Package 'PointedSDMs'

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Type Package

Title Fit Models Derived from Point Processes to Species Distributions using 'inlabru'

Version 2.1.3

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URL https://github.com/PhilipMostert/PointedSDMs

BugReports https://github.com/PhilipMostert/PointedSDMs/issues

Description Integrated species distribution modeling is a rising field in quantitative ecology thanks to significant rises in the quantity of data available, increases in computational speed and the proven benefits of using such models.
Despite this, the general software to help ecologists construct such models in an easy-to-use framework is lacking.
We therefore introduce the R package 'PointedSDMs': which provides the tools to help ecologists set up integrated models and perform inference on them.
There are also functions within the package to help run spatial cross-validation for model selection, as well as generic plotting and predicting functions.
An introduction to these methods is discussed in Issac, Jarzyna, Keil, Dambly, Boersch-Supan, Browning, Freeman, Golding, Guillera-Arroita, Henrys, Jarvis, Lahoz-Monfort, Pagel, Pescott, Schmucki, Simmonds and O'Hara (2020) <doi:10.1016/j.tree.2019.08.006>.

Depends R (>= 4.1), stats, sf, inlabru (>= 2.12.0), R6 (>= 2.5), methods,

Imports terra, ggplot2, fmesher, raster, sp (>= 1.4-5), R.devices, blockCV (>= 3.0.0), FNN

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0), sn, INLA (>= 21.08.31), rasterVis, ggmap, RColorBrewer, cowplot, knitr, kableExtra, rmarkdown, spocc, covr

Additional_repositories https://inla.r-inla-download.org/R/testing

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License GPL (>= 3)

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Contents

BBA *Dataset of setophaga caerulescens obtained from the Pennsylvania Atlas of Breeding Birds.*

Description

Dataset of setophaga caerulescens obtained from the Pennsylvania Atlas of Breeding Birds.

References

https://ebird.org/atlaspa/home

BBS *Dataset of setophaga caerulescens obtained from the North American Breeding Bird survey across Pennsylvania state.*

Description

Dataset of setophaga caerulescens obtained from the North American Breeding Bird survey across Pennsylvania state.

References

https://www.pwrc.usgs.gov/bbs/

BBSColinusVirginianus *Dataset of Colinus Virginianus obtained from the North American Breeding Bird survey across Alabama state.*

Description

Dataset of Colinus Virginianus obtained from the North American Breeding Bird survey across Alabama state.

References

https://www.pwrc.usgs.gov/bbs/

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blockedCV blockedCV*: run spatial blocked cross-validation on the integrated model.*

Description

This function is used to perform spatial blocked cross-validation with regards to model selection for the integrated model. It does so by leaving out a block of data in the full model, running a model with the remaining data, and then calculating the deviance information criteria (DIC) as a score of model fit.

Usage

```
blockedCV(
  data,
  options = list(),
  method = "DIC",
  predictName = NULL,
  datasetCombs = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	An object produced by either startISDM of startSpecies. Requires the slot function, .$spatialBlock to be run first in order to specify how the data in the model is blocked.
options	A list of **INLA** or **inlabru** options to be used in the model. Defaults to list().
method	Which cross-validation method to perform. Must be one of 'DIC' or 'Predict'. If 'DIC' then the DIC values for each block are obtained. If 'Predict' then predictions are made on a dataset in the left out block. For this to work, please specify the argument methodOptions.
predictName	Name of the dataset to predict onto if method = 'Predict'.
datasetCombs	A list of vectors containing dataset combinations to include in each model run if method = 'Prediction'. If NULL then all combinations of the dataset will be estimated.

Value

An object of class blockedCV, which is essentially a list of DIC values obtained from each iteration of the model.

Examples

```
## Not run:
 if(requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            responsePA = 'Present',
                            Projection = proj)

 #Set up spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1)

 #Run spatial block cross-validation
 blocked <- blockedCV(organizedData)

 #Print summary
 blocked

 }

## End(Not run)
```

blockedCV-class *Export class blockedCV*

Description

Export class blockedCV

blockedCVpred-class *Export class blockedCVpred*

Description

Export class blockedCVpred

bruSDM-class *Export bru_sdm class*

Description

Export bru_sdm class

bruSDM_predict-class *Export class predict_bru_sdm*

Description

Export class predict_bru_sdm

changeCoords changeCoords*: function used to change coordinate names.*

Description

An internal function used to change the coordinate names for datasets.

Usage

```
changeCoords(data, oldcoords, newcoords)
```

Arguments

data	A list of datasets.
oldcoords	The old coordinate names.
newcoords	The new coordinate names.

Value

A list of data.frame or spatial objects with the coordinate names changed.

checkCoords checkCoords*: function used to check coordinate names.*

Description

An internal function used to check if all the coordinates are the same.

Usage

```
checkCoords(data, coords)
```

Arguments

data	A list of datasets.
coords	A vector of length 2 of the coordinate names.

Value

A logical variable.

checkVar checkVar*: Function used to check variable names.*

Description

Internal function used to check if variable is in dataset.

Usage

```
checkVar(data, var)
```

Arguments

data	A list of datasets.
var	A variable name.

Value

A logical variable

data2ENV data2ENV*: function used to move objects from one environment to another.*

Description

Internal function: used to assign objects specified in bruSDM to the dataSDM/blockedCV function environments.

Usage

```
data2ENV(data, env)
```

Arguments

data	bruSDM data file to be used in the integrated model.
env	Environment where the objects should be assigned.

Value

Assignment of the relevant spatial fields to the specified environment.

dataOrganize *R6 class to assist in reformatting the data to be used in dataSDM.*

Description

Internal functions used to temporarily store data and other information before adding to dataSDM.

Methods

Public methods:

- dataOrganize$makeData()
- dataOrganize$makeSpecies()
- dataOrganize$makeMultinom()
- dataOrganize$makeFormulas()
- dataOrganize$makeComponents()
- dataOrganize$makeLhoods()
- dataOrganize$clone()

Method makeData():

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeData(
  datapoints,
  datanames,
  coords,
  proj,
  marktrialname,
  paresp,
  countsresp,
  trialname,
  speciesname,
  marks,
  pointcovnames,
  markfamily,
  temporalvar,
  offsetname
)
```

Method makeSpecies():

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeSpecies(speciesname, repl = FALSE)
```

Method makeMultinom():

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeMultinom(multinomVars, return, oldVars, repl = FALSE)
```

Method `makeFormulas()`**:**

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeFormulas(
  spatcovs,
  speciesname,
  paresp,
  countresp,
  marks,
  marksspatial,
  speciesintercept,
  speciesenvironment,
  spatial,
  intercept,
  temporalname,
  speciesindependent,
  markintercept,
  pointcovs,
  speciesspatial,
  biasformula,
  covariateformula
)
```

Method `makeComponents()`**:**

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeComponents(
  spatial,
  intercepts,
  datanames,
  marks,
  speciesname,
  multinomnames,
  pointcovariates,
  covariatenames,
  covariateclass,
  marksspatial,
  marksintercept,
  temporalname,
  speciesspatial,
  speciesenvironment,
  speciesintercept,
  numtime,
  temporalmodel,
  offsetname,
  copymodel,
  speciesindependent,
  biasformula,
  covariateformula,
  marksCopy
```

```
)
```

Method `makeLhoods()`**:**

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$makeLhoods(
  mesh,
  ips,
  paresp,
  ntrialsvar,
  markstrialsvar,
  speciesname
)
```

Method `clone()`**:** The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
dataOrganize$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

`dataSet` *Internal function used to standardize datasets, as well as assign metadata.*

Description

Internal function used to assist in structuring the data.

Usage

```
dataSet(
  datapoints,
  datanames,
  coords = c("CoordLoc1", "CoordLoc2"),
  proj,
  pointcovnames,
  paresp,
  countsresp,
  trialname,
  speciesname,
  marks,
  marktrialname,
  markfamily,
  temporalvar,
  offsetname
)
```

Arguments

datapoints	A list of datasets as sf objects
datanames	A vector of the names of the datasets.
coords	Names of the coordinates used in the model.
proj	The projection reference system used in the model.
pointcovnames	Name of the point covariates used in the model.
paresp	Name of the response variable used by the presence absence datasets.
countsresp	Name of the response variable used by the counts data.
trialname	Name of the trial variable used by the presence absence datasets.
speciesname	Name of the species name variable.
marks	Name of the marks considered in the model.
marktrialname	Name of the trial variable used by the binomial marks.
markfamily	A vector describing the distribution of the marks.
temporalvar	Name of the temporal variable.
offsetname	Name of the offset column in the datasets.

Value

A list of relevant metadata

---

datasetOut — datasetOut*: function that removes a dataset out of the main model, and calculates some cross-validation score.*

Description

This function calculates the difference in covariate values between a full integrated model and a model with one dataset left out, as well as some cross-validation score, which is used to obtain a score of the relative importance of the dataset in the full model. The score is calculated as follows:

1. Running a new model with one less dataset (from the main model) – resulting in a reduced model,
2. predicting the intensity function at the locations of the left-out dataset with the reduced model,
3. using the predicted values as an offset in a new model,
4. finding the difference between the marginal-likelihood of the main model (ie the model with all the datasets considered) and the marginal-likelihood of the offset model.

Usage

```
datasetOut(model, dataset, predictions = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	Model of class modISDM run with multiple datasets.
dataset	Names of the datasets to leave out. If missing, will run for all datasets used in the full model.
predictions	Will new models be used for predictions. If TRUE returns marginals and bru_info in model. Defaults to TRUE.

Value

A list of inlabru models with the specified dataset left out. If predictions is FALSE, these objects will be missing their bru_info and call lists.

Examples

```
## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

  ##Run the model
  modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData,
              options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

  #Choose dataset to leave out
  eBirdOut <- datasetOut(modelRun, dataset = 'eBird')

  #Print datasetOut summary
  eBirdOut



 }

## End(Not run)
```

datasetOut-class *Export class bru_sdm_leave_one_out*

Description

Export class bru_sdm_leave_one_out

eBird *data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from eBird*

Description

data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from eBird

References

http://ebird.org/

elev_raster *Raster object containing the elevation across Pennsylvania state.*

Description

Raster object containing the elevation across Pennsylvania state.

