basename for output (warped) image
`method`	Use jacobian modulation (jac) or least-squares resampling (lsr), default=lsr.
`interp`	Image interpolation model, trilinear or spline. Default spline
`verbose`	Print diagnostic information while running
`...`	arguments passed to `topup` if using `fsl_topup`

aux.file-methods *Extract Image aux.file attribute*

Description

aux_file method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
aux.file(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

bitpix-methods *Extract Image bitpix attribute*

Description

bitpix method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
bitpix(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

cal.max-methods *Extract Image cal.max attribute*

Description

cal_max method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
cal.max(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

cal.min-methods *Extract Image cal.min attribute*

Description

cal_min method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
cal.min(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

checkout *Determine of Q and S forms are consistent*

Description

This function determines if the determinants of the sform and qform have the same sign

Usage

```
checkout(hd)
```

Arguments

hd	(list) sforms from getForms

Value

logical indicating if sform and qform consistent

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
   "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
 forms = getForms(mnifile)
 checkout(forms)
}
```

check_file *Wrapper for getForms with filename*

Description

Checking the q/s-forms for a header

Usage

```
check_file(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
...	options passed to checkimg

Value

result of checkout

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = mni_fname("2")
 check_file(mnifile)
}
```

datatype-methods *Extract Image datatype attribute*

Description

datatype method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
datatype(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

data_type-methods *Extract Image data_type attribute*

Description

data_type method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
data_type(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

descrip-methods *Extract Image descrip attribute*

Description

descrip method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
descrip(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

dim_-methods *Extract Image dim_ attribute*

Description

dim_ method for class character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
dim_(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

download_fsl *Download FSL*

Description

Download FSL Tarball

Usage

```
download_fsl(
 os = c("macosx", "redhat5", "redhat6", "centos5", "centos6", "debian", "ubuntu"),
  outdir = tempdir(),
  overwrite = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

os	Operating system
outdir	Output directory for tarball
overwrite	If file.path(outdir, tarball_name) exists, should it be overwritten?
...	Arguments to pass to download.file

Value

Filename of destination file

dtifit *DTI Fitting Procedure from FSL*

Description

Calls dtifit from FSL

Usage

```
dtifit(
  infile,
  bvecs,
  bvals,
  mask = NULL,
  outprefix = NULL,
  opts = "",
  bet.opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
```

```
  sse = FALSE,
  save_tensor = FALSE,
  grad_image = NULL
)
```

Arguments

infile	Input filename
bvecs	b-vectors: matrix of 3 columns or filename of ASCII text file
bvals	b-values: vector of same length as number of rows of b-vectors or filename of ASCII text file
mask	Mask filename
outprefix	Output prefix
opts	Additional options for dtifit
bet.opts	Options for fslbet if mask is not supplied
verbose	print diagnostic messages
sse	Save sum of squared errors
save_tensor	Save tensor file out
grad_image	Gradient Nonlinearity Tensor file

Value

Vector of character filenames of output. See Note

Note

On successful completion of the command, the following files will be output, which are: mask - the mask used in the analysis outprefix_V1 - 1st eigenvector outprefix_V2 - 2nd eigenvector outprefix_V3 - 3rd eigenvector outprefix_L1 - 1st eigenvalue outprefix_L2 - 2nd eigenvalue outprefix_L3 - 3rd eigenvalue outprefix_MD - mean diffusivity outprefix_FA - fractional anisotropy outprefix_MO - mode of the anisotropy (oblate ~ -1; isotropic ~ 0; prolate ~ 1) outprefix_S0 - raw T2 signal with no diffusion weighting optional output If sse = TRUE, then the additional file will be present: outprefix_sse - Sum of squared error If save_tensor = TRUE, then the additional file will be present: outprefix_tensor - tensor as a 4D file in this order: Dxx,Dxy,Dxz,Dyy,Dyz,Dzz

---

eddy *Eddy Current Correction*

Description

This function calls eddy from FSL for DTI Processing

Usage

```
eddy(
  infile,
  mask,
  acq_file,
  index_file,
  bvecs,
  bvals,
  topup = NULL,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  eddy_cmd = c("eddy", "eddy_openmp", "eddy_cuda"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

infile	input filename of 4D image.
mask	Mask filename (or class nifti)
acq_file	A text-file describing the acquisition parameters for the different images in infile The format of this file is identical to that used by topup (though the parameter is called --datain there).
index_file	A text-file that determines the relationship between on the one hand the images in infile and on the other hand the acquisition parameters in acq_file.
bvecs	A text file with normalised vectors describing the direction of the diffusion weighting.
bvals	A text file with b-values describing the "amount of" diffusion weighting
topup	This should only be specified if you have previously run ‘topup‘ on your data and should be the same name that you gave as an argument to the –out parameter when you ran topup, aka the base name for output files from topup.
outfile	Output file basename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
opts	Additional options to pass to arguments passed to eddy
verbose	print diagnostic messages
eddy_cmd	The version of eddy to run.
...	Not currently used

Value

Result from system command currently

eddy_correct *Eddy Current Correction*

Description

This function calls `eddy_correct` from FSL for DTI Processing

Usage

```
eddy_correct(infile, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reference_no = 0, ...)
```

Arguments

`infile`	input filename of 4D image.
`outfile`	Output filename
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reference_no`	Set the volume number for the reference volume that will be used as a target to register all other volumes to. (default=0, i.e. the first volume)
`...`	Additional arguments passed to `fslcmd`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

enforce_form *Enforce Either Qform or Sform is set*

Description

Enforce Either Qform or Sform is set

Usage

```
enforce_form(file, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
`...`	additional arguments to pass to `getForms`

Value

A character filename

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
res = enforce_form(mni_fname())
}
```

`face_removal_mask` *Face Removal Mask*

Description

Face Removal Mask

Usage

```
face_removal_mask(
  file,
  template = mni_fname(mm = "1"),
  face_mask = mni_face_fname(mm = "1"),
  outfile = NULL,
  dof = 12,
  cost = "mutualinfo",
  retimg = FALSE
)

deface_image(file, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	input image
`template`	Template image to register input image to. Set to `NULL` (recommended) if want to use from https://github.com/poldracklab/pydeface. Alternatively, use `mni_fname`.
`face_mask`	Mask of image, in same space as `template`. Set to `NULL` (recommended) if want to use from https://github.com/poldracklab/pydeface. Alternatively, use `mni_face_fname`.
`outfile`	Output file name
`dof`	(numeric) degrees of freedom (default 6 - rigid body)
`cost`	Cost function passed to `flirt`
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`...`	not used

Value

An image or filename depending on `retimg`

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
   file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
   if (file.exists(file)) {
       mask = face_removal_mask(file = file,
         template = NULL, face_mask = NULL)
       image = fslmask(file, mask)
   }
}
```

`fast` *FSL FAST*

Description

This function calls `fast` from FSL

Usage

```
fast(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  bias_correct = TRUE,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  type = c("T1", "T2", "PD"),
  out_type = c("seg", "mixeltype", "pve_0", "pve_1", "pve_2", "pveseg"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  all_images = FALSE,
  ...
)

fast_all(..., all_images = TRUE)

fast_nobias_all(..., bias_correct = FALSE, all_images = FALSE)

fsl_fast(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslfast(...)

fsl_fast_nobias(
  ...,
  bias_correct = FALSE,
```

```
  outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
  retimg = FALSE
)

fast_nobias(..., bias_correct = FALSE)

fslfast_nobias(..., bias_correct = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
bias_correct	(logical) if FALSE, then "--nobias" is passed to FAST. Additional options can be sent using opts, but this is the most commonly one changed.
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fast
type	type of image T1, T2, or PD.
out_type	(character) Suffix to grab from outfile. For example, output filename is paste0(outfile, "_", out_type)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
all_images	If retimg
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fast.help *FAST help*

Description

This function calls fast's help

Usage

```
fast.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fast.help()
}
```

`flirt` *Register using FLIRT*

Description

This function calls `flirt` to register infile to reffile and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti, along with the transformation matrix omat

Usage

```
flirt(
  infile,
  reffile,
  omat = NULL,
  dof = 6,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`infile`	(character) input filename
`reffile`	(character) reference image to be registered to
`omat`	(character) Output matrix name
`dof`	(numeric) degrees of freedom (default 6 - rigid body)
`outfile`	(character) output filename
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) pass to `system`
`opts`	(character) additional options to FLIRT
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

`flirt.help` *FLIRT help*

Description

This function calls `flirt`'s help

Usage

