Package 'REEMtree'

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REEMtree-package

Regression Trees with Random Effects for Longitudinal (Panel) Data

Description

This package estimates regression trees with random effects as a way to use data mining techniques to describe longitudinal or panel data.

Details

Package: REEMtree
Type: Package
Version: 1.0
Date: 2009-05-07

Date: 2009-05-0' License: GPL

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
print(REEMresult)</pre>
```

AutoCorrelationLRtest 3

AutoCorrelationLRtest Test for autocorrelation in the residuals of a RE-EM tree

Description

This function tests for autocorrelation in the residuals of a RE-EM tree using a likelihood ratio test. The test keeps the tree structure of the RE-EM tree object fixed and uses a standard likelihood ratio test on the linear random effects model.

Usage

AutoCorrelationLRtest(object, newdata=NULL, correlation=corAR1())

Arguments

object A RE-EM tree

newdata Dataset on which the test is to be performed; if none is given, the original dataset

is used

correlation Type of correlation to be tested for in the residuals. The correlation can be any

of type corClasses.

Details

In general, newdata is likely to be the data used to estimate object. The RE-EM tree can be estimated with or without allowing for autocorrelation. Because the estimated tree may differ depending on whether autocorrelation is allowed in the RE-EM tree estimation process, but we recommend testing based on the tree estimated with autocorrelation allowed and the tree estimated without autocorrelation allowed.

Value

correlation Type of correlation used in testing

loglik0 Likelihood of the random effects model if there is no autocorrelation

loglikAR Likelihood of the random effects model if autocorrelation (of type AR(1)) is

estimated

pvalue P-value of the likelihood ratio test

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

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See Also

```
corClasses
```

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)

# Estimation without autocorrelation
simpleEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
# Estimation with autocorrelation
simpleEMresult2<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID, correlation=corAR1())

# Autocorrelation test based on the first tree
AutoCorrelationLRtest(simpleEMresult, simpleREEMdata)
# Autocorrelation test based on the second tree
AutoCorrelationLRtest(simpleEMresult2, simpleREEMdata)
# AutocorrelationLRtest(simpleEMresult2, simpleREEMdata)
# Autocorrelation test with an alternative correlation structure
AutoCorrelationLRtest(simpleEMresult, simpleREEMdata, correlation=corCAR1())</pre>
```

fitted.REEMtree

Extract the fitted values from a RE-EM tree

Description

This function extracts the fitted values from the LME object underlying the RE-EM tree. The fitted values are the fixed effects (from the tree) plus the estimated contributions of the random effects to the fitted values at grouping levels less or equal to the level given.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
fitted(object, level, asList, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an object of class REEMtree
level	the level of random effects used in creating fitted values. Level 0 is fixed effects; levels increase with the grouping of random effects. Default is the highest level.
asList	an optional logical value. If TRUE and a single value is given in level, the returned object is a list with the fitted values split by groups; otherwise the returned value is either a vector or a data frame, according to the length of level. Defaults to FALSE.
	some methods for this generic require additional arguments; none are used here.

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Value

If the level is a single value, the result is a vector or list (depending on asList) with the fitted values. Otherwise, the result is a data frame with columns given by the fitted values at different levels.

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
fitted, REEMtree.object
```

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
fitted(REEMresult)</pre>
```

is.REEMtree

Is a RE-EM tree object

Description

This function tests whether an object is of the REEMtree class.

Usage

```
is.REEMtree(object)
```

Arguments

object

any R object

Value

TRUE if the object is of the REEMtree type

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

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References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
is.REEMtree(REEMresult)</pre>
```

logLik

Log-likelihood of a RE-EM tree

Description

This returns the log-likelihood of the effects model of a RE-EM tree. This is the log-likelihood of the random effects model estimated in the RE-EM tree. (The regression tree is not associated with a log-likelihood.)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
logLik(object,...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class REEMtree
... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

the log-likelihood of the fitted effects model associated with x

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
REEMtree.object
```

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Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
logLik(REEMresult)</pre>
```

plot

Plot the RE-EM tree

Description

Plots the regression tree associated with a RE-EM tree.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
plot(x, text = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x a fitted object of class REEMtree

text if TRUE, the text of the tree will be plotted on the tree automatically.

... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

the coordinates of the nodes are returned as a list, with components x and y.

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
REEMtree, plot.rpart
```

Examples

```
\label{lem:continuous} $$ $ \text{REEMresult} < -\text{REEMtree}(Y^D+t+X, \ data=simpleREEMdata, \ random=^1|ID) plot(REEMresult) $$ $$ $ \text{Possible Permission of the property of t
```

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predict

Predictions from a regression tree with individual-specific effects

Description

Returns a vector of predictions from a fitted RE-EM Tree. Predictions are based on the node of the tree in which the new observation would fall and (optionally) an estimated random effect for the observation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
predict(object, newdata, id = NULL,
EstimateRandomEffects = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object a fitted REEMtree

newdata an data frame to be used for obtaining the predictions. All variables used in the

fixed and random effects models, including the group identifier, must be present in the data frame. New values of the group identifier are allowed. Unlike in

predict.lme and predict.rpart, the data frame is required

id a string containing the name of the variable that is used to identify the groups.