References

https://cran.r-project.org/package=elevatr

`fitISDM` fitISDM*: function used to run the integrated model.*

Description

This function takes a `intModel` object and produces an `inlabru` model object with additional lists and meta-data added.

Usage

```
fitISDM(data, options = list())
```

Arguments

`data`	A intModel object to be used in the integrated model.
`options`	A list of INLA options used in the model. Defaults to `list()`.

Value

An inlabru model with additional lists containing some more metadata attached.

Examples

```
## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

  ##Run the model
  modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData,
  options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

  #Print summary of model
  modelRun

 }

## End(Not run)
```

`Gbif` *data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from Gbif*

Description

data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from Gbif

Source

https://www.gbif.org/

`intModel` intModel*: Function used to initialize the integrated species distribution model.*

Description

This function is depreciated. Please use one of `startISDM` or `startSpecies`.

Usage

```
intModel(
  ...,
  spatialCovariates = NULL,
  Coordinates,
  Projection,
  Mesh,
  IPS = NULL,
  Boundary = NULL,
  speciesSpatial = "copy",
  speciesIndependent = FALSE,
  markNames = NULL,
  markFamily = NULL,
  pointCovariates = NULL,
  pointsIntercept = TRUE,
  marksIntercept = TRUE,
  speciesEffects = list(randomIntercept = FALSE, Environmental = TRUE),
  Offset = NULL,
  pointsSpatial = "copy",
  marksSpatial = TRUE,
  responseCounts = "counts",
  responsePA = "present",
  trialsPA = NULL,
  trialsMarks = NULL,
  speciesName = NULL,
```

```
  temporalName = NULL,
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1"),
  copyModel = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  Formulas = list(covariateFormula = NULL, biasFormula = NULL)
)
```

Arguments

`...`	The datasets to be used in the model. May come as either `sf`, `data.frame` or `SpatialPoints*` objects, or as a list of objects with these classes. The classes of the datasets do not necessarily need to be standardized, however the variable names within them often have to be.
`spatialCovariates`	The spatial covariates used in the model. These covariates must be measured at every location (pixel) in the study area, and must be a `Raster*`, `SpatialPixelsDataFrame` or `SpatialRaster` object. Can be either `numeric`, `factor` or `character` data.
`Coordinates`	A vector of length 2 containing the names (class `character`) of the coordinate variables used in the model.
`Projection`	The coordinate reference system used by both the spatial points and spatial covariates. Must be of class `character`.
`Mesh`	An `fm_mesh_2d` object required for the spatial random fields and the integration points in the model (see `fm_mesh_2d_inla` from the **fmesher** package for more details).
`IPS`	The integration points to be used in the model (that is, the points on the map where the intensity of the model is calculated). See `fm_int` from the **fmesher** package for more details regarding these points; however defaults to `NULL` which will create integration points from the `Mesh` object.
`Boundary`	A `sf` object of the study area. If not missing, this object is used to help create the integration points.
`speciesSpatial`	Argument to specify if each species should have their own spatial effect with different hyperparameters to be estimated using **INLA**'s "replicate" feature, of if a the field's should be estimated per species copied across datasets using **INLA**'s "copy" feature. Possible values include: `'replicate'`, `'copy'`, `'shared'` or `NULL` if no species-specific spatial effects should be estimated.
`speciesIndependent`	Logical argument: Should species effects be made independent of one another. Defaults to `FALSE` which creates effects for each species independently.
`markNames`	A vector with the mark names (class `character`) to be included in the integrated model. Marks are variables which are used to describe the individual points in the model (for example, in the field of ecology the size of the species or its feeding type could be considered). Defaults to `NULL`, however if this argument is non-`NULL`, the model run will become a marked point process. The marks must be included in the same data object as the points.
`markFamily`	A vector with the statistical families (class `character`) assumed for the marks. Must be the same length as markNames, and the position of the mark in the vector `markName` is associated with the position of the family in `markFamily`. Defaults to `NULL` which assigns each mark as "Gaussian".

pointCovariates
: The non-spatial covariates to be included in the integrated model (for example, in the field of ecology the distance to the nearest road or time spent sampling could be considered). These covariates must be included in the same data object as the points.

pointsIntercept
: Logical argument: should the points be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE. Note that if this argument is non-NULL and pointsIntercepts is missing, pointsIntercepts will be set to FALSE.

marksIntercept
: Logical argument: should the marks be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE.

speciesEffects
: List specifying if intercept terms and environments effects should be made for the species. Defaults to list(randomIntercept = FALSE, Environmental = TRUE). randomIntercept may take on three values: TRUE which creates a random intercept for each species, FALSE which creates fixed intercepts for each species, of NULL which removes all species level intercepts. Note that if randomIntercept = NULL and pointsIntercept = TRUE, dataset specific intercept terms will be created.

Offset
: Name of the offset variable (class character) in the datasets. Defaults to NULL; if the argument is non-NULL, the variable name needs to be standardized across datasets (but does not need to be included in all datasets). The offset variable will be transformed onto the log-scale in the integrated model.

pointsSpatial
: Argument to determine whether the spatial field is shared between the datasets, or if each dataset has its own unique spatial field. The datasets may share a spatial field with **INLA**'s "copy" feature if the argument is set to copy. May take on the values: "shared", "individual", "copy", "correlation" or NULL if no spatial field is required for the model. Defaults to "copy".

marksSpatial
: Logical argument: should the marks have their own spatial field. Defaults to TRUE.

responseCounts
: Name of the response variable in the counts/abundance datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all counts datasets used in the integrated model. Defaults to 'counts'.

responsePA
: Name of the response variable (class character) in the presence absence/detection non-detection datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all present absence datasets. Defaults to 'present'.

trialsPA
: Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the presence absence datasets. Defaults to NULL.

trialsMarks
: Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the binomial marks (if included). Defaults to NULL.

speciesName
: Name of the species variable name (class character). Specifying this argument turns the model into a stacked species distribution model, and calculates covariate values for the individual species, as well as a species group model in the shared spatial field. Defaults to NULL. Note that if this argument is non-NULL and pointsIntercepts is missing, pointsIntercepts will be set to FALSE.

temporalName
: Name of the temporal variable (class character) in the model. This variable is required to be in all the datasets. Defaults to NULL.

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details.

`copyModel` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the "copy" model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

`Formulas` A named list with two objects. The first one, `covariateFormula`, is a formula for the covariates and their transformations for the distribution part of the model. Defaults to `NULL` which includes all covariates specified in `spatialCovariates` into the model. The second, `biasFormula`, specifies which covariates are used for the PO datasets. Defaults to `NULL` which includes no covariates for the PO datasets.

Value

A `specifyISDM` object (class `R6`). Use `?specifyISDM` to get a comprehensive description of the slot functions associated with this object.

Note

The idea with this function is to describe the full model: that is, all the covariates and spatial effects will appear in all the formulas for the datasets and species. If some of these terms should not be included in certain observation models in the integrated model, they can be thinned out using the `.$updateFormula` function. Note: the point covariate and mark terms will only be included in the formulas for where they are present in a given dataset, and so these terms do not need to be thinned out if they are not required by certain observation models.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set base model up
baseModel <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

#Print summary
baseModel

#Set up model with dataset specific spatial fields

indSpat <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                Projection = proj, pointsSpatial = 'individual', responsePA = 'Present')

#Model with offset variable
```

```
offSet <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                   Projection = proj, Offset = 'area', responsePA = 'Present')

#Assume area as a mark
markModel <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                   Projection = proj, markNames = 'area', markFamily = 'gamma',
                   responsePA = 'Present')

}
```

`Koala` *Dataset of Eucalyptus globulus (common name: blue gum) sightings collected across the Koala conservation reserve on Phillip island (Australia) between 1993 and 2004. Two marks are considered from this dataset: "koala" which describes the number of koala visits to each tree, and "food" which is some index of the palatability of the leaves.*

Description

Dataset of Eucalyptus globulus (common name: blue gum) sightings collected across the Koala conservation reserve on Phillip island (Australia) between 1993 and 2004. Two marks are considered from this dataset: "koala" which describes the number of koala visits to each tree, and "food" which is some index of the palatability of the leaves.

Format

`eucTrees` is a `data.frame` object (1284 observations; 6 variables) with the following columns:

E Latitude of the observation.

N Longitude of the observation.

FOOD Some value of the palatability of the leaves of the trees.

koala The number of koala sightings per tree.

nitrogen Total nitrogen (mg.g-1 DM).

dbh Diameter at breast hight of the trees (cm).

References

Moore, B.D., Lawler, I.R., Wallis, I.R., Collin, B.M. and Foley, W.J. (2010). Palatability mapping: a koala's eye view of spatial variation in habitat quality. Ecology 91 (11): 3165-3176.

`makeFormulaComps` makeFormulaComps*: function to make components for the covariate and bias Formulas.*

Description

An internal function used to make the formula components required for inlabru.

Usage

```
makeFormulaComps(form, species, speciesnames, type)
```

Arguments

`form`	The formula which needs to be changed into a component.
`species`	Logical indicating if species occur in the model.
`speciesnames`	The names of the species occurring in the model.
`type`	What type of component is being created: one for the covariate formula or the bias formula.

Value

A vector of components required for inlabru.

`makeLhoods` makeLhoods*: function to make likelihoods.*

Description

Function to make the datasets into likelihoods.

Usage

```
makeLhoods(
  data,
  formula,
  family,
  mesh,
  ips,
  paresp,
  ntrialsvar,
  markstrialsvar,
  speciesname,
  speciesindex,
  samplers,
  pointcovs = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	A list of sf objects containing the datasets for which likelihoods need to be constructed.
formula	A list of formulas to add to the likelihoods.
family	A list of vectors containing the families within each dataset.
mesh	An fm_mesh_2d object.
ips	Integration points used.
paresp	The response variable name for the presence absence datasets.
ntrialsvar	The trials variable name for the presence absence datasets.
markstrialsvar	The trial variable name for the binomial marks.
speciesname	The name of the species variable used.
speciesindex	A vector containing the numeric index of where the species occurs in the data
samplers	A list of integration domains for the datasets.
pointcovs	A vector of the point covariates used in the model.