```
flirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 flirt.help()
}
```

`flirt_apply` *Apply Warp from FLIRT*

Description

This function applies a matrix from `flirt` to other images

Usage

```
flirt_apply(
  infile,
  reffile,
  initmat,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
initmat	(character) Matrix of transformation
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

---

fnirt *Register using FNIRT*

Description

This function calls fnirt to register infile to reffile and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fnirt(
  infile,
  reffile,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

---

fnirt.help *FNIRT help*

Description

This function calls fnirt's help

Usage

```
fnirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

---

fnirt_with_affine *Register using FNIRT, but doing Affine Registration as well*

Description

This function calls fnirt to register infile to reffile and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti, but does the affine registration first

Usage

```
fnirt_with_affine(
  infile,
  reffile,
  flirt.omat = NULL,
  flirt.outfile = NULL,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  flirt.opts = "",
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
flirt.omat	(character) Filename of output affine matrix
flirt.outfile	(character) Filename of output affine-registered image
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
flirt.opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
opts	(character) additional options to FNIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

---

fnirt_with_affine_apply

Applies FLIRT then FNIRT transformations

Description

Applies an affine transformation with FLIRT then the warp image with FNIRT

Usage

```
fnirt_with_affine_apply(
  infile,
  reffile,
  flirt.omat = NULL,
  flirt.outfile = NULL,
  fnirt.warpfile = NULL,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  flirt.opts = "",
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`infile`	(character) input filename
`reffile`	(character) reference image to be registered to
`flirt.omat`	(character) Filename of output affine matrix
`flirt.outfile`	(character) Filename of output affine-registered image
`fnirt.warpfile`	(character) Filename of warp image from `fnirt`
`outfile`	(character) output filename
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) pass to `system`
`flirt.opts`	(character) additional options to FLIRT
`opts`	(character) additional options to FNIRT
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

See Also

fnirt_with_affine

fslabs.help *fslabs Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslabs` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslabs.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslabs.help()
}
```

fslacos.help *fslacos Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslacos` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslacos.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslacos.help()
}
```

fsladd.help *fsladd Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fsladd is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fsladd.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsladd.help()
}
```

fsland *Logical AND with Images using FSL*

Description

This function multiplies two images using fslmul) after binarizing the images (using fslbin

Usage

```
fsland(file, file2, ...)

fsl_and(file, file2, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be multiplied
...	additional arguments passed to fslmul.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fslasin.help` *fslasin Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslasin` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslasin.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslasin.help()
}
```

`fslatan.help` *fslatan Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslatan` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslatan.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslatan.help()
}
```

---

fslbet.help *Help for FSL BET*

Description

This function calls bet's help

Usage

```
fslbet.help(betcmd = c("bet2", "bet"))
```

Arguments

betcmd	(character) Get help for bet or bet2 function

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslbet.help()
 fslbet.help("bet")
}
```

fslbin.help *fslbin Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslbin is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslbin.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslbin.help()
}
```

fslbinv.help *fslbinv Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslbinv is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslbinv.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslbinv.help()
}
```

`fslchfiletype` *FSL Change file type*

Description

This function calls `fslchfiletype`

Usage

```
fslchfiletype(
  file,
  filetype = "NIFTI_GZ",
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`filetype`	filetype to change image to
`outfile`	Output filename. If NULL, will overwrite input file
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If `retimg`, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslchfiletype.help *fslchfiletype help*

Description

This function calls `fslchfiletype`'s help

Usage

```
fslchfiletype.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslchfiletype.help()
}
```

fslcmd *FSL Command Wrapper*

Description

This function calls fsl command passed to `func`

Usage

```
fslcmd(
  func,
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  samefile = FALSE,
  opts_after_outfile = FALSE,
  frontopts = "",
  no.outfile = FALSE,
  trim_front = FALSE,
  run = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

func	(character) FSL function
file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to func
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
samefile	(logical) is the output the same file?
opts_after_outfile	(logical) should opts come after the outfile in the FSL command?
frontopts	(character) options/character to put in before filename
no.outfile	(logical) is there an output file in the arguments of the FSL function?
trim_front	trim the whitespace from the front of the command.
run	(logical) Should the command just be printed (if FALSE)?
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

---

fslcog *Image Center of Gravity (FSL)*

Description

Find Center of Gravity of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslcog(img, mm = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
mm	Logical if the center of gravity (COG) would be in mm (default TRUE) or voxels (FALSE)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of length 3 unless ts option invoked

Note

FSL uses a 0-based indexing system, which will give you a different answer compared to cog, but `fslcog(img, mm = FALSE) +1` should be relatively close to `cog(img)`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
fslcog(img)
}
```

`fslcos.help` *fslcos Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslcos` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslcos.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslcos.help()
}
```

`fslcpgeom` *FSL Copy Geometry*

Description

This function calls `fslcpgeom`

Usage

```
fslcpgeom(
  file,
  file_with_header,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`file_with_header`	image with header to be copied over
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslcpgeom.help *fslcpgeom help*

Description

This function calls fslcpgeom's help

Usage

```
fslcpgeom.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslcpgeom.help()
}
```

fsldir *Get FSL's Directory*

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or getOption("fsl.path") for location of FSL functions and returns it

Usage

```
fsldir()

fsl_dir()
```

Value

Character path

fsldiv.help *fsldiv Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fsldiv is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fsldiv.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsldiv.help()
}
```

fsledge.help *fsledge Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fsledge is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fsledge.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsledge.help()
}
```

fslentropy *Image Mean Entropy*

Description

Estimates Mean Entropy of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslentropy(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
nonzero	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -e or -E in fslstats

fslepi_reg *Register EPI images to Structural image*

Description

This function calls epi_reg, designed to register EPI images (typically functional or diffusion) to structural (e.g. T1-weighted) image.

Usage

```
fslepi_reg(
  epi,
  t1,
  t1_brain,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  fmap = NULL,
```

```
  fmap_mag = NULL,
  fmap_mag_brain = NULL,
  echo_spacing = NA,
  phase_enc_dir = c("x", "y", "z", "-x", "-y", "-z"),
  weight = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)

fsl_epi_reg(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

epi_reg(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

epi	EPI image, character or nifti object
t1	whole head T1 image , character or nifti object
t1_brain	brain extracted T1 image
outfile	output registered image filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
fmap	fieldmap image (in rad/s)
fmap_mag	fieldmap magnitude image - whole head extracted
fmap_mag_brain	fieldmap magnitude image - brain extracted
echo_spacing	Effective EPI echo spacing (sometimes called dwell time) - in seconds
phase_enc_dir	phase encoding direction, dir = x/y/z/-x/-y/-z
weight	weighting image (in T1 space)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslerode.help *fslerode Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslerode is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslerode.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslerode.help()
}
```

fslexp.help *fslexp Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslexp is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslexp.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslexp.help()
}
```

fslfill.help *fslfill Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslfill` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslfill.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslfill.help()
}
```

fslfill2 *Fill image holes with dilation then erosion*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths` to dilate an image, then calls it again to erode it.

Usage

```
fslfill2(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  kopts = "",
  remove.ends = TRUE,
  refill = TRUE,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be filled
outfile	(character) name of resultant filled file
kopts	(character) Options passed for kernel before erosion/dilation
remove.ends	(logical) Remove top and bottom dilation.
refill	(logical) Run fslfill after dilation/erosion.
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

This function binarizes the image before running.