This is required if EstimateRandomEffects=TRUE and newdata does not match

the data used to estimate the random effects model that created object.

EstimateRandomEffects

if TRUE, the fitted effects will be included in the estimates and effects for new groups will be estimated wherever the target variable is not missing. If FALSE or if the random effect cannot be estimated, random effects are set to 0, so that

only the fixed effects based on the regression tree are used.

... additional arguments that will be passed through to rpart

Details

If EstimateRandomEffects=TRUE and a group was not used in the original estimation, its random effect must be estimated. If there are no non-missing values of the target variable for this group, then the new effect is set to 0.

If there are non-missing values of the target variable, then the random effect is estimated based on the estimated variance of the errors and variance of the random effects in the fitted model. See Equation 3.2 of Laird and Ware (1982) for the precise relationship.

Important note: In this implementation, estimation of group effects for new groups can be used only with group-specific intercepts are estimated with only one grouping variable.

Value

a vector containing the predicted values

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Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal Data", *Machine Learning*, 2011; Laird, N. M., and J. H. Ware (1982), "Random-effects models for longitudinal data", *Biometrics* 38: 963-974

See Also

```
predict.nlme, predict.rpart
```

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)</pre>
predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, EstimateRandomEffects=FALSE)
predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, id=simpleREEMdata$ID, EstimateRandomEffects=TRUE)
# Estimation based on a subset that excludes the last two time series,
# with predictions for all observations
sub <- rep(c(rep(TRUE, 10), rep(FALSE, 2)), 50)</pre>
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID,
subset=sub)
pred1 <- predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, EstimateRandomEffects=FALSE)</pre>
pred2 <- predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, id=simpleREEMdata$ID, EstimateRandomEffects=TRUE)</pre>
# Estimation based on a subset that excludes the last five individuals,
# with predictions for all observations
sub <- c(rep(TRUE, 540), rep(FALSE, 60))</pre>
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID,
subset=sub)
pred3 <- predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, EstimateRandomEffects=FALSE)</pre>
pred4 <- predict(REEMresult, simpleREEMdata, id=simpleREEMdata$ID, EstimateRandomEffects=TRUE)</pre>
```

print

Print a RE-EM Tree object

Description

This function prints a description of a fitted RE-EM tree object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
print(x,...)
```

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Arguments

x fitted model of class REEMtree

... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Details

This function is a method for the generic function print for class REEMtree. It can be invoked by calling print for an object of class REEMtree, or by calling print.REEMtree directly for an object of the corresponding type.

Side Effects

Prints representations of the regression tree and the random effects model that comprise a RE-EM tree.

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
print.rpart, REEMtree.object
```

Examples

```
\label{lem:data} $$ \text{REEMresult} - \text{REEMtree}(Y^D + t + X, \ data = simpleREEMdata, \ random = ~1 | ID) } $$ print(REEM result) $$
```

ranef.REEMtree

Extract the estimated random effects from a RE-EM tree

Description

This function extracts the estimated random effects from a fitted RE-EM tree.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
ranef(object,...)
```

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Arguments

object an object of class REEMtree
... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

a vector containing the estimated random effects

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
random.effects, REEMtree.object
```

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
ranef(REEMresult)</pre>
```

REEMtree

Create a RE-EM tree

Description

Fit a RE-EM tree to data. This estimates a regression tree combined with a linear random effects model.

Usage

```
REEMtree(formula, data, random, subset=NULL,
    initialRandomEffects=rep(0,TotalObs),
    ErrorTolerance=0.001, MaxIterations=1000,
    verbose=FALSE, tree.control=rpart.control(cp=0.001),
    cv=TRUE, no.SE =1,
    lme.control=lmeControl(returnObject=TRUE),
    method="REML", correlation=NULL)
```

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Arguments

formula a formula, as in the lm or rpart function

data a data frame in which to interpret the variables named in the formula (unlike in

lm or rpart, this is not optional)

random a description of the random effects, as a formula of the form ~1 | g, where g is

the grouping variable

subset an optional logical vector indicating the subset of the rows of data that should

be used in the fit. All observations are included by default.

initialRandomEffects

an optional vector giving initial values for the random effects to use in estimation

ErrorTolerance when the difference in the likelihoods of the linear models of two consecutive

iterations is less than this value, the RE-EM tree has converged

MaxIterations maximum number of iterations allowed in estimation

verbose if TRUE, the current estimate of the RE-EM tree will be printed after each itera-

tıon

tree.control a list of control values for the estimation algorithm to replace the default values

used to control the rpart algorithm. Defaults to an empty list.

cv if TRUE then cross-validation will be used for estimating the tree at each iteration.