---

modISDM-class *Export modISDM class*

Description

Export modISDM class

---

modISDM_predict-class *Export class predict.modISDM*

Description

Export class predict.modISDM

---

modMarks-class *Export modMarks class*

Description

Export modMarks class

modMarks_predict-class *Export class predict_modMarks*

Description

Export class predict_modMarks

modSpecies-class *Export modSpecies class*

Description

Export modSpecies class

modSpecies_predict-class *Export class predict_modSpecies*

Description

Export class predict_modSpecies

nameChanger nameChanger*: function to change a variable name.*

Description

An internal function used to change the name of a variable.

Usage

```
nameChanger(data, oldName, newName)
```

Arguments

data	A list of datasets.
oldName	The old variable name.
newName	The new variable name.

Value

A list of data.frame or spatial objects with the name of the variable changes.

`nearestValue` *nearestValue: Match species location data to environmental raster layers*

Description

Obtain the nearest covariate value at each of the species locations.

Usage

```
nearestValue(pts, r, ...)
```

Arguments

`pts`	The species location data
`r`	The raster file to extract the covariates at.
`...`	Extra arguments for knnx.index.

`NLCD_canopy_raster` *Raster object containing the canopy cover across Pennsylvania state.*

Description

Raster object containing the canopy cover across Pennsylvania state.

References

https://cran.r-project.org/package=FedData

`Parks` *data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from Parks*

Description

data.frame object containing solitary tinamou observations from Parks

Source

https://www.gbif.org/

plot.bruSDM_predict *Generic plot function for* predict_bru_sdm.

Description

Plot for predict_bru_sdm

Plot for modISDM_predict

Plot for modMarks_predict

Plot for modSpecies_predict

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bruSDM_predict'
plot(
  x,
  whattoplot = c("mean"),
  cols = NULL,
  layout = NULL,
  colourLow = NULL,
  colourHigh = NULL,
  plot = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'modISDM_predict'
plot(x, variable = "mean", plot = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'modMarks_predict'
plot(x, variable = "mean", plot = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'modSpecies_predict'
plot(x, variable = "mean", plot = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A modSpecies_predict object.
whattoplot	One of the following statistics to plot: "mean", "sd", "q0.025", "median","q0.975", "smin", "smax", "cv", "var"
cols	Number of columns required for the plotting. Used by inlabru's multiplot function.
layout	Layout of the plots. Used by inlabru's multiplot function.
colourLow	Colour for the low values in the predictions (see ?scale_colour_gradient from ggplot2). Defaults to NULL. If non-NULL, colourHigh is required.
colourHigh	Colour for the high values in the predictions (see ?scale_colour_gradient from ggplot2). Defaults to NULL. If non-NULL, colourLow is required.

plot	Should the plots be printed, defaults to TRUE. If FALSE will produce a list of ggplot objects.
...	Argument not used
variable	One of the following statistics to plot: "mean", "sd", "q0.025", "median","q0.975", "smin", "smax", "cv", "var"

Value

A ggplot2 object.

A ggplot2 object.

A ggplot2 object.

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

```
## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

  ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

  #Predict spatial field on linear scale
  predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

  #Make generic plot of predictions
  plot(predictions, colourHigh = 'red', colourLow = 'orange')

 }

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
```

```
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 ##Run the model
modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

 #Make generic plot of predictions
 plot(predictions, colourHigh = 'red', colourLow = 'orange')

}

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           markNames = 'speciesName',
                           markFamily = 'multinomial')

 ##Run the model
modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb',
                                                                      diagonal = 1)))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

 #Make generic plot of predictions
 plot(predictions)

}

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
```

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                              Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

 #Make generic plot of predictions
 plot(predictions, colourHigh = 'red', colourLow = 'orange')

}

## End(Not run)
```

`predict.bruSDM` *Generic predict function for* `bru_SDM` *objects.*

Description

Predict function for the object produced by `fitISDM`. Should act identically to **inlabru**'s generic predict function if wanted, but has additional arguments to help predict certain components created by the model. This is needed since `intModel` creates variable names which might not be directly apparent to the user.

Predict function for the object produced by `fitISDM`. Should act identically to **inlabru**'s generic predict function if wanted, but has additional arguments to help predict certain components created by the model. This is needed since `startISDM` creates variable names which might not be directly apparent to the user.

Predict function for the object produced by `fitISDM`. Should act identically to **inlabru**'s generic predict function if wanted, but has additional arguments to help predict certain components created by the model. This is needed since `startMarks` creates variable names which might not be directly apparent to the user.

Predict function for the object produced by `fitISDM`. Should act identically to **inlabru**'s generic predict function if wanted, but has additional arguments to help predict certain components created by the model. This is needed since `startSpecies` creates variable names which might not be directly apparent to the user.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bruSDM'
predict(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  formula = NULL,
  mesh = NULL,
  mask = NULL,
  temporal = FALSE,
  covariates = NULL,
  spatial = FALSE,
  intercepts = FALSE,
  datasets = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  marks = NULL,
  biasfield = FALSE,
  biasnames = NULL,
  predictor = FALSE,
  fun = "linear",
  format = "sf",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'modISDM'
predict(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  formula = NULL,
  mesh = NULL,
  mask = NULL,
  covariates = NULL,
  spatial = FALSE,
  intercepts = FALSE,
  datasets = NULL,
  bias = FALSE,
  biasnames = NULL,
  predictor = FALSE,
  fun = "linear",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'modMarks'
predict(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  formula = NULL,
  mesh = NULL,
  mask = NULL,
```

```
  covariates = NULL,
  spatial = FALSE,
  intercepts = FALSE,
  datasets = NULL,
  marks = NULL,
  bias = FALSE,
  biasnames = NULL,
  predictor = FALSE,
  fun = "linear",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'modSpecies'
predict(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  formula = NULL,
  mesh = NULL,
  mask = NULL,
  covariates = NULL,
  spatial = FALSE,
  intercepts = FALSE,
  datasets = NULL,
  species,
  bias = FALSE,
  biasnames = NULL,
  predictor = FALSE,
  fun = "linear",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	A modSpecies object.
data	Data containing points of the map with which to predict on. May be NULL if one of mesh or mask is NULL.
formula	Formula to predict. May be NULL if other arguments: covariates, spatial, intercepts are not NULL.
mesh	An fm_mesh_2d object.
mask	A mask of the study background. Defaults to NULL.
temporal	Make predictions for the temporal component of the model.
covariates	Name of covariates to predict.
spatial	Logical: include spatial effects in prediction. Defaults to FALSE.
intercepts	Logical: include intercept terms in prediction. Defaults to FALSE.
datasets	Names of the datasets to include intercept and spatial term.

species	Names of the species to predict. Default of NULL results in all species being predicted.
marks	Names of the marks to include intercept and spatial term.
biasfield	Logical include bias field in prediction. Defaults to FALSE.
biasnames	Names of the datasets to include bias term. Defaults to NULL. Note: the chosen dataset needs to be run with a bias field first; this can be done using .$addBias with the object produced by startSpecies.
predictor	Should all terms (except the bias terms) included in the linear predictor be used in the predictions. Defaults to FALSE.
fun	Function used to predict. Set to 'linear' if effects on the linear scale are desired.
format	Class of the data for which to predict on. Must be one of 'sp', 'sf' or 'terra'. Defaults to 'sf'.
...	Additional arguments used by the inlabru predict function.
bias	Logical include bias field in prediction. Defaults to FALSE.

Details

Predict for bru_sdm

Predict for modISDM

Predict for modMarks

Predict for modSpecies

Value

A list of inlabru predict objects.

A list of inlabru predict objects.

A list of inlabru predict objects.

A list of inlabru predict objects.

Examples

```
## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')
```

```
 ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

}

## End(Not run)


## Not run:

if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present')

 ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

}

## End(Not run)


## Not run:

if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
data <- lapply(data, function(x) {x$mark = runif(nrow(x));x})
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh, markNames = 'mark',
```

```
                              markFamily = 'gaussian',
                              Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb',
                                                    diagonal = 1)))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, marks = 'mark', fun = 'linear')

}

## End(Not run)


## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh, speciesName = 'speciesName',
                              Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 ##Run the model
 modelRun <- fitISDM(organizedData, options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb',
                                                    diagonal = 1)))

 #Predict spatial field on linear scale
 predictions <- predict(modelRun, mesh = mesh, spatial = TRUE, fun = 'linear')

 }

## End(Not run)
```

`print.blockedCV` *Print function for* `blockedCV`.

Description

Print for blockedCV

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'blockedCV'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A blockedCV object.
...	Unused argument.

---

print.blockedCVpred *Print function for* blockedCV.

Description

Print for blockedCVpred

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'blockedCVpred'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A blockedCV object.
...	Unused argument.

---

print.bruSDM *Generic print function for* bruSDM.

Description

Print method for bru_sdm

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bruSDM'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	bruSDM object.
...	Un used argument.

print.bruSDM_predict *Generic print function for* bru_sdm_predict.

Description

Generic print function for bru_sdm_predict.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bruSDM_predict'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	bruSDM_predict object
...	Not used.

print.datasetOut *Generic print function for* datasetOut.

Description

Print for bru_sdm_leave_one_out

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'datasetOut'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	datasetOut object.
...	Unused argument.

print.modISDM *Generic print function for* modISDM.

Description

Print method for modISDM

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'modISDM'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	modISDM object.
...	Not used.

print.modMarks *Generic print function for* modMarks.

Description

Print method for modMarks

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'modMarks'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	modMarks object.
...	Not used.

print.modSpecies *Generic print function for* modSpecies.

Description

Print method for modSpecies

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'modSpecies'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	modSpecies object.
...	Not used.

reduceComps *reduceComps: Reduce the components of the model.*

Description

reduceComps: Reduce the components of the model.

Usage

```
reduceComps(componentsOld, pointsCopy, biasCopy, datasetName, reducedTerms)
```

Arguments

componentsOld	The old components in the model.
pointsCopy	Logical: is the spatial model for the points copy.
biasCopy	Logical: is the bias model copy.
datasetName	Name of the dataset of interest.
reducedTerms	Terms to include in the new components.

Value

New components.

region *sf object containing the boundary region for solitary tinamouc*

Description

sf object containing the boundary region for solitary tinamouc

Source

https://github.com/oharar/PointedSDMs

removeFormula *removeFormula: Function to remove term from a formula.*

Description

formulaChanger: Internal function used to remove formula terms.

Usage