---

fslgetorient *FSL Orientation Wrappers*

Description

This function calls fslorient -get* and is a simple wrapper of fslorient

Usage

```
fslgetorient(file, verbose = TRUE)

fslgetsform(file, verbose = TRUE)

fslgetqform(file, verbose = TRUE)

fslgetsformcode(file, verbose = TRUE)

fslgetqformcode(file, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, output from FSL

fslhd *Get NIfTI header using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslhd` to obtain a nifti header

Usage

```
fslhd(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
`opts`	(character) additional options to be passed to fslhd
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	options passed to `checkimg`

Value

Character of information from fslhd

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
   "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
 fslhd(mnifile)
}
```

fslhd.help *FSLhd help*

Description

This function calls `fslhd`'s help

Usage

```
fslhd.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslhd.help()
}
```

`fslhd.parse` *Parse FSL Header*

Description

This function takes in a FSL header and parses the components

Usage

```
fslhd.parse(hd)
```

Arguments

hd	(character) header from `fslhd`

Value

data.frame of information from FSL header

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = mni_fname("2")
 hd = fslhd(mnifile)
 fslhd.parse(hd)
}
```

`fslhelp` *Wrapper for getting fsl help*

Description

This function takes in the function and returns the help from FSL for that function

Usage

```
fslhelp(func_name, help.arg = "--help", extra.args = "")
```

Arguments

`func_name`	FSL function name
`help.arg`	Argument to print help, usually "–help"
`extra.args`	Extra arguments to be passed other than `--help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

`fslindex.help` *fslindex Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslindex` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslindex.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslindex.help()
}
```

fsllog.help *fsllog Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fsllog` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsllog.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsllog.help()
}
```

fslmask.help *fslmask Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslmask` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslmask.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslmask.help()
}
```

fslmaths.help *FSL Maths Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help

Usage

```
fslmaths.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslmaths.help()
}
```

fslmax *Get min/max of an image*

Description

This function calls the range or robust range functions from FSL and then extracts the min/max

Usage

```
fslmax(file, ...)

fslmin(file, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) filename of image to be checked
`...`	options passed to `fslrange`

Value

Numeric vector of mins/maxs or just one depending if `ts` = `TRUE`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
   "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
 fslmax(mnifile)
}
```

`fslmean` *Image Mean*

Description

Estimates Mean of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslmean(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`img`	Object of class nifti, or path of file
`nonzero`	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`ts`	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking `-t` option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -m or -M in `fslstats`

`fslmerge.help` *FSLMerge help*

Description

This function calls `fslmerge`'s help

Usage

```
fslmerge.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslmerge.help()
}
```

`fslmul.help` *fslmul Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslmul` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslmul.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslmul.help()
}
```

`fslnan.help` *fslnan Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslnan` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslnan.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslnan.help()
}
```

`fslnanm.help` *fslnanm Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslnanm` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslnanm.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslnanm.help()
}
```

`fslor` *Perform OR/Union operation on Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths file -add file2 -bin` after binarizing `file` and `file2` using `fslbin`.

Usage

```
fslor(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  ...
)

fsl_or(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) input image
`file2`	(character) image to be unioned
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslorient *FSL Orient*

Description

This function calls `fslorient`

Usage

```
fslorient(
  file,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If `retimg`, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslorient`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslorient.help *fslorient help*

Description

This function calls `fslorient`'s help

Usage

```
fslorient.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslorient.help()
}
```

---

fslorienter *Wrapper for FSL Get Orientation*

Description

This function calls `fslorient -getorient` and is a simple wrapper of `fslorient`

Usage

```
fslorienter(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`opts`	option to send to fslorient
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, output from FSL

---

fslrand.help *fslrand Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslrand` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrand.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslrand.help()
}
```

`fslrandn.help` *fslrandn Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslrandn` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrandn.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslrandn.help()
}
```

`fslrange` *Get range of an image*

Description

This function calls `fslstats -R` to get the range of an image or `fslstats -r` to get the robust range

Usage

```
fslrange(file, robust = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
robust	(logical) Should the range be robust (-r)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option
...	options passed to checkimg

Value

numeric vector of length 2

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
   "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
 fslrange(mnifile)
}
```

---

fslrecip.help *fslrecip Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslrecip is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslrecip.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslrecip.help()
}
```

fslrem.help *fslrem Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslrem` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrem.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslrem.help()
}
```

fslreorient2std *FSL Orient to MNI*

Description

This function calls `fslreorient2std`

Usage

```
fslreorient2std(
  file,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)

fslreorient2std_mat(
  file,
```

```
  matfile = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
opts	additional options to pass to fslreorient2std
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
matfile	Output file for the matrix for reorientation

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

---

fslreorient2std.help *fslreorient2std help*

Description

This function calls fslreorient2std's help

Usage

```
fslreorient2std.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslreorient2std.help()
}
```

`fslrobustfov` *FSL Robust Field of View*

Description

This function calls `robustfov` to automatically crop the image

Usage

```
fslrobustfov(
  file,
  brain_size = NULL,
  mat_name = NULL,
  roi_name = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)

fsl_robustfov(retimg = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`brain_size`	size of brain in z-dimension (default 150mm)
`mat_name`	matrix output name
`roi_name`	ROI volume output name
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If `retimg`, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslrobustfov.help *FSL Robust Field of View Help*

Description

This function calls `robustfov` help

Usage

```
fslrobustfov.help()
```

fslroi *FSL ROI*

Description

This function calls `fslroi`

Usage

```
fslroi(
  file,
  xmin = 0,
  xsize = -1,
  ymin = 0,
  ysize = -1,
  zmin = 0,
  zsize = -1,
  tmin = NULL,
  tsize = NULL,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)

fsl_roi(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslroi_time(file, tmin = NULL, tsize = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
xmin	Minimum index for x-dimension
xsize	Size of ROI in x-dimension
ymin	Minimum index for y-dimension
ysize	Size of ROI in y-dimension
zmin	Minimum index for z-dimension
zsize	Size of ROI in z-dimension
tmin	Minimum index for t-dimension
tsize	Size of ROI in t-dimension
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Indexing (in both time and space) starts with 0 not 1! Inputting -1 for a size will set it to the full image extent for that dimension.

---

fslsd *Image Standard Deviation*

Description

Estimates Standard Deviation of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslsd(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
nonzero	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -s or -S in `fslstats`

`fslsin` *Sine Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsin(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) input image to sine transform
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslsin.help *fslsin Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslsin` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsin.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsin.help()
}
```

fslslicetimer *FSL Slice Timing Correction*

Description

This function calls `slicetimer` and performs slice timing correction for fMRI data

Usage

```
fslslicetimer(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  tr = 3,
  direction = "z",
  indexing = c("up", "down"),
  acq_order = c("contiguous", "interleaved"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
```

```
)

fsl_slicetimer(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
tr	(numeric) Repeat time in seconds
direction	(character) Direction of acquisition
indexing	(character) Whether indexing was bottom up (default) or down using --down option
acq_order	(character) Order of acquisition, either contiguous or interleaved
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fslsmooth.help *fslsmooth Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsmooth is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsmooth.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsmooth.help()
}
```

`fslsmooth_in_mask` *Smooth Image Within a Mask Only*

Description

This function smooth an image within a mask and replaces the values of the original image with the smoothed values.

Usage

```
fslsmooth_in_mask(file, sigma = 10, mask = NULL, ...)

fsl_smooth_in_mask(...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be smoothed
`sigma`	(numeric) sigma (in mm) of Gaussian kernel for smoothing
`mask`	(character) optional mask given for image
`...`	additional arguments passed to `fslsmooth`.

Value

Object of class `nifti`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = abs(img ) > 1
s.img = fslsmooth_in_mask(img, mask = mask)
})
}
```

`fslsplit` *Split images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslsplit` to merge files on some dimension and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fslsplit(
  infile,
  direction = c("t", "x", "y", "z"),
  output_basename = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

fsl_split(..., retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`infile`	(character) input filename
`direction`	(character) direction to split over: t (time), x, y, z
`output_basename`	(character) prefix to have for output
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	not used

Value

List of output files

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslsplit.help *FSL Split help*

Description

This function calls `fslsplit`'s help

Usage

```
fslsplit.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsplit.help()
}
```

fslsqr.help *fslsqr Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslsqr` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsqr.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsqr.help()
}
```

fslsqrt.help *fslsqrt Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslsqrt` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsqrt.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsqrt.help()
}
```

fslstats *FSL Stats*

Description

This function calls `fslstats`

Usage

```
fslstats(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) filename of image to be checked
`opts`	(character) operation passed to `fslstats`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`ts`	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking `-t` option
`...`	options passed to `checkimg`

Value

Result of fslstats command

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
entropy = fslstats(img, opts='-E')
})
}
```

---

fslstats.help *FSL Stats Help*

Description

This function calls `fslstats`'s help

Usage

```
fslstats.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslstats.help()
}
```

---

fslsub.help *fslsub Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslsub` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsub.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsub.help()
}
```

---

fslsub2.help *fslsub2 Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsub2 is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsub2.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslsub2.help()
}
```

fslsum *FSL Sum*

Description

This function calls `fslstats -M -V` to get product, aka the approximate sum.

Usage

```
fslsum(file, opts = "", ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) filename of image to be checked
`opts`	Additional options to pass to `fslstats`
`ts`	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking `-t` option
`...`	options passed to `fslstats`