Default is TRUE.

no.SE number of standard errors used in pruning (0 if unused)

lme.control a list of control values for the estimation algorithm to replace the default values

returned by the function lmeControl. Defaults to an empty list.

method whether the linear model should be estimated with ML or REML

correlation an optional corStruct object describing the within-group correlation structure;

the available classes are given in corClasses

Value

an object of class REEMtree

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

rpart, nlme, REEMtree.object, corClasses

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Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)</pre>
# Estimation allowing for autocorrelation
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID,
correlation=corAR1())
# Random parameters model for the random effects
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1+X|ID)
# Estimation with a subset
sub <- rep(c(rep(TRUE, 10), rep(FALSE, 2)), 50)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID,
subset=sub)
# Dataset from the R library "AER"
data("Grunfeld", package = "AER")
REEMtree(invest ~ value + capital, data=Grunfeld, random=~1|firm)
REEMtree(invest ~ value + capital, data=Grunfeld, random=~1|firm, correlation=corAR1())
REEMtree(invest ~ value + capital, data=Grunfeld, random=~1+year|firm)
REEMtree(invest ~ value + capital, data=Grunfeld, random=~1|firm/year)
```

REEMtree.object

Random Effects/Expectation Maximization (RE-EM) Tree Object

Description

Object representing a fitted REEMtree.

Value

Tree Fitted rpart tree associated with the fitted RE-EM tree

EffectModel fitted 1me object associated with the fitted RE-EM tree

RandomEffects vector of estimated random effects

BetweenMatrix estimated variance of the random effects

ErrorVariance estimated variance of the errors

data the data frame used to estimate the RE-EM tree

logLik log likelihood of the linear model for the random effects

IterationsUsed number of iterations required to fit the REEMtree

Formula used in fitting the REEMtree

Random description of the random effects used in fitting the REEMtree

Groups the vector of group identifiers used in estimation

Subset the logical vector indicating the subset of the rows of data used in the fit

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ErrorTolerance the error tolerance used in estimation

correlation the correlation structure used in fitting the linear model

residuals estimated residuals

method (ML or REML) used in estimating the linear random effects model

lme.control parameters used to control fitting the linear random effects mdoel

tree.control parameters used to control fitting the regression tree

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela < rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
rpart, nlme, REEMtree
```

Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)</pre>
```

residuals.REEMtree

Extract the residuals from a RE-EM tree

Description

This function extracts the residuals from the LME object underlying the RE-EM tree. The residuals depend on the fixed effects (from the tree) plus the estimated contributions of the random effects to the fitted values at grouping levels less or equal to the level given.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'REEMtree'
residuals(object, level, type, asList, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class REEMtree

level the level of random effects used in creating residuals. Level 0 is fixed effects

only; levels increase with the grouping of random effects. Default is the highest

level.

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type	optional character string specifying the type of residuals to be used. If "response", the "raw" residuals (observed - fitted) are used. If "pearson", the standardized residuals (raw residuals divided by the corresponding standard errors) are used. If "normalized", the normalized residuals (standardized residuals premultiplied by the inverse square-root factor of the estimated error correlation matrix) are used. Only the first character needs to be provided. Defaults to "pearson".
asList	an optional logical value. If TRUE and a single value is given in level, the returned object is a list with the residuals split by groups; otherwise the returned value is either a vector or a data frame, according to the length of level. Defaults to FALSE.
	some methods for this generic require additional arguments; none are used here.

Value

If the level is a single value, the result is a vector or list (depending on asList) with the residuals. Otherwise, the result is a data frame with columns given by the residuals at different levels.

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
residuals, REEMtree.object
```

Examples

```
\label{lem:data} $$ \text{REEMresult} - \text{REEMtree}(Y^D + t + X, \ data = simpleREEMdata, \ random = ~1 | ID) $$ residuals(REEMresult) $$
```

simpleREEMdata

Sample Data for RE-EM trees

Description

This data set is consists of a panel of 50 individuals with 12 observations per individual. The data is based on a regression tree with an initial split based on a dummy variable (D) and a second split based on time in the branch where D=1. The observations include both randomly generated individual-specific effects and observation-specific errors.

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Format

The data has 600 rows and 5 columns. The columns are:

- Y the target variable
- t a numeric predictor ("time")
- D a catergorical predictor with two levels, 0 and 1
- ID the identifier for each individual
- X another covariate (which is intentionally unrelated to the target variable)

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

tree

Extract the regression tree associated with a RE-EM tree

Description

Returns the fitted rpart object associated with a REEMtree object.

Usage

```
tree(object,...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class REEMtree
... further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

the fitted regression tree associated with the REEMtree object

Author(s)

Rebecca Sela <rsela@stern.nyu.edu>

References

Sela, Rebecca J., and Simonoff, Jeffrey S., "RE-EM Trees: A Data Mining Approach for Longitudinal and Clustered Data", *Machine Learning* (2011).

See Also

```
rpart.object, REEMtree.object
```

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Examples

```
data(simpleREEMdata)
REEMresult<-REEMtree(Y~D+t+X, data=simpleREEMdata, random=~1|ID)
tree.REEMtree(REEMresult)
tree(REEMresult)</pre>
```

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