```
removeFormula(formulaRemove, oldFormula)
```

Arguments

formulaRemove	The formula with all the components to remove.
oldFormula	The formula which needs to change.

runModel runModel*: function used to run the integrated model. Note that this function is depreciated, and will be removed in a later version of the package.*

Description

This function takes a intModel object and produces an inlabru model object with additional lists and meta-data added.

Usage

```
runModel(data, options = list())
```

Arguments

data	A intModel object to be used in the integrated model.
options	A list of INLA options used in the model. Defaults to list().

Value

An inlabru model with additional lists containing some more metadata attached.

Examples

```
## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- intModel(data, Mesh = mesh, Coordinates = c('X', 'Y'),
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

  ##Run the model
  modelRun <- runModel(organizedData,
  options = list(control.inla = list(int.strategy = 'eb')))

  #Print summary of model
  modelRun

 }

## End(Not run)
```

SetophagaData *List of all data objects used for the Setophaga vignette.*

Description

List of all data objects used for the Setophaga vignette.

SolitaryTinamou *List of all data objects used for the solitary tinamou vignette.*

Description

List of all data objects used for the solitary tinamou vignette.

SolTinCovariates *spatRaster object containing covariate values*

Description

spatRaster object containing covariate values

Source

https://github.com/oharar/PointedSDMs

specifyISDM *R6 class for creating a* startISDM *object.*

Description

A data object containing the data and the relevant information about the integrated model. The function startISDM acts as a wrapper in creating one of these objects. The output of this object has additional functions within the object which allow for further specification and customization of the integrated model.

Methods

Public methods:

- specifyISDM$help()
- specifyISDM$print()
- specifyISDM$plot()
- specifyISDM$addBias()
- specifyISDM$updateFormula()
- specifyISDM$changeComponents()
- specifyISDM$priorsFixed()
- specifyISDM$specifySpatial()
- specifyISDM$changeLink()
- specifyISDM$spatialBlock()

- specifyISDM$addSamplers()
- specifyISDM$specifyRandom()
- specifyISDM$new()
- specifyISDM$samplingBias()

Method `help()`**:** Function to provide documentation for a `specifyISDM` object.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$help(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used

Returns: Documentation.

Method `print()`**:** Prints the datasets, their data type and the number of observations, as well as the marks and their respective families.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$print(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used.

Method `plot()`**:** Makes a plot of the points surrounded by the boundary of the region where they were collected. The points may either be plotted based on which dataset they come from, or which species group they are part of (if `speciesName` is non-`NULL` in `intModel`).

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$plot(datasetNames, Boundary = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` Name of the datasets to plot. If this argument is missing, the function will plot all the data available to the model.

`Boundary` Logical: should a boundary (created using the `Mesh` object) be used in the plot. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`...` Not used.

Returns: A ggplot object.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
```

```
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}
}
```

Method `addBias()`**:** Function used to add additional spatial fields (called *bias fields*) to a selected dataset present in the integrated model. *Bias fields* are typically used to account for sampling biases in opportunistic citizen science data in the absence of any covariate to do such.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$addBias(
  datasetNames = NULL,
  allPO = FALSE,
  biasField = NULL,
  copyModel = TRUE,
  shareModel = FALSE,
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1")
)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` A vector of dataset names (class `character`) for which a bias field needs to be added to. If `NULL` (default), then `allPO` has to be `TRUE`.

`allPO` Logical: should a bias field be added to all datasets classified as presence only in the integrated model. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`biasField` An `inla.spde` object used to describe the bias field. Defaults to `NULL` which uses `inla.spde2.matern` to create a Matern model for the field.

`copyModel` Create copy models for all the of the datasets specified with either `datasetNames` or `allPO`. The first dataset in the vector will have its own spatial effect, and the other datasets will "copy" the effect with shared hyperparameters. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`shareModel` Share a bias field across the datasets specified with `datasetNames`. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details. `temporalName` needs to be specified in `intModel` prior.

Returns: A bias field to the model.

Examples:

```
 \dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
```

```
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}
}
```

Method `updateFormula()`**:** Function used to update the formula for a selected observation model. The function is designed to work similarly to the generic `update` formula, and should be used to thin terms out of a process from the full model specified in `intModel`. The function also allows the user to add their own formula to the model, such that they can include non-linear components in the model. The function can also be used to print out the formula for a process by not specifying the `Formula` or `newFormula` arguments.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$updateFormula(
  datasetName = NULL,
  Formula,
  newFormula,
  processLevel = FALSE
)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset (class `character`) for which the formula needs to be changed.

`Formula` An updated formula to give to the process. The syntax provided for the formula in this argument should be identical to the formula specification as in base **R**. Should be used to thin terms out of a formula but could be used to add terms as well. If adding new terms not specified in `intModel`, remember to add the associated component using `.$changeComponents` as well.

`newFormula` Completely change the formula for a process – primarily used to add non-linear components into the formula. Note: all terms need to be correctly specified here.

`processLevel` Logical argument: if `TRUE` changes the formulas for all of the processes in a dataset. Defaults to `FALSE`.

Returns: An updated formula.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
```

```
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
Forest <- terra::rast(
system.file(
'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

#Remove Forest from eBird
organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

#Add some scaling to Forest for Parks
organizedData$updateFormula('Parks', newFormula = ~ I(. +(Forest+1e-6)*scaling))

#Now dd scaling to components
organizedData$changeComponents(addComponent = 'scaling')

}
}
```

Method `changeComponents()`**:** Function to add and specify custom components to model, which are required by **inlabru**. The main purpose of the function is to re-specify or completely change components already in the model, however the user can also add completely new components to the model as well. In this case, the components need to be added to the correct formulas in the model using the `.$updateFormula` function. If `addComponent` and `removeComponent` are both missing, the function will print out the components to be supplied to **inlabru**'s `bru` function.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$changeComponents(addComponent, removeComponent, print = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

`addComponent` Component to add to the integrated model. Note that if the user is re-specifying a component already present in the model, they do not need to remove the old component using `removeComponent`.

`removeComponent` Component (or just the name of a component) present in the model which should be removed.

`print` Logical: should the updated components be printed. Defaults to `TRUE`.

Returns: An updated components list.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
```

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
Forest <- terra::rast(
system.file(
'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

#Remove Forest from components
organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'Forest')

}

}
```

Method `priorsFixed()`**:** Function to change priors for the fixed (and possibly random) effects of the model.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$priorsFixed(
  Effect,
  datasetName = NULL,
  mean.linear = 0,
  prec.linear = 0.001
)
```

Arguments:

`Effect` Name of the fixed effect covariate to change the prior for. Can take on `'intercept'`, which will change the specification for an intercept (specified by one of `species` or `datasetName`).

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for which the prior of the intercept should change (if fixedEffect = 'intercept'). Defaults to `NULL` which will change the prior effect of the intercepts for all the datasets in the model.

`mean.linear` Mean value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0`.

`prec.linear` Precision value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0.001`.

Returns: New priors for the fixed effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Add prior to Forest
 organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Forest', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}
}
```

Method `specifySpatial()`**:** Function to specify random fields in the model using penalizing complexity (PC) priors for the parameters.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$specifySpatial(
  sharedSpatial = FALSE,
  datasetName,
  Bias,
  PC = TRUE,
  Remove = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`sharedSpatial` Logical: specify the shared spatial field in the model. Requires `pointsSpatial == 'shared'` in `intModel`. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`datasetName` Name of which of the datasets' spatial fields to be specified. Requires `pointsSpatial = 'individual'` in `intModel`.

`Bias` Name of the dataset for which the bias field to be specified.

`PC` Logical: should the Matern model be specified with pc priors. Defaults to `TRUE`, which uses `inla.spde2.pcmatern` to specify the model; otherwise uses `inla.spde2.matern`.

`Remove` Logical: should the chosen spatial field be removed. Requires one of `sharedSpatial`, `species`, `mark` or `bias` to be non-missing, which chooses which field to remove.

... Additional arguments used by **INLA**'s inla.spde2.pcmatern or inla.spde2.matern function, dependent on the value of PC.

Returns: A new model for the spatial effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE,
                       prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                       prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}
}
```

Method changeLink(): Function used to change the link function for a given process.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$changeLink(datasetName, Link)
```

Arguments:

datasetName Name of the dataset for which the link function needs to be changed.

Link Name of the link function to add to the process. If missing, will print the link function of the specified dataset.

Returns: A new link function for a process.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
```

```
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
Forest <- terra::rast(
system.file(
'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

#Specify the shared spatial field
organizedData$changeLink('Parks', 'logit')


}
}
```

Method `spatialBlock()`**:** Function to spatially block the datasets, which will then be used for model cross-validation with `blockedCV`. See the `spatialBlock` function from **blockCV** for how the spatial blocking works and for further details on the function's arguments.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$spatialBlock(k, rows_cols, plot = FALSE, seed = 1234, ...)
```

Arguments:

`k` Integer value reflecting the number of folds to use.

`rows_cols` Integer value by which the area is divided into longitudinal and latitudinal bins.

`plot` Plot the cross-validation folds as well as the points across the boundary. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`seed` Seed used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock` to make the spatial blocking reproducible across different models. Defaults to `1234`.

`...` Additional arguments used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock`.

Returns: If `plot = TRUE`, a plot of the grid.

Examples:

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
Forest <- terra::rast(
```

```
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}
```

Method `addSamplers()`**:** Function to add an integration domain for the PO datasets.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$addSamplers(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for the samplers.

`Samplers` A `Spatial*` object representing the integration domain.

Returns: New samplers for a process.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}
}
```

Method `specifyRandom()`**:** Function to specify the models and priors for the random effects included in the model.

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$specifyRandom(
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1"),
  copyModel = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  copyBias = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))
)
```

Arguments:

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details.