Value

Numeric value

Note

This may be approximate due to rounding

fslswapdim.help *fslswapdim help*

Description

This function calls `fslswapdim`'s help

Usage

```
fslswapdim.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslswapdim.help()
}
```

fsltan.help *fsltan Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fsltan` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsltan.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsltan.help()
}
```

fslthresh.help *fslthresh Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslthresh` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslthresh.help(...)
```

Arguments

`...`	passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslthresh.help()
}
```

fslval *Get value from FSL header*

Description

This function calls `fslval` to obtain a nifti header

Usage

```
fslval(file, keyword = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
`keyword`	(character) keyword to be taken from fslhd
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	options passed to `checkimg`

Value

Character of information from fslhd field specified in keyword

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
   "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
 fslval(mnifile, keyword = "dim1")
}
```

fslval.help *fslval help*

Description

This function calls `fslval`'s help

Usage

```
fslval.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fslval.help()
}
```

`fslview` *Open image in FSLView*

Description

This function calls `fslview` to view an image in the FSL viewer

Usage

```
fslview(file, intern = TRUE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)

fsleyes(file, intern = TRUE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) filename of image to be thresholded
`intern`	(logical) pass to `system`
`opts`	(character) options for FSLView
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	options passed to `checkimg`

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

As of FSL version 5.0.10, this is deprecated: https://fsl.fmrib.ox.ac.uk/fsl/fslwiki/WhatsNew

fslview.help *FSLView help*

Description

This function calls `fslview`'s help

Usage

```
fslview.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
  print(fsl_version())
  in_ci <- function() {
   nzchar(Sys.getenv("CI"))
  }
 if (!in_ci()) {
   fslview.help()
 }
}
```

fslvol *FSL Volume in mL (or cubic centimeters)*

Description

This function wraps `fslsum` and `voxdim`

Usage

```
fslvol(file, ...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) filename of image to be checked
`...`	options passed to `fslsum`

Value

Numeric value of volume in mL

Note

This may be approximate due to rounding

`fslvolume` *Image Volume*

Description

Estimates Volume of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslvolume(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`img`	Object of class nifti, or path of file
`nonzero`	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`ts`	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking `-t` option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -v or -V in `fslstats`

`fslxor` *Perform XOR/Exclusive Or operation on Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths file -add file2 -bin` after binarizing `file` and `file2` using `fslbin` and then uses `fsl_thresh` to threshold any values greater than 1 back to zero.

Usage

```
fslxor(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  ...
)

fsl_xor(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be XOR'd
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_abs *Absolute Value Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -abs. The R functions wraps fslmaths

Usage

```
fsl_abs(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslabs(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to absolute value
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_acos` *Arc Cosine Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -acos`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_acos(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslacos(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to arc cosine transform
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_add` *Add Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -add`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_add(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsladd(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be added
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_anat *FSL Anatomical Processing Script*

Description

This function calls fsl_anat from FSL

Usage

```
fsl_anat(
  file,
  modality = c("T1", "T2", "PD"),
  outdir = NULL,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated, should be full path
modality	(character) Modality of Image to be run
outdir	(character) output directory, if none specified, will default to dirname(file)
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fsl_anat
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	options passed to checkimg

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

---

fsl_anat.help *fsl_anat help*

Description

This function calls fsl_anat's help

Usage

```
fsl_anat.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 fsl_anat.help()
}
```

`fsl_applywarp` *Apply Warp from FNIRT*

Description

This function applies a coefficient map from `fnirt` to other images

Usage

```
fsl_applywarp(
  infile,
  reffile,
  warpfile,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`infile`	(character) input filename
`reffile`	(character) reference image to be registered to
`warpfile`	(character) reference image to be registered to
`outfile`	(character) output filename
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) pass to `system`
`opts`	(character) additional options to FLIRT
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

fsl_applywarp.help *FSL applywarp help*

Description

This function calls `applywarp`'s help

Usage

```
fsl_applywarp.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

fsl_asin *Arc Sine Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -asin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_asin(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslasin(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to arc sine transform
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_atan` *Arc Tangent Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -atan`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_atan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslatan(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to arc tangent transform
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_atlas_dir *Get FSL's Standard Data Directory*

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` and pastes on "data/standard"

Usage

```
fsl_atlas_dir()
```

Value

Character path

---

fsl_avscale *Scale Affine Matrix using* `avscale`

Description

This function calls `avscale` to get individual matrices for FSL

Usage

```
fsl_avscale(file, volume = NULL, parsed = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)

avscale(...)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) matrix filename
`volume`	(character) non-reference volume filename or nifti image
`parsed`	(logical) should `parse_avscale` be run after?
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`...`	not used, but used for duplicating `avscale` as alias

Value

Character of information from avscale

fsl_bet *Use FSL's Brain Extraction Tool (BET)*

Description

This function calls bet to extract a brain from an image, usually for skull stripping.

Usage

```
fsl_bet(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslbet(
  infile,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  betcmd = c("bet2", "bet"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
infile	(character) input filename
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to bet
betcmd	(character) Use bet or bet2 function
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_biascorrect` *FSL Bias Correct*

Description

This function wraps a call to `fast` that performs bias correction

Usage

```
fsl_biascorrect(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  remove.seg = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) image to be manipulated
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fast`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running
`remove.seg`	(logical) Should segmentation from FAST be removed?
`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

`fsl_bin` *Binarize Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -bin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_bin(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslbin(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) image to be binarized
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
  set.seed(5)
dims = rep(10, 3)
arr = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
nim = oro.nifti::nifti(arr)
if (have.fsl()){
 fslbin(nim)
 fsl_bin(nim)
 }
```

`fsl_binv` *Binarized Inverse Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -binv`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_binv(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslbinv(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to take the binarized inverse
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_bin_tab` *Quick Tabulation for logical images*

Description

Creates a 2 by 2 table for

Usage

```
fsl_bin_tab(x, y, dnames = c("x", "y"), verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`x`	filename of logical or 0/1 image
`y`	filename of logical or 0/1 image
`dnames`	names for table
`verbose`	Should fsl commands be printed?

Value

table of x vs y

Note

`fsl_bin` will be run to make these images binary before running

`fsl_cluster` *Form clusters, report information about clusters and/or perform cluster-based inference. Wrapper for* `cluster`

Description

Form clusters, report information about clusters and/or perform cluster-based inference. Wrapper for `cluster`

Usage

```
fsl_cluster(
  file,
  threshold,
  retimg = FALSE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  cope_image = NULL,
  pthresh = NULL,
  peakdist = 0,
  volume = FALSE,
  smooth_est = NULL,
  voxel_resel = NULL,
  fractional = FALSE,
  connectivity = 26,
  mm = FALSE,
  find_minima = FALSE,
  standard_image = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)

fslcluster(..., retimg = TRUE)

read_cluster_table(file)
```

Arguments

file	filename of input volume
threshold	threshold for input volume
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
opts	(character) operations to be passed to cluster
cope_image	filename of input cope volume
pthresh	p-threshold
peakdist	minimum distance between local maxima/minima, in mm (default 0)
volume	number of voxels in the mask
smooth_est	smoothness estimate = sqrt(det(Lambda))
voxel_resel	Size of one resel in voxel units
fractional	interprets the threshold as a fraction of the robust range
connectivity	the connectivity of voxels (default 26)
mm	use mm, not voxel, coordinates
find_minima	find minima instead of maxima
standard_image	filename for standard-space volume

verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments to pass to fslcmd

Value

A list of filenames of outputs and tables:

- opvals filename for image output of log pvals
- oindex filename for output of cluster index (in size order)
- othresh filename for output of thresholded image
- olmax filename for output of local maxima text file
- olmaxim filename for output of local maxima volume
- osize filename for output of size image
- omax filename for output of max image
- omean filename for output of mean image

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
file = mni_fname(brain = TRUE, mask = FALSE)
threshold = 6000
clus = fsl_cluster(file, threshold)
}
```

---

fsl_cos *Cosine Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -cos. The R functions wraps fslmaths

Usage

```
fsl_cos(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslcos(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to cosine transform
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_data_dir *Get FSL's Data Directory*

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or getOption("fsl.path") and pastes on "data"

Usage

```
fsl_data_dir()
```

Value

Character path

`fsl_deface` *Tool to deface a structural T1w image.*

Description

Tool to deface a structural T1w image.

Usage

```
fsl_deface(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  opts = "",
  deface_cropped = FALSE,
  bet_fractional_intensity = NULL,
  bias_correct = FALSE,
  shift_xyz = NULL,
  cog_xyz = NULL,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`file`	(character) input image to estimate edge strength
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fsl_deface`
`deface_cropped`	apply the defacing to the cropped image instead of the original image
`bet_fractional_intensity`	fractional intensity for bet (0->1); default=0.5;
`bias_correct`	Bias-correct the input image (with fast);
`shift_xyz`	Shift, in mm, x-, y- and z-directions, to shift face mask by;
`cog_xyz`	centre-of-gravity for bet (voxels, not mm);
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`verbose`	print diagnostic messages
`...`	additional arguments passed to `fslcmd`.

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  file = mni_fname(mm = 1, brain = FALSE)
  out = fsl_deface(file, retimg = FALSE)
}
```

`fsl_dice` *Calculate Dice Coefficient of 2 Binary images*

Description

Creates a 2 by 2 table for

Usage

```
fsl_dice(x, y, ...)
```

Arguments

`x`	filename of logical or 0/1 image
`y`	filename of logical or 0/1 image
`...`	arguments passed to `fsl_bin_tab`

Value

Single number of the dice coefficient

`fsl_dilate` *Dilate image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -ero` after inverting the image to dilate an image with either the default FSL kernel or the kernel specified in `kopts`. The function either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti.

Usage

```
fsl_dilate(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsldilate(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  kopts = "",
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant dilated image name
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be dilated
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
kopts	(character) options for kernel
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmaths
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE. If retimg is TRUE, then the image will be returned.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = img > .5
```

```
dilated = fsldilate(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
})
}
```

`fsl_div` *Divide Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -div`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_div(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsldiv(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image
`file2`	(character) image to be divided
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_edge` *Edge Strength Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -edge`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_edge(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsledge(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to estimate edge strength
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_erode` *Erode image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -ero` to erode an image with either the default FSL kernel or the kernel specified in `kopts`. The function either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti.

Usage

```
fsl_erode(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslerode(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  kopts = "",
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant eroded image name
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) image to be eroded
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`kopts`	(character) options for kernel
`opts`	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmaths
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE. If retimg is TRUE, then the image will be returned.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = img > .5
eroded = fslerode(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
})
}
```

`fsl_exp` *Exponentiate Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -exp`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_exp(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslexp(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to exponentiated
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_fill` *Fill image holes*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -fillh` to fill in image holes and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_fill(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslfill(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  bin = TRUE,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) name of resultant filled file
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) filename of image to be filled
`bin`	(logical) binarize the image before filling
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) pass to `system`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = img > .5
eroded = fslerode(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
filled = fslfill(eroded, retimg= TRUE)
})
}
```

`fsl_index` *Index Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -index`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_index(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslindex(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to have non-zero entries replaced with index
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.

intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_log *Log Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -log. The R functions wraps fslmaths

Usage

```
fsl_log(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsllog(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to log transform
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_mask` *Mask image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -mas` to mask an image from an image mask and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_mask(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmask(
  file,
  mask,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant masked image name
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) image to be masked
`mask`	(character) mask given for image
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmask
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
x = array(rnorm(1e5), dim = c(100, 100, 10))
img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 10),
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = img > .5
masked = fslmask(img, mask = mask, retimg=TRUE)
})
}
```

`fsl_maths` *FSL Maths*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_maths(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmaths(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)

retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be manipulated
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_merge *Merge images using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmerge to merge files on some dimension and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_merge(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmerge(
  infiles,
  direction = c("x", "y", "z", "t", "a"),
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti

infiles	(character) input filenames
direction	(character) direction to merge over, x, y, z, t (time), a (auto)
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_mul *Multiply Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -mul. The R functions wraps fslmaths

Usage

```
fsl_mul(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmul(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be multiplied
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_nan` *Replace NaNs in Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -nan`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_nan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslnan(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to replace NaNs (improper numbers) with 0
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_nanm` *Mask NaNs in Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -nanm`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_nanm(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslnanm(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to set to 1 for NaN voxels, 0 otherwise
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_rand` *Add Random Uniform Noise Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -rand`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_rand(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrand(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to add random uniform noise to
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_randn` *Add Random Standard Gaussian Noise Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -randn`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_randn(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrandn(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to add random standard to Gaussian noise
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_recip` *Reciprocal Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -recip`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_recip(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrecip(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to take the reciprocal (1/image)
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_rem *Modulus Remainder of 2 Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -rem`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_rem(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrem(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image
`file2`	(character) image to divide the current image by and take remainder
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_resample` *Resample an Image to Specific Voxel Size*

Description

Resample an Image to Specific Voxel Size

Usage

```
fsl_resample(
  file,
  voxel_size,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  opts = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

`file`	Input file to resample
`voxel_size`	Voxel size (in mm). This should be a scalar number.
`outfile`	(character) output filename
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`opts`	options to pass to `flirt`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, the output file.

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
file = mni_fname(mm = 1, brain = TRUE)
est2 = fsl_resample(file = file, voxel_size = 1, retimg = FALSE)
pixdim(est2)
est = fsl_resample(file = file, voxel_size = 1)
pixdim(est)
}
```

`fsl_smooth` *Gaussian smooth image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -s` to smooth an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_smooth(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsmooth(
  file,
  sigma = 10,
  mask = NULL,
  smooth_mask = TRUE,
  smoothed_mask = NULL,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant smoothed image name (optional) if not give, will be the stub of the filename then _sigma
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character or nifti) image to be smoothed
`sigma`	(numeric) sigma (in mm) of Gaussian kernel for smoothing
`mask`	(character) optional mask given for image
`smooth_mask`	(logical) Smooth mask? If TRUE, the masked image will be divided by the smoothed mask.
`smoothed_mask`	(character or nifti) If specified and `smooth_mask = TRUE`, then will use this as the smoothed mask for division.
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`verbose`	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
s.img = fslsmooth(img, retimg=TRUE)
})
}
```

---

fsl_smoothest *Smoothness Estimation using* smoothest

Description

Smoothness Estimation using smoothest

Usage

```
fsl_smoothest(
  file,
  residual_image,
  z_image,
  dof = NULL,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	filename of input brain mask
residual_image	4d residual image. If specified, then dof must be specified.
z_image	z-statistic image. Cannot be specified if residual_image is specified
dof	number of degrees of freedom
opts	(character) operations to be passed to smoothest

verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments to pass to fslcmd

Value

An output of smoothness estimate

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
file = mni_fname(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = TRUE)
img = mni_img(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = FALSE)
mask = mni_img(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = TRUE)
img = zscore_img(img = img, mask = mask)
est = fsl_smoothest(file = file, z_image = img)
}
```

---

fsl_sqr *Square Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sqr`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sqr(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsqr(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to square
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_sqrt` *Square Root Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sqrt`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sqrt(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsqrt(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

`...`	additional arguments passed to `readnii`.
`outfile`	(character) resultant image name (optional)
`retimg`	(logical) return image of class nifti
`file`	(character) input image to square root
`reorient`	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to `readnii`.
`intern`	(logical) to be passed to `system`
`opts`	(character) operations to be passed to `fslmaths`

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

`fsl_std_dir` *Get FSL's Standard Data Directory*

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` and pastes on "data/standard"

Usage

```
fsl_std_dir()

fsl_std_file(file = NULL)
```

Arguments

`file`	A file from the standard data file

Value

Character path

`fsl_sub` *Subtract Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sub`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sub(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsub(
  file,
  file2,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be subtracted
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_sub2 *Subsample image by factor of 2*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -subsamp2 to subsample an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_sub2(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsub2(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) name of resultant subsampled file
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) filename of image to be subsampled
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
subsamp = fslsub2(img, retimg=TRUE)
print(voxdim(subsamp))
})
}
```

---

fsl_swapdim *FSL Swap Dimensions*

Description

This function calls fslswapdim

Usage

```
fsl_swapdim(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslswapdim(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
```

```
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  a = "x",
  b = "y",
  c = "z",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be manipulated
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
a	(character) Option for x domain in fslswapdim
b	(character) Option for y domain in fslswapdim
c	(character) Option for z domain in fslswapdim
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_tan *Tangent Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -tan. The R functions wraps fslmaths