`copyModel` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

`copyBias` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` bias model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

Returns: An updated component list.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = copy)

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}
}
```

Method `new()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$new(
  data,
  projection,
  Inlamesh,
  initialnames,
  responsecounts,
```

```
    responsepa,
    pointcovariates,
    trialspa,
    spatial,
    intercepts,
    spatialcovariates,
    boundary,
    ips,
    temporal,
    temporalmodel,
    offset,
    copymodel,
    formulas
  )
```

Method `samplingBias()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifyISDM$samplingBias(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Examples

```
## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$plot`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$addBias`
## ------------------------------------------------
```

```
## Not run:
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$updateFormula`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
Forest <- terra::rast(
system.file(
'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


#Set model up
organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

#Remove Forest from eBird
organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

#Add some scaling to Forest for Parks
```

```
 organizedData$updateFormula('Parks', newFormula = ~ I(. +(Forest+1e-6)*scaling))

 #Now dd scaling to components
 organizedData$changeComponents(addComponent = 'scaling')

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$changeComponents`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Remove Forest from components
 organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'Forest')

}


## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$priorsFixed`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
```

```
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Add prior to Forest
 organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Forest', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$specifySpatial`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE,
                       prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                       prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}

## End(Not run)
```

```
## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$changeLink`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$changeLink('Parks', 'logit')


}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$spatialBlock`
## ------------------------------------------------

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
```

```
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}


## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$addSamplers`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
                            responsePA = 'Present')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyISDM$specifyRandom`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj,
```

```
                            responsePA = 'Present',
                            pointsSpatial = copy)

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}

## End(Not run)
```

`specifyMarks` *R6 class for creating a* `specifyMarks` *object.*

Description

A data object containing the data and the relevant information about the integrated model. The function `startMarks` acts as a wrapper in creating one of these objects. The output of this object has additional functions within the object which allow for further specification and customization of the integrated model.

Methods

Public methods:

- `specifyMarks$help()`
- `specifyMarks$print()`
- `specifyMarks$plot()`
- `specifyMarks$addBias()`
- `specifyMarks$updateFormula()`
- `specifyMarks$changeComponents()`
- `specifyMarks$priorsFixed()`
- `specifyMarks$specifySpatial()`
- `specifyMarks$changeLink()`
- `specifyMarks$spatialBlock()`
- `specifyMarks$addSamplers()`
- `specifyMarks$specifyRandom()`
- `specifyMarks$new()`
- `specifyMarks$samplingBias()`

Method `help()`**:** Function to provide documentation for a `specifyMarks` object.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$help(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used

Returns: Documentation.

Method `print()`**:** Prints the datasets, their data type and the number of observations, as well as the marks and their respective families.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$print(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used.

Method `plot()`**:** Makes a plot of the points surrounded by the boundary of the region where they were collected. The points may either be plotted based on which dataset they come from, or which species group they are part of (if `speciesName` is non-`NULL` in `intModel`).

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$plot(datasetNames, Boundary = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` Name of the datasets to plot. If this argument is missing, the function will plot all the data available to the model.

`Boundary` Logical: should a boundary (created using the `Mesh` object) be used in the plot. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`...` Not used.

Returns: A ggplot object.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set organizedData up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}
}
```

Method `addBias()`**:** Function used to add additional spatial fields (called *bias fields*) to a selected dataset present in the integrated model. *Bias fields* are typically used to account for sampling biases in opportunistic citizen science data in the absence of any covariate to do such.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$addBias(
  datasetNames = NULL,
  allPO = FALSE,
  biasField = NULL,
  copyModel = TRUE,
  shareModel = FALSE,
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1")
)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` A vector of dataset names (class `character`) for which a bias field needs to be added to. If `NULL` (default), then `allPO` has to be `TRUE`.

`allPO` Logical: should a bias field be added to all datasets classified as presence only in the integrated model. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`biasField` An `inla.spde` object used to describe the bias field. Defaults to `NULL` which uses `inla.spde2.matern` to create a Matern model for the field.

`copyModel` Create copy models for all the of the datasets specified with either `datasetNames` or `allPO`. The first dataset in the vector will have its own spatial effect, and the other datasets will "copy" the effect with shared hyperparameters. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`shareModel` Share a bias field across the datasets specified with `datasetNames`. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details. `temporalName` needs to be specified in `intModel` prior.

Returns: A bias field to the model.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}
}
```

Method `updateFormula()`**:** Function used to update the formula for a selected observation model. The function is designed to work similarly to the generic `update` formula, and should be used to thin terms out of a process from the full model specified in `intModel`. The function also allows the user to add their own formula to the model, such that they can include non-linear components in the model. The function can also be used to print out the formula for a process by not specifying the `Formula` or `newFormula` arguments.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$updateFormula(
  datasetName = NULL,
  Points = TRUE,
  Mark = NULL,
  Formula,
  newFormula
)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset (class `character`) for which the formula needs to be changed.

`Points` Logical: should the formula be changed for the points (or otherwise, a marked process). Defaults to `TRUE`.

`Mark` Name of the mark (class `character`) to change the formula for. Defaults to `NULL`.

`Formula` An updated formula to give to the process. The syntax provided for the formula in this argument should be identical to the formula specification as in base **R**. Should be used to thin terms out of a formula but could be used to add terms as well. If adding new terms not specified in `intModel`, remember to add the associated component using `.$changeComponents` as well.

`newFormula` Completely change the formula for a process – primarily used to add non-linear components into the formula. Note: all terms need to be correctly specified here.

Returns: If `Formula` and `newFormula` are missing, will print out the formula for the specified processes.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')
```

```
 #Remove Forest from eBird
  organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Mark = 'speciesName', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

}
}
```

Method `changeComponents()`**:** Function to add and specify custom components to model, which are required by **inlabru**. The main purpose of the function is to re-specify or completely change components already in the model, however the user can also add completely new components to the model as well. In this case, the components need to be added to the correct formulas in the model using the `.$updateFormula` function. If `addComponent` and `removeComponent` are both missing, the function will print out the components to be supplied to **inlabru**'s `bru` function.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$changeComponents(addComponent, removeComponent, print = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

`addComponent` Component to add to the integrated model. Note that if the user is re-specifying a component already present in the model, they do not need to remove the old component using `removeComponent`.

`removeComponent` Component (or just the name of a component) present in the model which should be removed.

`print` Logical: should the updated components be printed. Defaults to `TRUE`.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Remove Forest from components
 organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'Forest')

}

}
```

Method `priorsFixed()`**:** Function to change priors for the fixed (and possibly random) effects of the model.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$priorsFixed(
  Effect,
  datasetName = NULL,
  mean.linear = 0,
  prec.linear = 0.001
)
```

Arguments:

`Effect` Name of the fixed effect covariate to change the prior for. Can take on `'intercept'`, which will change the specification for an intercept (specified by one of `species` or `datasetName`).

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for which the prior of the intercept should change (if fixedEffect = 'intercept'). Defaults to `NULL` which will change the prior effect of the intercepts for all the datasets in the model.

`mean.linear` Mean value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0`.

`prec.linear` Precision value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0.001`.

Returns: New priors for the fixed effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh, marksIntercept = FALSE,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Add prior to Forest
organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Intercept', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}
}
```

Method `specifySpatial()`**:** Function to specify random fields in the model using penalizing complexity (PC) priors for the parameters.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$specifySpatial(
  sharedSpatial = FALSE,
  datasetName,
  Mark,
  Bias,
  PC = TRUE,
  Remove = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`sharedSpatial` Logical: specify the shared spatial field in the model. Requires `pointsSpatial == 'shared'` in `intModel`. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`datasetName` Name of which of the datasets' spatial fields to be specified. Requires `pointsSpatial = 'individual'` in `intModel`.

`Mark` Name of the marks to specify the spatial field for. If `TRUE` changes the spatial effect for all marks.

`Bias` Name of the dataset for which the bias field to be specified.

`PC` Logical: should the Matern model be specified with pc priors. Defaults to `TRUE`, which uses `inla.spde2.pcmatern` to specify the model; otherwise uses `inla.spde2.matern`.

`Remove` Logical: should the chosen spatial field be removed. Requires one of `sharedSpatial`, `species`, `mark` or `bias` to be non-missing, which chooses which field to remove.

`...` Additional arguments used by **INLA**'s `inla.spde2.pcmatern` or `inla.spde2.matern` function, dependent on the value of `PC`.

Returns: A new model for the spatial effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
```

```
                            markNames = 'speciesName',
                            markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE,
                       prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                       prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}
}
```

Method `changeLink()`**:** Function used to change the link function for a given process.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$changeLink(datasetName, Mark, Link, ...)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for which the link function needs to be changed.

`Mark` Name of the mark for which the link function needs to be changed.

`Link` Name of the link function to add to the process. If missing, will print the link function of the specified dataset.

`...` Not used

`Species` Name of the species for which the link function needs to be changed.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            markNames = 'speciesName',
                            markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$changeLink(datasetName = 'Parks',
                          Mark = 'speciesName',
                          Link = 'logit')
```

```
}
}
```

Method `spatialBlock()`**:** Function to spatially block the datasets, which will then be used for model cross-validation with `blockedCV`. See the `spatialBlock` function from **blockCV** for how the spatial blocking works and for further details on the function's arguments.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$spatialBlock(k, rows_cols, plot = FALSE, seed = 1234, ...)
```

Arguments:

`k` Integer value reflecting the number of folds to use.

`rows_cols` Integer value by which the area is divided into longitudinal and latitudinal bins.

`plot` Plot the cross-validation folds as well as the points across the boundary. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`seed` Seed used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock` to make the spatial blocking reproducible across different models. Defaults to `1234`.

`...` Additional arguments used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock`.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}
}
```

Method `addSamplers()`**:** Function to add an integration domain for the PO datasets.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$addSamplers(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for the samplers.

`Samplers` A `Spatial*` object representing the integration domain.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}
}
```

Method `specifyRandom()`**:** Function to specify the models and priors for the random effects included in the model.

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$specifyRandom(
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1"),
  copyModel = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  copyBias = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))
)
```

Arguments:

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details.