Usage

```
fsl_tan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsltan(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to tangent transform
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

---

fsl_thresh *Threshold an image*

Description

This function calls fslmaths -thr -uthr to threshold an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_thresh(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslthresh(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  thresh = 0,
  uthresh = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii.
outfile	(character) name of resultant thresholded file
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) filename of image to be thresholded
thresh	(numeric) threshold (anything below set to 0)
uthresh	(numeric) upper threshold (anything above set to 0)
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmaths
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
thresh = fslthresh(img, thresh=0, uthresh = 2, retimg=TRUE)
```

```
})
}
```

`fsl_tsplot` *FSL Timeseries Plot using 'fsl_tsplot' (not 'tsplot')*

Description

FSL Timeseries Plot using 'fsl_tsplot' (not 'tsplot')

Usage

```
fsl_tsplot(
  infile,
  outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".png"),
  plot_title = NULL,
  legend = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  ymin = NULL,
  ymax = NULL,
  xlabel = NULL,
  ylabel = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  precision = NULL,
  unit = NULL,
  scientific_notation = FALSE,
  start_position = NULL,
  end_position = NULL,
  ...
)

fsl_tsplot.help()
```

Arguments

`infile`	comma-separated list of input file names (ASCII text matrix, one column per timecourse)
`outfile`	output filename for the PNG file
`plot_title`	plot title
`legend`	file name of ASCII text file, one row per legend entry
`labels`	comma-separated list of labels
`ymin`	minimum y-value
`ymax`	maximum y-value
`xlabel`	X-axis label

ylabel	Y-axis label
height	plot height in pixels (default 150)
width	plot width in pixels (default 600)
precision	precision of x-axis labels
unit	scaling units for x-axis (default 1...length of infile)
scientific_notation	switch on scientific notation
start_position	Position of first column to plot
end_position	Position of final column to plot
...	additional options to pass to fslcmd

Value

Name of PNG file

`fsl_version` *Find FSL Version*

Description

Finds the FSL version from `FSLDIR/etc/fslversion`

Usage

```
fsl_version(full = FALSE)

fslversion()

fsl_version_gt5()
```

Arguments

full	provide the full version, versus the numeric version

Value

If the version file does not exist, it will throw a warning, but it will return an empty string. Otherwise it will be a string of the version.

Note

This will use `fsldir()` to get the directory

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
 fslversion()
 fsl_version()
}
```

`get.fsl` *Create command declaring FSLDIR*

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` for location of FSL functions

Usage

```
get.fsl(add_bin = TRUE)

get_fsl(add_bin = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`add_bin`	Should `bin` be added to the fsl path? All executables are assumed to be in `FSLDIR/bin/`. If not, and `add_bin = FALSE`, they will be assumed to be in `FSLDIR/`.

Value

NULL if FSL in path, or bash code for setting up FSL DIR

Note

This will use `Sys.getenv("FSLDIR")` before `getOption("fsl.path")`. If the directory is not found for FSL in `Sys.getenv("FSLDIR")` and `getOption("fsl.path")`, it will try the default directory `/usr/local/fsl`.

get.fsloutput *Determine FSL output type*

Description

Finds the FSLOUTPUTTYPE from system environment or `getOption("fsl.outputtype")` for output type (nii.gz, nii, ANALYZE,etc)

Usage

```
get.fsloutput()
```

Value

FSLOUTPUTTYPE, such as `NIFTI_GZ`. If none found, uses NIFTI_GZ as default

get.imgext *Determine extension of image based on FSLOUTPUTTYPE*

Description

Runs `get.fsloutput()` to extract FSLOUTPUTTYPE and then gets corresponding extension (such as .nii.gz)

Usage

```
get.imgext()
```

Value

Extension for output type

getForms *Get Q and S Forms of orientation matrix*

Description

This function obtains the s and q forms of an image transformation matrix

Usage

```
getForms(file, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to pass to header
verbose	(logical) passed to fslhd
...	options passed to checkimg

Value

list with elements of sform and qform and their respective codes

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 mnifile = mni_fname("2")
 getForms(mnifile)
}
```

get_quickshear_mask *Face Removal Mask using "Quickshear Defacing for Neuroimages" (Schimke et al. 2011)*

Description

Face Removal Mask using "Quickshear Defacing for Neuroimages" (Schimke et al. 2011)

Usage

```
get_quickshear_mask(brain_mask, buffer = 10, verbose = TRUE)

quickshear_deface_image(
  file,
  brain_mask = NULL,
  buffer = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

brain_mask	Brain mask image. If NULL, then fslbet will be run
buffer	buffer to add to intercept for face mask equation
verbose	print diagnostic messages
file	input image - same orientation as brain mask
...	additional arguments passed to fslmask

Value

A binary image of the non-face areas

Note

adapted from https://github.com/nipy/quickshear/blob/master/quickshear.py

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
   file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
   if (file.exists(file)) {
       res = quickshear_deface_image(file)
       brain_mask = fslbet(file) > 0
       mask = get_quickshear_mask(brain_mask)
       image = fslmask(file, mask)
   }
}
```

---

have.fsl *Logical check if FSL is accessible*

Description

Uses get.fsl to check if FSLDIR is accessible or the option fsl.path is set and returns logical

Usage

```
have.fsl(...)

have_fsl(...)
```

Arguments

...	options to pass to get.fsl

Value

Logical TRUE is FSL is accessible, FALSE if not

Examples

```
have.fsl()
```

`intent_code-methods` *Extract Image intent_code attribute*

Description

intent_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
intent_code(object)
```

Arguments

`object`	is a filename to pass to fslval

`intent_name-methods` *Extract Image intent_name attribute*

Description

intent_name method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
intent_name(object)
```

Arguments

`object`	is a filename to pass to fslval

intent_p1-methods *Extract Image intent_p1 attribute*

Description

intent_p1 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
intent_p1(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

intent_p2-methods *Extract Image intent_p2 attribute*

Description

intent_p2 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
intent_p2(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

intent_p3-methods *Extract Image intent_p3 attribute*

Description

intent_p3 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
intent_p3(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

invert_xfm *Convert a Transformation*

Description

Convert a Transformation

Usage

```
invert_xfm(inmat, omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"), verbose = TRUE)

concat_xfm(inmat, inmat2, omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"), verbose = TRUE)

fixscaleskew_xfm(
  inmat,
  inmat2,
  omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"),
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

inmat	input matrix transformation
omat	output matrix transformation
verbose	print diagnostic messages
inmat2	second matrix filename to be concatenated or fixscaleskew to first

Value

A filename of the output matrix file

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
img = mni_fname()
mat = fslreorient2std_mat(img)
inverted = invert_xfm(mat)
readLines(inverted)
catted = concat_xfm(mat, mat)
readLines(catted)
fixed = fixscaleskew_xfm(mat, mat)
readLines(fixed)

}
```

magic-methods *Extract Image magic attribute*

Description

magic method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
magic(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

mcflirt *FSL Motion Correction*

Description

This function calls mcflirt

Usage

```
mcflirt(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to mcflirt. Cannot use -o or -verbose, as output file should be specified in outfile.
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, it will have additional attributes in the `additional_files` field.

`mcflirt.help` *MCFLIRT help*

Description

This function calls `mcflirt`'s help

Usage

```
mcflirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
 mcflirt.help()
}
```

`melodic` *Run MELODIC ICA*

Description

This function calls `melodic`

Usage

```
melodic(
  file,
  outdir = dirname(file),
  intern = FALSE,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be run
outdir	(character) output directory. (Default dirname(file))
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) options for melodic
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	arguments passed to checkimg

Value

character or logical depending on intern

---

melodic.help *MELODIC help*

Description

This function calls melodic's help

Usage

```
melodic.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
 melodic.help()
}
```

mid_sagittal_align *Mid-Sagittal Plane Alignment*

Description

This function takes in an image, flips the image over the left/right plane, registers that flipped image to the original image, then applies the half transformation

Usage

```
mid_sagittal_align(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  opts = "",
  translation = TRUE,
  force_rpi = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input filename or class nifti
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
opts	(character) options passed to flirt
translation	(logical) should the translation parameters be preserved (TRUE) or set to zero (FALSE)
force_rpi	Should rpi_orient_file be run?
verbose	(logical) print diagnostic messages

Value

Filename of output or nifti depending on retimg

mni_fname *Construct MNI Filename*

Description

Finds the standard data directory for FSL and pastes together the string for an MNI template image

Usage

```
mni_fname(mm = c("1", "0.5", "2"), brain = FALSE, linear = FALSE, mask = FALSE)

mni_face_fname(mm = c("1", "0.5", "2"))
```

Arguments

mm	Resolution (in mm) of the brain image (isotropic)
brain	Should the brain be returned (default) or the T1 with the skull
linear	Should the linearized MNI template be used
mask	should the mask be given? Generally, only MNI152_T1_1mm_brain_mask exists.

Value

Character path of filename, warning if that file does not exist

---

mni_img *Read MNI Filename*

Description

Simple wrapper for reading in the MNI image constructed from mni_fname

Usage

```
mni_img(...)
```

Arguments

...	Arguments passed to mni_fname

Value

Object of class nifti

mridefacer *MRI Defacer*

Description

MRI Defacer

Usage

```
mridefacer(file, ..., verbose = TRUE)

get_mridefacer_mask(
  file,
  brain_mask = NULL,
  bet_opts = "-f 0.5",
  search_radius = 90,
  opts = NULL,
  template_brain = NULL,
  template_brain_weight = NULL,
  template_biometric_mask = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

file	input file image to remove face/ears
...	not used
verbose	print diagnostic messages. If > 1, more verbose
brain_mask	brain mask of file. If NULL, fslbet will be applied
bet_opts	options to pass to fslbet if applied
search_radius	search radius option to pass to flirt
opts	additional options to pass to flirt
template_brain	template brain image, may be NULL
template_brain_weight	template brain weight image, used for registration may be NULL
template_biometric_mask	template biometric mask. Everything that is wanted should be 1, may be NULL

Value

A character filename of the output image

Note

Adapted from https://github.com/mih/mridefacer

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
if (file.exists(file)) {
    res = mridefacer(file)
}
}
```

`parse_avscale` *Parse output from* `avscale`

Description

This function parses the output from `fsl_avscale` into something more manageable

Usage

```
parse_avscale(av_out)
```

Arguments

`av_out`	output from `fsl_avscale`, character vector

Value

List of output values

`pixdim-methods` *Extract Image pixdim attribute*

Description

Gets pixdim from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
pixdim(object)
```

Arguments

`object`	is a filename to pass to fslval

probtrackx *Probabilistic diffusion tractography with multiple fibre orientations*

Description

This function wraps probtrackx from FSL

Usage

```
probtrackx(
  samples = "merged",
  mask,
  seed,
  outdir = "fdt_paths",
  verbose = TRUE,
  mode = NULL,
  targetmasks = NULL,
  mask2 = NULL,
  waypoints = NULL,
  network = FALSE,
  mesh = NULL,
  seedref = NULL,
  dir = FALSE,
  forcedir = FALSE,
  opd = FALSE,
  pd = FALSE,
  os2t = FALSE,
  avoid = NULL,
  stop = NULL,
  xfm = NULL,
  invxfm = NULL,
  nsamples = 5000,
  nsteps = 2000,
  distthresh = 0,
  cthr = 0.2,
  fibthresh = 0.01,
  sampvox = FALSE,
  steplength = 0.5,
  loopcheck = FALSE,
  usef = FALSE,
  randfib = c(0, 1, 2, 3),
  fibst = 1,
  modeuler = FALSE,
  rseed = NULL,
  s2tastext = FALSE,
  opts = ""
)
```

Arguments

samples	(nifti/character) Basename for samples files
mask	(nifti/character) Bet binary mask file in diffusion space
seed	(nifti/character) Seed volume, or voxel, or ascii file with multiple volumes, or freesurfer label file
outdir	(character) Output file (default='fdt_paths')
verbose	(logical/numeric) Verbose level, [0-2]
mode	(character) Use –mode=simple for single seed voxel
targetmasks	(character) File containing a list of target masks - required for seeds_to_targets classification
mask2	(nifti/character) Second mask in twomask_symm mode.
waypoints	(nifti/character) Waypoint mask or ascii list of waypoint masks - only keep paths going through ALL the masks
network	(logical) Activate network mode - only keep paths going through at least one seed mask (required if multiple seed masks)
mesh	(character) Freesurfer-type surface descriptor (in ascii format)
seedref	(nifti/character) Reference vol to define seed space in simple mode - diffusion space assumed if absent
dir	(logical) Directory to put the final volumes in - code makes this directory - default='logdir'
forcedir	(logical) Use the actual directory name given - i.e. don't add + to make a new directory
opd	(logical) Output path distribution
pd	(logical) Correct path distribution for the length of the pathways
os2t	(logical) Output seeds to targets
avoid	(nifti/character) Reject pathways passing through locations given by this mask
stop	(nifti/character) Stop tracking at locations given by this mask file
xfm	(character) Transform taking seed space to DTI space (either FLIRT matrix or FNIRT warpfield) - default is identity
invxfm	(character) Transform taking DTI space to seed space (compulsory when using a warpfield for seeds_to_dti)
nsamples	(numeric) Number of samples - default=5000
nsteps	(numeric) Number of steps per sample - default=2000
distthresh	(numeric) Discards samples shorter than this threshold (in mm - default=0)
cthr	(numeric) Curvature threshold - default=0.2
fibthresh	(numeric) Volume fraction before subsidiary fibre orientations are considered - default=0.01
sampvox	(logical) Sample random points within seed voxels
steplength	(numeric) Steplength in mm - default=0.5

loopcheck	(logical) Perform loopchecks on paths - slower, but allows lower curvature threshold
usef	(logical) Use anisotropy to constrain tracking
randfib	(numeric) Default 0. Set to 1 to randomly sample initial fibres (with f > fibthresh). Set to 2 to sample in proportion fibres (with f>fibthresh) to f. Set to 3 to sample ALL populations at random (even if f<fibthresh)
fibst	(numeric) Force a starting fibre for tracking - default=1, i.e. first fibre orientation. Only works if randfib==0
modeuler	(logical) Use modified euler streamlining
rseed	(numeric) Random seed
s2tastext	(logical) Output seed-to-target counts as a text file (useful when seeding from a mesh)
opts	Additional options or way to specify things instead of command line arguments

Value

A filename of the output file

`qform,character-method`

Extract NIfTI 3D Image Orientation

Description

Gets q/s-forms from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
qform(object)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
sform(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a `nifti` object

qform_code-methods *Extract Image qform_code attribute*

Description

qform_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
qform_code(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

readrpi *Read NIfTI file reoriented to RPI*

Description

This function calls the readnii function after calling rpi_orient_file to force RPI orientation.

Usage

```
readrpi(file, ..., verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	file name of the NIfTI file.
...	Arguments to pass to readnii
verbose	print diagnostics, passed to rpi_orient_file

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
print(fsl_version())
in_ci <- function() {
 nzchar(Sys.getenv("CI"))
 }
 if (in_ci()) {
 destfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz")
 url = paste0("https://ndownloader.figshare.com/",
 "files/18068546")
 old_url = paste0("https://github.com/muschellij2/",
 "Neurohacking/files/3454385/113-01-MPRAGE2.nii.gz")
```

```
dl = tryCatch(download.file(url,
destfile = destfile))
if (inherits(dl, "try-error") || dl != 0) {
dl = download.file(old_url, destfile = destfile)
}
res = readrpi(destfile)
}
}
```

`read_xfm` *Read FSL Transformation*

Description

Read FSL Transformation

Usage

```
read_xfm(file)
```

Arguments

`file`	transformation file from `flirt`, usually ending in '.mat'

Value

A numeric matrix of numeric class

`reverse_rpi_orient` *Reverse Reorientation an Image to RPI orientation*

Description

This function uses `fslswapdim` to reorient an image

Usage

```
reverse_rpi_orient(
  file,
  convention = c("NEUROLOGICAL", "RADIOLOGICAL"),
  orientation,
  verbose = TRUE
)

reverse_rpi_orient_file(
  file,
```

```
  convention = c("NEUROLOGICAL", "RADIOLOGICAL"),
  orientation,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

file	Object of class nifti or character path
convention	Convention of original image (usually from rpi_orient)
orientation	Vector of length 3 from original image (usually from rpi_orient)
verbose	print diagnostic messages

Value

Object of class nifti

---

rpi_orient *Reorient an Image to RPI orientation*

Description

This function uses fslswapdim to reorient an image

Usage

```
rpi_orient(file, verbose = TRUE)

rpi_orient_file(file, verbose = TRUE)

is_rpi(file, verbose = FALSE)

is.rpi(file, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	Object of class nifti or character path
verbose	print diagnostic messages

Value

List of 3 elements

- img: Reoriented image of class nifti
- convention: Convention (Neurological/Radiological) of original image
- orientation: Original image orientations