`copyModel` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

`copyBias` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` bias model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

Returns: An updated component list.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
```

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            markNames = 'speciesName',
                            markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}
}
```

Method `new()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$new(
  data,
  coordinates,
  projection,
  Inlamesh,
  initialnames,
  responsecounts,
  responsepa,
  marksnames,
  marksfamily,
  pointcovariates,
  trialspa,
  trialsmarks,
  marksspatial,
  spatial,
  intercepts,
  spatialcovariates,
  marksintercepts,
  boundary,
  ips,
  temporal,
  temporalmodel,
  offset,
  copymodel,
  formulas
)
```

Method `samplingBias()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifyMarks$samplingBias(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Examples

```
## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$plot`
## ------------------------------------------------


## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set organizedData up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$addBias`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
```

```
                              markNames = 'speciesName',
                              markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$updateFormula`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                              Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                              markNames = 'speciesName',
                              markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Remove Forest from eBird
  organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Mark = 'speciesName', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$changeComponents`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
```

```
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Remove Forest from components
 organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'Forest')

}


## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$priorsFixed`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh, marksIntercept = FALSE,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Add prior to Forest
 organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Intercept', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$specifySpatial`
## ------------------------------------------------
```

```
## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE,
                       prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                       prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$changeLink`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
```

```
                              markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$changeLink(datasetName = 'Parks',
                          Mark = 'speciesName',
                          Link = 'logit')


}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$spatialBlock`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- SolitaryTinamou$covariates$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$addSamplers`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
```

```
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifyMarks$specifyRandom`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                             markNames = 'speciesName',
                             markFamily = 'multinomial')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}

## End(Not run)
```

`specifySpecies` *R6 class for creating a* `startSpecies` *object.*

Description

A data object containing the data and the relevant information about the integrated model. The function `startSpecies` acts as a wrapper in creating one of these objects. The output of this object has additional functions within the object which allow for further specification and customization of the integrated model.

Methods

Public methods:

- specifySpecies$help()
- specifySpecies$print()
- specifySpecies$plot()
- specifySpecies$addBias()
- specifySpecies$updateFormula()
- specifySpecies$changeComponents()
- specifySpecies$priorsFixed()
- specifySpecies$specifySpatial()
- specifySpecies$changeLink()
- specifySpecies$spatialBlock()
- specifySpecies$addSamplers()
- specifySpecies$specifyRandom()
- specifySpecies$new()
- specifySpecies$samplingBias()

Method `help()`**:** Function to provide documentation for a `specifySpecies` object.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$help(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used

Returns: Documentation.

Method `print()`**:** Prints the datasets, their data type and the number of observations, as well as the marks and their respective families.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$print(...)
```

Arguments:

`...` Not used.

Method `plot()`**:** Makes a plot of the points surrounded by the boundary of the region where they were collected.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$plot(datasetNames, Species = TRUE, Boundary = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` Name of the datasets to plot. If this argument is missing, the function will plot all the data available to the model.

`Species` Logical: should the points be plotted based on the species name. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`Boundary` Logical: should a boundary (created using the `Mesh` object) be used in the plot. Defaults to `TRUE`.

`...` Not used.

Returns: A ggplot object.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               Projection = proj,
                               responsePA = 'Present')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}
}
```

Method `addBias()`**:** Function used to add additional spatial fields (called *bias fields*) to a selected dataset present in the integrated model. *Bias fields* are typically used to account for sampling biases in opportunistic citizen science data in the absence of any covariate to do such.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$addBias(
  datasetNames = NULL,
  allPO = FALSE,
  biasField = NULL,
  copyModel = TRUE,
  shareModel = FALSE,
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1")
)
```

Arguments:

`datasetNames` A vector of dataset names (class `character`) for which a bias field needs to be added to. If `NULL` (default), then `allPO` has to be `TRUE`.

`allPO` Logical: should a bias field be added to all datasets classified as presence only in the integrated model. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`biasField` An `inla.spde` object used to describe the bias field. Defaults to `NULL` which uses `inla.spde2.matern` to create a Matern model for the field.

`copyModel` Create copy models for all the of the datasets specified with either `datasetNames` or `allPO`. The first dataset in the vector will have its own spatial effect, and the other datasets will "copy" the effect with shared hyperparameters. Defaults to `TRUE`.

shareModel Share a bias field across the datasets specified with datasetNames. Defaults to FALSE.

temporalModel List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to list(model = 'ar1'); see control.group from the **INLA** package for more details. temporalName needs to be specified in intModel prior.

Returns: A bias field to the model.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set model up
organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                              speciesName = 'speciesName',
                              Projection = proj,
                              responsePA = 'Present')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}
}
```

Method updateFormula()**:** Function used to update the formula for a selected observation model. The function is designed to work similarly to the generic update formula, and should be used to thin terms out of a process from the full model specified in intModel. The function also allows the user to add their own formula to the model, such that they can include non-linear components in the model. The function can also be used to print out the formula for a process by not specifying the Formula or newFormula arguments.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$updateFormula(
  datasetName = NULL,
  speciesName = NULL,
  Formula,
  processLevel = FALSE,
  newFormula
)
```

Arguments:

datasetName Name of the dataset (class character) for which the formula needs to be changed.

speciesName Name of the species for which to change a formula for. Defaults to NULL which chnages the formula for all species present in datasetName.

`Formula` An updated formula to give to the process. The syntax provided for the formula in this argument should be identical to the formula specification as in base **R**. Should be used to thin terms out of a formula but could be used to add terms as well. If adding new terms not specified in `intModel`, remember to add the associated component using `.$changeComponents` as well.

`processLevel` Logical argument: if `TRUE` changes the formulas for all of the processes in a dataset. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`newFormula` Completely change the formula for a process – primarily used to add non-linear components into the formula. Note: all terms need to be correctly specified here.

Returns: An updated formula.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh, speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Remove Forest from eBird
 organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

 #Add some scaling to Forest for Parks
 organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName ='Parks', newFormula = ~ I(. +(Forest+1e-6)*scaling))

 #Now dd scaling to components
 organizedData$changeComponents(addComponent = 'scaling')

}
}
```

Method `changeComponents()`**:** Function to add and specify custom components to model, which are required by **inlabru**. The main purpose of the function is to re-specify or completely change components already in the model, however the user can also add completely new components to the model as well. In this case, the components need to be added to the correct formulas

in the model using the .$updateFormula function. If addComponent and removeComponent are both missing, the function will print out the components to be supplied to **inlabru**'s bru function.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$changeComponents(addComponent, removeComponent, print = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

addComponent Component to add to the integrated model. Note that if the user is re-specifying a component already present in the model, they do not need to remove the old component using removeComponent.

removeComponent Component (or just the name of a component) present in the model which should be removed.

print Logical: should the updated components be printed. Defaults to TRUE.

Returns: An updated components list.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               spatialCovariates = Forest,
                               Projection = proj,
                               responsePA = 'Present')

 #Remove Forest from components
 organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'speciesSpatial')

 }

 }
```

Method priorsFixed()**:** Function to change priors for the fixed (and possibly random) effects of the model.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$priorsFixed(
  Effect,
  Species = NULL,
  datasetName = NULL,
  mean.linear = 0,
  prec.linear = 0.001
)
```

Arguments:

`Effect` Name of the fixed effect covariate to change the prior for. Can take on `'intercept'`, which will change the specification for an intercept (specified by one of `species` or `datasetName`).

`Species` Name of the species (class `character`) for which the prior should change. Defaults to `NULL` which will change the prior for all species added to the model.

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for which the prior of the intercept should change (if fixedEffect = 'intercept'). Defaults to `NULL` which will change the prior effect of the intercepts for all the datasets in the model.

`mean.linear` Mean value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0`.

`prec.linear` Precision value for the prior of the fixed effect. Defaults to `0.001`.

Returns: New priors for the fixed effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Add prior to Forest
 organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Forest', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}
}
```

Method `specifySpatial()`**:** Function to specify random fields in the model using penalizing complexity (PC) priors for the parameters.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$specifySpatial(
  sharedSpatial = FALSE,
  datasetName,
  Species,
  Bias,
  PC = TRUE,
  Remove = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`sharedSpatial` Logical: specify the shared spatial field in the model. Requires `pointsSpatial == 'shared'` in `intModel`. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`datasetName` Name of which of the datasets' spatial fields to be specified. Requires `pointsSpatial = 'individual'` in `intModel`.

`Species` Name of the species to change the spatial effect for. If `TRUE` then changes the spatial effect for the shared species field.

`Bias` Name of the dataset for which the bias field to be specified.

`PC` Logical: should the Matern model be specified with pc priors. Defaults to `TRUE`, which uses `inla.spde2.pcmatern` to specify the model; otherwise uses `inla.spde2.matern`.

`Remove` Logical: should the chosen spatial field be removed. Requires one of `sharedSpatial`, `species`, `mark` or `bias` to be non-missing, which chooses which field to remove.

`...` Additional arguments used by **INLA**'s `inla.spde2.pcmatern` or `inla.spde2.matern` function, dependent on the value of `PC`.

Returns: A new model for the spatial effects.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
```

```
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE, PC = TRUE,
                        prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                        prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}
}
```

Method `changeLink()`**:** Function used to change the link function for a given process.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$changeLink(datasetName, Link, ...)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for which the link function needs to be changed.

`Link` Name of the link function to add to the process. If missing, will print the link function of the specified dataset.

Returns: A new link function for a process.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            speciesName = 'speciesName',
                            spatialCovariates = Forest,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$changeLink('Parks', 'logit')


}
}
```

Method `spatialBlock()`**:** Function to spatially block the datasets, which will then be used for model cross-validation with `blockedCV`. See the `spatialBlock` function from **blockCV** for how the spatial blocking works and for further details on the function's arguments.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$spatialBlock(k, rows_cols, plot = FALSE, seed = 1234, ...)
```

Arguments:

`k` Integer value reflecting the number of folds to use.

`rows_cols` Integer value by which the area is divided into longitudinal and latitudinal bins.

`plot` Plot the cross-validation folds as well as the points across the boundary. Defaults to `FALSE`.

`seed` Seed used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock` to make the spatial blocking reproducible across different models. Defaults to `1234`.

`...` Additional arguments used by **blockCV**'s `spatialBlock`.

Returns: If `plot = TRUE`, a plot of the grid.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}
}
```

Method `addSamplers()`**:** Function to add an integration domain for the PO datasets.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$addSamplers(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Arguments:

`datasetName` Name of the dataset for the samplers.

`Samplers` A `Spatial*` object representing the integration domain.

Returns: New samplers for a process.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}
}
```

Method `specifyRandom()`**:** Function to specify the models and priors for the random effects included in the model.

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$specifyRandom(
  temporalModel = list(model = "ar1"),
  copyModel = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  copyBias = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  speciesCopy = list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)),
  speciesIntercepts = list(prior = "loggamma", param = c(1, 5e-05)),
 speciesGroup = list(model = "iid", hyper = list(prec = list(prior = "loggamma", param =
    c(1, 5e-05))))
)
```

Arguments:

`temporalModel` List of model specifications given to the control.group argument in the time effect component. Defaults to `list(model = 'ar1')`; see `control.group` from the **INLA** package for more details.