Note

'orient_rpi' and 'orient_rpi_file' uses 'RNifti' to ensure the reading orientation

Examples

```
lr_fname = system.file( "nifti", "mniLR.nii.gz", package = "oro.nifti")
img = readnii(lr_fname)

rl_fname = system.file( "nifti", "mniRL.nii.gz", package = "oro.nifti")
rl_img = readnii(rl_fname)
stopifnot(all(rl_img[nrow(rl_img):1,,] == img))

## Not run:
if (have_fsl()) {


reor = rpi_orient(rl_fname)
rev = reverse_rpi_orient(reor$img, convention = reor$convention,
orientation = reor$orientation)
stopifnot(all(rev == rl_img))
}

## End(Not run)


reor = orient_rpi(rl_fname)
stopifnot(all(img == reor$img))

rev = reverse_orient_rpi(reor$img, convention = reor$convention,
orientation = reor$orientation)
stopifnot(all(rev == rl_img))
```

---

run_first_all *Run FIRST All*

Description

Wrapper for `run_first_all` from FSL for FIRST analysis segmentation of subcortical structures

Usage

```
run_first_all(
  img,
  oprefix = tempfile(),
  brain_extracted = FALSE,
  structures = NULL,
  affine = NULL,
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

img	specifies the input image (T1-weighted)
oprefix	specifies the output image basename (extensions will be added to this)
brain_extracted	specifies that the input image has been brain extracted
structures	a restricted set of structures to be segmented
affine	specifies the affine registration matrix to standard space (optional)
opts	(character) operations to be passed to run_first_all
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

List of results, including result of system and some output files

---

run_first_all.help *Run FIRST All Help*

Description

This function calls run_first_all's help

Usage

```
run_first_all.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)

if (have.fsl()){
 run_first_all.help()
}
```

scl_inter-methods *Extract Image scl_inter attribute*

Description

scl_inter method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
scl_inter(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

scl_slope-methods *Extract Image scl_slope attribute*

Description

scl_slope method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
scl_slope(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

sform_code-methods *Extract Image sform_code attribute*

Description

sform_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
sform_code(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

sizeof_hdr-methods *Extract Image sizeof_hdr attribute*

Description

'sizeof_hdr' method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
sizeof_hdr(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

slice_code-methods *Extract Image slice_code attribute*

Description

slice_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
slice_code(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

slice_duration-methods *Extract Image slice_duration attribute*

Description

slice_duration method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
slice_duration(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

slice_end-methods *Extract Image slice_end attribute*

Description

slice_end method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
slice_end(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

slice_start-methods *Extract Image slice_start attribute*

Description

slice_start method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
slice_start(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

susan *FSL SUSAN noise reduction*

Description

Implements Smallest Univalue Segment Assimilating Nucleus (SUSAN) noise reduction technique from FSL

Usage

```
susan(
  file,
  outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE,
  bthresh = 0.1,
  sigma = 3,
  dimg = c(3, 2),
  use_median = FALSE,
  n_usans = c(0, 1, 2),
  extra.scans = list(),
  opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii.
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
bthresh	brightness threshold and should be greater than noise level and less than contrast of edges to be preserved.
sigma	spatial size (sigma i.e. half-width) of smoothing in mm.
dimg	dimensionality (2 or 3) depending on whether smoothing is to be within-plane (2) or fully 3D (3).
use_median	determines whether to use a local median filter in the cases where single-point noise is detected (0 or 1).
n_usans	determines whether the smoothing area (USAN) is to be found from secondary images (0 1 or 2).
extra.scans	List of extra scans for USAN. List of n_usans elements, where each element has 2 named objects bthresh and filename
opts	(character) operations to be passed to susan, not currently used.
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to fslcmd.

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

References

S.M. Smith and J.M. Brady. SUSAN -a new approach to low level image processing. International Journal of Computer Vision, 23(1):45-78, May 1997.

---

susan.help *FSL SUSAN Help*

Description

This function calls susan's help

Usage

```
susan.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
 susan.help()
}
```

---

toffset-methods *Extract Image toffset attribute*

Description

Gets toffset from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
toffset(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

---

topup *topup - calling FSL topup*

Description

A tool for estimating and correcting susceptibility induced distortions

Usage

```
topup(
  infile,
  datain,
  out = NULL,
  fout = NULL,
  iout = NULL,
  logout = NULL,
  warpres = 10,
  subsamp = 1,
  fwhm = 8,
  config = NULL,
```

```
  miter = 5,
  lambda = NULL,
  ssqlambda = 1,
  regmod = c("bending_energy", "membrane_energy"),
  estmov = 1,
  minmet = c(0, 1),
  splineorder = c(3, 2),
  numprec = c("double", "float"),
  interp = c("spline", "linear"),
  scale = c(0, 1),
  regrid = c(0, 1),
  verbose = TRUE
)

fsl_topup(...)
```

Arguments

infile	name of 4D file with images
datain	name of text file with PE directions/times
out	base-name of output files (spline coefficients (Hz) and movement parameters)
fout	name of image file with field (Hz)
iout	name of 4D image file with unwarped images
logout	Name of log-file
warpres	(approximate) resolution (in mm) of warp basis for the different sub-sampling levels, default 10
subsamp	sub-sampling scheme, default 1
fwhm	FWHM (in mm) of gaussian smoothing kernel, default 8
config	Name of config file specifying command line arguments
miter	Max # of non-linear iterations, default 5
lambda	Weight of regularisation, default depending on ssqlambda and regmod switches. See user documentation.
ssqlambda	If set (=1), lambda is weighted by current ssq, default 1
regmod	Model for regularisation of warp-field [membrane_energy bending_energy], default bending_energy
estmov	Estimate movements if set, default 1 (true)
minmet	Minimisation method 0=Levenberg-Marquardt, 1=Scaled Conjugate Gradient, default 0 (LM)
splineorder	Order of spline, 2->Qadratic spline, 3->Cubic spline. Default=3
numprec	Precision for representing Hessian, double or float. Default double
interp	Image interpolation model, linear or spline. Default spline
scale	If set (=1), the images are individually scaled to a common mean, default 0 (false)

regrid	If set (=1), the calculations are done in a different grid, default 1 (true)
verbose	Print diagnostic information while running
...	arguments passed to topup if using fsl_topup

---

vox_offset-methods *Extract Image vox_offset attribute*

Description

vox_offset method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
vox_offset(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval

---

xfibres *Bayesian Estimation of Diffusion Parameters Obtained using Sampling Techniques with Crossing Fibers*

Description

Calls xfibres from FSL to fit, also known as bedpostx

Usage

```
xfibres(
  infile,
  bvecs,
  bvals,
  mask = NULL,
  nfibres = 1,
  bet.opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE,
  njumps = NULL,
  burnin = NULL,
  burnin_noard = NULL,
  sampleevery = NULL,
  updateproposalevery = NULL,
  seed = NULL,
  noard = FALSE,
```

```
  allard = FALSE,
  nospat = FALSE,
  nonlinear = FALSE,
  cnonlinear = FALSE,
  rician = FALSE,
  f0 = FALSE,
  ardf0 = FALSE,
  opts = ""
)
```

Arguments

infile	Input filename
bvecs	b-vectors: matrix of 3 columns or filename of ASCII text file
bvals	b-values: vector of same length as number of rows of b-vectors or filename of ASCII text file
mask	Mask filename
nfibres	Maximum number of fibres to fit in each voxel (default 1)
bet.opts	Options for fslbet if mask is not supplied
verbose	print diagnostic messages
njumps	num of jumps to be made by MCMC (default is 5000)
burnin	Total num of jumps at start of MCMC to be discarded (default is 0)
burnin_noard	num of burnin jumps before the ard is imposed (default is 0)
sampleevery	num of jumps for each sample (MCMC) (default is 1)
updateproposalevery	num of jumps for each update to the proposal density std (MCMC) (default is 40)
seed	for pseudo random number generator
noard	Turn ARD off on all fibres
allard	Turn ARD on on all fibres
nospat	Initialise with tensor, not spatially
nonlinear	Initialise with nonlinear fitting
cnonlinear	Initialise with constrained nonlinear fitting
rician	Use Rician noise modelling
f0	Add to the model an unattenuated signal compartment
ardf0	Use ard on f0
opts	Additional options for xfibres. There should not be any left out in the current arguments, but opts may be a way some prefer to input options.

Value

Output from system

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