`copyModel` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

`copyBias` List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the `"copy"` bias model. Defaults to `list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE))`.

speciesCopy List of model specifications given to the hyper parameters for the species "copy" model. Defaults to list(beta = list(fixed = FALSE)).

speciesIntercepts Prior distribution for precision parameter for the random species intercept term. Defaults to INLA's default choice.

speciesGroup Prior distribution for the precision parameter for the iid group model. Defaults to INLA's default. #' @return An updated component list.

Examples:

```
\dontrun{
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = copy)

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}
}
```

Method `new()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$new(
  data,
  projection,
  Inlamesh,
  initialnames,
  responsecounts,
  responsepa,
  pointcovariates,
  speciesintercept,
  trialspa,
  spatial,
  intercepts,
  spatialcovariates,
  boundary,
  ips,
  temporal,
```

```
    temporalmodel,
    offset,
    copymodel,
    formulas,
    speciesindependent,
    speciesname,
    speciesenvironment,
    speciesspatial
  )
```

Method `samplingBias()`**:**

Usage:

```
specifySpecies$samplingBias(datasetName, Samplers)
```

Examples

```
## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$plot`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 library(ggplot2)
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               Projection = proj,
                               responsePA = 'Present')

  #Create plot of data
  organizedData$plot()

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$addBias`
## ------------------------------------------------

 ## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
```

```
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               Projection = proj,
                               responsePA = 'Present')

#Add bias field to eBird records
organizedData$addBias(datasetNames = 'eBird')

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$updateFormula`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh, speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Remove Forest from eBird
 organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName = 'eBird', Formula = ~ . - Forest)

 #Add some scaling to Forest for Parks
 organizedData$updateFormula(datasetName ='Parks', newFormula = ~ I(. +(Forest+1e-6)*scaling))

 #Now dd scaling to components
 organizedData$changeComponents(addComponent = 'scaling')
```

```
}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$changeComponents`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:

 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                               speciesName = 'speciesName',
                               spatialCovariates = Forest,
                               Projection = proj,
                               responsePA = 'Present')

 #Remove Forest from components
 organizedData$changeComponents(removeComponent = 'speciesSpatial')

}


## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$priorsFixed`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
```

```
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Add prior to Forest
 organizedData$priorsFixed(Effect = 'Forest', mean.linear = 2, prec.linear = 0.1)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$specifySpatial`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$specifySpatial(sharedSpatial = TRUE, PC = TRUE,
                       prior.range = c(1,0.001),
                       prior.sigma = c(1,0.001))

}

## End(Not run)
```

```
## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$changeLink`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Specify the shared spatial field
 organizedData$changeLink('Parks', 'logit')


}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$spatialBlock`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
 Forest <- terra::rast(
 system.file(
 'extdata/SolitaryTinamouCovariates.tif',
 package = "PointedSDMs"))$Forest


 #Set model up
```

```
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           spatialCovariates = Forest,
                           Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = 'individual')

 #Specify the spatial block
 organizedData$spatialBlock(k = 2, rows = 2, cols = 1, plot = FALSE)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$addSamplers`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                             speciesName = 'speciesName',
                             Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$addSamplers(datasetName = 'eBird', Samplers = SolitaryTinamou$region)

}

## End(Not run)

## ------------------------------------------------
## Method `specifySpecies$specifyRandom`
## ------------------------------------------------

## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj
```

```
 #Set model up
 organizedData <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                           speciesName = 'speciesName',
                           Projection = proj,
                           responsePA = 'Present',
                           pointsSpatial = copy)

#Add integration domain for the eBird records
organizedData$specifyRandom(copyModel =  list(beta = list(fixed = TRUE)))

}

## End(Not run)
```

`startISDM` startISDM*: Function used to initialize the integrated species distribution model.*

Description

This function is used to create an object containing all the data, metadata and relevant components required for the integrated species distribution model and **INLA** to work. As a result, the arguments associated with this function are predominantly related to describing variable names within the datasets that are relevant, and arguments related to what terms should be included in the formula for the integrated model. The output of this function is an `R6` object, and so there are a variety of public methods within the output of this function which can be used to further specify the model (see `?specifyISDM` or `.$help()` for a comprehensive description of these public methods).

Usage

```
startISDM(
  ...,
  spatialCovariates = NULL,
  Projection,
  Mesh,
  IPS = NULL,
  Boundary = NULL,
  pointCovariates = NULL,
  Offset = NULL,
  pointsIntercept = TRUE,
  pointsSpatial = "copy",
  responseCounts = "counts",
  responsePA = "present",
  trialsPA = NULL,
  temporalName = NULL,
  Formulas = list(covariateFormula = NULL, biasFormula = NULL)
)
```

Arguments

...	The datasets to be used in the model. Must come as either sf objects, or as a list of named sf objects.
spatialCovariates	The spatial covariates used in the model. These covariates must be measured at every location (pixel) in the study area, and must be a SpatialRaster object. Can be either numeric, factor or character data. Defaults to NULL which includes no spatial effects in the model.
Projection	The coordinate reference system used by both the spatial points and spatial covariates. Must be of class character.
Mesh	An fm_mesh_2d object required for the spatial random fields and the integration points in the model (see fm_mesh_2d_inla from the **fmesher** package for more details).
IPS	The integration points to be used in the model (that is, the points on the map where the intensity of the model is calculated). See fm_int from the **fmesher** package for more details regarding these points; however defaults to NULL which will create integration points from the Mesh and Boundary objects.
Boundary	A sf object of the study area. If not missing, this object is used to help create the integration points.
pointCovariates	The non-spatial covariates to be included in the integrated model (for example, in the field of ecology the distance to the nearest road or time spent sampling could be considered). These covariates must be included in the same data object as the points, and do not necessarily need to be present in all datasets.
Offset	Name of the offset variable (class character) in the datasets. Defaults to NULL; if the argument is non-NULL, the variable name needs to be standardized across datasets (but does not need to be included in all datasets). The offset variable will be transformed onto the log-scale in the integrated model.
pointsIntercept	Logical argument: should the points be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE.
pointsSpatial	Argument to determine whether the spatial field is shared between the datasets, or if each dataset has its own unique spatial field. The datasets may share a spatial field with **INLA**'s "copy" feature if the argument is set to copy. May take on the values: "shared", "individual", "copy" or NULL if no spatial field is required for the model. Defaults to "copy".
responseCounts	Name of the response variable in the counts/abundance datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all counts datasets used in the integrated model. Defaults to 'counts'.
responsePA	Name of the response variable (class character) in the presence absence/detection non-detection datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all present absence datasets. Defaults to 'present'.
trialsPA	Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the presence absence datasets. Defaults to NULL.

temporalName — Name of the temporal variable (class character) in the model. This variable is required to be in all the datasets. Defaults to NULL.

Formulas — A named list with two objects. The first one, covariateFormula, is a formula for the covariates and their transformations for the distribution part of the model. Defaults to NULL which includes all covariates specified in spatialCovariates into the model. The second, biasFormula, specifies which covariates are used for the PO datasets. Defaults to NULL which includes no covariates for the PO datasets.

Value

A specifyISDM object (class R6). Use ?specifyISDM to get a comprehensive description of the slot functions associated with this object.

Note

The idea with this function is to describe the full model: that is, all the covariates and spatial effects will appear in all the formulas for the datasets and species. If some of these terms should not be included in certain observation models in the integrated model, they can be thinned out using the .$updateFormula function. Note: the point covariate will only be included in the formulas for where they are present in a given dataset, and so these terms do not need to be thinned out if they are not required by certain observation models.

Examples

```
## Not run:
 if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

 #Get Data
 data("SolitaryTinamou")
 proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
 data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
 mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
 mesh$crs <- proj

 #Set base model up
 baseModel <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present')

 #Print summary
 baseModel

 #Set up model with dataset specific spatial fields
 indSpat <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                 Projection = proj, pointsSpatial = 'individual', responsePA = 'Present')

 #Model with offset variable
 offSet <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                     Projection = proj, Offset = 'area', responsePA = 'Present')

 #Add own formula
```

```
quadModel <- startISDM(data, Mesh = mesh,
                       Projection = proj, pointsSpatial = 'copy', responsePA = 'Present',
                        Formulas = list(covariateFormula = ~ NPP + I(NPP^2)))

}

## End(Not run)
```

`startMarks` startMarks*: Function used to initialize a marked-point process model.*

Description

This function is used to create an object containing all the data, metadata and relevant components required for the integrated species distribution model and **INLA** to work. As a result, the arguments associated with this function are predominantly related to describing variable names within the datasets that are relevant, and arguments related to what terms should be included in the formula for the integrated model. The output of this function is an `R6` object, and so there are a variety of public methods within the output of this function which can be used to further specify the model (see `?specifyMarks` for a comprehensive description of these public methods).

Usage

```
startMarks(
  ...,
  spatialCovariates = NULL,
  Projection,
  Mesh,
  IPS = NULL,
  Boundary = NULL,
  markNames = NULL,
  markFamily = NULL,
  marksSpatial = TRUE,
  pointCovariates = NULL,
  pointsIntercept = TRUE,
  marksIntercept = TRUE,
  Offset = NULL,
  pointsSpatial = "copy",
  responseCounts = "counts",
  responsePA = "present",
  trialsPA = NULL,
  trialsMarks = NULL,
  temporalName = NULL,
  Formulas = list(covariateFormula = NULL, biasFormula = NULL)
)
```

Arguments

...	The datasets to be used in the model. Must come as either sf objects, or as a list of named sf objects.
spatialCovariates	The spatial covariates used in the model. These covariates must be measured at every location (pixel) in the study area, and must be a SpatialRaster object. Can be either numeric, factor or character data. Defaults to NULL which includes no spatial effects in the model.
Projection	The coordinate reference system used by both the spatial points and spatial covariates. Must be of class character.
Mesh	An fm_mesh_2d object required for the spatial random fields and the integration points in the model (see fm_mesh_2d_inla from the **fmesher** package for more details).
IPS	The integration points to be used in the model (that is, the points on the map where the intensity of the model is calculated). See fm_int from the **fmesher** package for more details regarding these points; however defaults to NULL which will create integration points from the Mesh and Boundary objects.
Boundary	A sf object of the study area. If not missing, this object is used to help create the integration points.
markNames	A vector with the mark names (class character) to be included in the integrated model. Marks are variables which are used to describe the individual points in the model (for example, in the field of ecology the size of the species or its feeding type could be considered). Defaults to NULL, however if this argument is non-NULL, the model run will become a marked point process. The marks must be included in the same data object as the points.
markFamily	A vector with the statistical families (class character) assumed for the marks. Must be the same length as markNames, and the position of the mark in the vector markName is associated with the position of the family in markFamily. Defaults to NULL which assigns each mark as "Gaussian".
marksSpatial	Logical argument: should the marks have their own spatial field. Defaults to TRUE.
pointCovariates	The non-spatial covariates to be included in the integrated model (for example, in the field of ecology the distance to the nearest road or time spent sampling could be considered). These covariates must be included in the same data object as the points.
pointsIntercept	Logical argument: should the points be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE. Note that if this argument is non-NULL and pointsIntercepts is missing, pointsIntercepts will be set to FALSE.
marksIntercept	Logical argument: should the marks be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE.
Offset	Name of the offset variable (class character) in the datasets. Defaults to NULL; if the argument is non-NULL, the variable name needs to be standardized across datasets (but does not need to be included in all datasets). The offset variable will be transformed onto the log-scale in the integrated model.

pointsSpatial	Argument to determine whether the spatial field is shared between the datasets, or if each dataset has its own unique spatial field. The datasets may share a spatial field with **INLA**'s "copy" feature if the argument is set to copy. May take on the values: "shared", "individual", "copy" or NULL if no spatial field is required for the model. Defaults to "shared".
responseCounts	Name of the response variable in the counts/abundance datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all counts datasets used in the integrated model. Defaults to 'counts'.
responsePA	Name of the response variable (class character) in the presence absence/detection non-detection datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all present absence datasets. Defaults to 'present'.
trialsPA	Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the presence absence datasets. Defaults to NULL.
trialsMarks	Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the binomial marks (if included). Defaults to NULL.
temporalName	Name of the temporal variable (class character) in the model. This variable is required to be in all the datasets. Defaults to NULL.
Formulas	A named list with two objects. The first one, covariateFormula, is a formula for the covariates and their transformations for the distribution part of the model. Defaults to NULL which includes all covariates specified in spatialCovariates into the model. The second, biasFormula, specifies which covariates are used for the PO datasets. Defaults to NULL which includes no covariates for the PO datasets.

Value

A specifyMarks object (class R6). Use ?specifyMarks of .$help() to get a comprehensive description of the slot functions associated with this object.

Note

The idea with this function is to describe the full model: that is, all the covariates and spatial effects will appear in all the formulas for the datasets and species. If some of these terms should not be included in certain observation models in the integrated model, they can be thinned out using the .$updateFormula function. Note: the point covariate and mark terms will only be included in the formulas for where they are present in a given dataset, and so these terms do not need to be thinned out if they are not required by certain observation models.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

#Get Data
data("SolitaryTinamou")
proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj
```

```
#Set base model up
baseModel <- startMarks(data, Mesh = mesh,
                            Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                            markNames = 'speciesName',
                            markFamily = 'multinomial')

}
```

`startSpecies` startSpecies*: Function used to initialize a multi-species integrated species distribution model.*

Description

This function is used to create an object containing all the data, metadata and relevant components required for the multi-species integrated species distribution model and **INLA** to work. As a result, the arguments associated with this function are predominantly related to describing variable names within the datasets that are relevant, and arguments related to what terms should be included in the formula for the integrated model. The output of this function is an `R6` object, and so there are a variety of public methods within the output of this function which can be used to further specify the model (see `?specifySpecies` or `.$help()` for a comprehensive description of these public methods).

Usage

```
startSpecies(
  ...,
  spatialCovariates = NULL,
  Projection,
  Mesh,
  speciesSpatial = "replicate",
  speciesIntercept = TRUE,
  speciesEnvironment = TRUE,
  speciesName,
  IPS = NULL,
  Boundary = NULL,
  pointCovariates = NULL,
  Offset = NULL,
  pointsIntercept = TRUE,
  pointsSpatial = "copy",
  responseCounts = "counts",
  responsePA = "present",
  trialsPA = NULL,
  temporalName = NULL,
  Formulas = list(covariateFormula = NULL, biasFormula = NULL)
)
```

Arguments

`...`	The datasets to be used in the model. Must come as either `sf` objects, or as a list of named `sf` objects.
`spatialCovariates`	The spatial covariates used in the model. These covariates must be measured at every location (pixel) in the study area, and must be a `SpatialRaster` object. Can be either `numeric`, `factor` or `character` data. Defaults to `NULL` which includes no spatial effects in the model.
`Projection`	The coordinate reference system used by both the spatial points and spatial covariates. Must be of class `character`.
`Mesh`	An `fm_mesh_2d` object required for the spatial random fields and the integration points in the model (see `fm_mesh_2d_inla` from the **fmesher** package for more details).
`speciesSpatial`	Argument to specify if each species should have their own spatial effect with different hyperparameters to be estimated using **INLA**'s "replicate" feature, of if a the field's should be estimated per species copied across datasets using **INLA**'s "copy" feature. Possible values include: `'replicate'`, `'copy'`, `'shared'` or `NULL` if no species-specific spatial effects should be estimated.
`speciesIntercept`	Argument to control the species intercept term. Defaults to `TRUE` which creates a random intercept term, `FALSE` creates a fixed intercept term, and `NULL` removes the intercept term.
`speciesEnvironment`	Argument to control the species environmental term. Defaults to `TRUE` which creates species level environental effects. To create shared effects across the species, use `FALSE`.
`speciesName`	Name of the species variable name (class `character`). Specifying this argument turns the model into a stacked species distribution model, and calculates covariate values for the individual species, as well as a species group model in the shared spatial field. Defaults to `NULL`. Note that if this argument is non-`NULL` and `pointsIntercepts` is missing, `pointsIntercepts` will be set to `FALSE`.
`IPS`	The integration points to be used in the model (that is, the points on the map where the intensity of the model is calculated). See `fm_int` from the **fmesher** package for more details regarding these points; however defaults to `NULL` which will create integration points from the `Mesh` object.
`Boundary`	A `sf` object of the study area. If not missing, this object is used to help create the integration points.
`pointCovariates`	The non-spatial covariates to be included in the integrated model (for example, in the field of ecology the distance to the nearest road or time spent sampling could be considered). These covariates must be included in the same data object as the points.
`Offset`	Name of the offset variable (class `character`) in the datasets. Defaults to `NULL`; if the argument is non-`NULL`, the variable name needs to be standardized across datasets (but does not need to be included in all datasets). The offset variable will be transformed onto the log-scale in the integrated model.

pointsIntercept
: Logical argument: should the points be modeled with intercepts. Defaults to TRUE. Note that if this argument is non-NULL and pointsIntercepts is missing, pointsIntercepts will be set to FALSE.

pointsSpatial
: Argument to determine whether the spatial field is shared between the datasets, or if each dataset has its own unique spatial field. The datasets may share a spatial field with **INLA**'s "copy" feature if the argument is set to copy. May take on the values: "shared", "individual", "copy", "correlate" or NULL if no spatial field is required for the model. Defaults to "copy".

responseCounts
: Name of the response variable in the counts/abundance datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all counts datasets used in the integrated model. Defaults to 'counts'.

responsePA
: Name of the response variable (class character) in the presence absence/detection non-detection datasets. This variable name needs to be standardized across all present absence datasets. Defaults to 'present'.

trialsPA
: Name of the trials response variable (class character) for the presence absence datasets. Defaults to NULL.

temporalName
: Name of the temporal variable (class character) in the model. This variable is required to be in all the datasets. Defaults to NULL.

Formulas
: A named list with two objects. The first one, covariateFormula, is a formula for the covariates and their transformations for the distribution part of the model. Defaults to NULL which includes all covariates specified in spatialCovariates into the model. The second, biasFormula, specifies which covariates are used for the PO datasets. Defaults to NULL which includes no covariates for the PO datasets.

Value

A specifySpecies object (class R6). Use ?specifySpecies to get a comprehensive description of the slot functions associated with this object.

Note

The idea with this function is to describe the full model: that is, all the covariates and spatial effects will appear in all the formulas for the datasets and species. If some of these terms should not be included in certain observation models in the integrated model, they can be thinned out using the .$updateFormula function. Note: the point covariate will only be included in the formulas for where they are present in a given dataset, and so these terms do not need to be thinned out if they are not required by certain observation models.

Examples

```
## Not run:
if (requireNamespace('INLA')) {

##REDO WITH OTHER DATA

#Get Data
```

```
data("SolitaryTinamou")


proj <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84"
data <- SolitaryTinamou$datasets
mesh <- SolitaryTinamou$mesh
mesh$crs <- proj

#Set base model up
baseModel <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                          Projection = proj, responsePA = 'Present',
                          speciesName = 'speciesName')

#Print summary
baseModel

#Set up model with dataset specific spatial fields

indSpat <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                        Projection = proj, pointsSpatial = 'individual',
                        responsePA = 'Present', speciesName = 'speciesName')

#Model with offset variable
offSet <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                    Projection = proj,
                    Offset = 'area',
                    responsePA = 'Present',
                    speciesName = 'speciesName')

#Non-random effects for the species
speciesInt <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                       Projection = proj,
                       speciesIntercept = FALSE,
                       responsePA = 'Present',
                       speciesName = 'speciesName')

#Turn off species level field

speciesInt <- startSpecies(data, Mesh = mesh,
                       Projection = proj,
                       speciesSpatial = NULL,
                       responsePA = 'Present',
                       speciesName = 'speciesName')

}

## End(Not run)
```

---

summary.bruSDM *Generic summary function for* bruSDM.

Description

Summary for bru_sdm

Summary for modSpecies

Summary for modISDM

Summary for modMarks

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bruSDM'
summary(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'modSpecies'
summary(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'modISDM'
summary(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'modMarks'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

`object`	modMarks object.
`...`	Not used argument

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