Package 'rencher'

July 2, 2025

Title Datasets from the Book ``Methods of Multivariate Analysis (3rd)"

Version 0.1.4

Description Provides the datasets in the book ``Methods of Multivariate Analysis (3rd)", such as Table 6.27 Blood Pressure Data, for statistical analysis, especially MANOVA. The dataset names correspond to their numbering in the third edition of the book, such as table6.27. Based on the book by Rencher and Christensen (2012, ISBN:9780470178966).

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Index

table10.1

Description

The results of a planned experiment involving a chemical reaction are given in Table 10.1

Usage

table10.1

Format

A dataframe with 19 rows and 7 columns.

ExperimentNumber

- y1 percentage of unchanged starting material
- y2 percentage converted to the desired product
- y3 percentage of unwanted by-product
- x1 temperature
- x2 concentration
- x3 time

Source

The data in Table 8.3 were collected by Box and Youle (1955)

table13.1 Table 13.1

Description

Perception Data: Ratings on Five Adjectives for Seven People

Usage

table13.1

Format

A dataframe with 7 rows and 6 columns.

People Kind Adjective Intelligent Adjective Happy Adjective Likeable Adjective Just Adjective

Source

The data in Table 13.1 from METHODS OF MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS (Third Edition)

table15.1

Table 15.1 City Crime Rates per 100,000 Population

Description

Table 15.1 City Crime Rates per 100,000 Population

Usage

table15.1

Format

A dataframe with 16 rows and 8 columns.

City

Murder A type of crime

Rape A type of crime

Robbery A type of crime

Assault A type of crime

Burglary A type of crime

Larceny A type of crime

AutoTheft A type of crime

Source

The data in Table 15.1 were collected by Hartigan (1975)

4

Description

Table 15.13 Air Pollution Levels in US Cities

Usage

table15.13

Format

A dataframe with 41 rows and 8 columns.

Cities 41 US cities

- y1 SO2 content of air in micrograms per cubic meter
- y2 Average annual temperature in °F
- y3 Number of manufacturing enterprises employing 20 or more workers
- y4 Population size (1970 census) in thousands
- y5 Average annual wind speed in miles per hour
- y6 Average annual precipitation in inches
- y7 Average number of days with precipitation per year

Source

The data in Table 15.8 were collected by Sokal and Rohlf (1981, p. 619)

table15.14Table 15.14 Yields of Winter Wheat (kg per unit area)

Description

Table 15.14 gives the yields of winter wheat in each of the years 1970-1973 at twelve different sites in England

Usage

table15.14

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 5 columns.

Site twelve different sites in England y_1970 year 1970

y_1971 year 1971y_1972 year 1972

y_1973 year 1973

Source

The data in Table 15.14 were collected by (Hand et al. 1994, p. 31)

table15.7	Table 15.7 Protein Data

Description

Protein consumption in twenty-five European countries for nine food groups is given in Table 15.7

Usage

table15.7

Format

A dataframe with 25 rows and 10 columns.

Country RedMeat WhiteMeat Eggs Milk Fish Cereals StarchyFoods Nuts Fruit/Veg

Source

The data in Table 15.7 were collected by Hand et al. (1994, p. 298)

6

Description

Table 16.1 Airline Distances Between Ten US Cities

Usage

table16.1

Format

A dataframe with 10 rows and 11 columns.

City Atlanta Chicago Denver Houston LosAngeles Miami NewYork SanFrancisco Seattle WashingtonDC

Source

The data in Table 15.14 were collected by Kruskal and Wish (1978, pp. 7-9)

table16.13 Table 16.13 Do-It-Yourself Data

Description

Table 16.13 Do-It-Yourself Data

Usage

table16.13

Format

A dataframe with 24 rows and 7 columns.

AccommodationType Apartment, House Work Skilled, Unskilled, Office Tenure Rent, Own Response Yes, No Age_1 Up to 30 Age_2 31-45 Age_3 over 45

Source

METHODS OF MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS (Third Edition)

table16.16	Table 16.16 Dissimilarity Matrix for World War II Politicians oliti-
	cians

Description

Two subjects assessed the degree of dissimilarity between World War II politicians.

Usage

table16.16

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 13 columns.

Person Hitler Mussolini Churchill Eisenhower Stalin Attlee Franco DeGaulle MaoTse Truman Chamberlain Tito

8

Source

Everitt 1987, Table 6.7

table16.17 Table 16.17

Description

Table 16.17 Birth and Death Months of 1281 People

Usage

table16.17

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 13 columns

Birth_Death Birth/Death

Jan month

Feb month

Ma month

Apr month

 $May \hspace{0.1 cm} \text{month} \hspace{0.1 cm}$

Jun month

Jul month

Agu month

Sep month

Oct month

Nov month $% \left({{{\left({{{N_{{\rm{N}}}}} \right)}}} \right) = {\left({{{N_{{\rm{N}}}}} \right)} \right)} = {\left({{{N_{{\rm{N}}}}} \right)} \right)} = {\left({{{N_{{\rm{N}}}}} \right)} \right)$

 $Dec \ \ month$

Source

Andrews and Herzberg (1985), Table 71.2

Description

Table 16.19 Byssinosis Data

Usage

table16.19

Format

A dataframe with 48 rows and 8 columns.

Race Other, White Smoking Non-smoker, Smoker Gender Female, Male Years_in_Job SufferByssi_nosis High_dust Low_dust Med_dust

Source

Andrews and Herzberg (1985, Table 34.1)

table16.8

Table 16.8 A List of 12 People and Their Categories on Four Variable

Description

Table 16.8 A List of 12 People and Their Categories on Four Variable

Usage

table16.8

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 5 columns.

Person 12 PeopleGender Male, femaleAge Young, middle aged, oldMaritalStatus Single, marriedHairColor Blond, brown, black, red

Source

METHODS OF MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS (Third Edition)

|--|

Description

Table 3.1 Height and Weight for a Sample of 20 College-Age Males

Usage

table3.1

Format

A dataframe with 20 rows and 3 columns.

person

```
X
```

у

Source

Extracted from Table 3.1 in Rencher (3rd ed.)

Description

Table 3.2 Percentage of Republican Votes in Presidential Elections in Six Southern States for Selected Years

Usage

table3.2

Format

A dataframe with 6 rows and 6 columns.

State y_1932 y_1936 y_1940 y_1960 y_1964 y_1968

Source

The data in Table 3.2 are from Kleiner and Hartigan (1981)

table3.3Table 3.4

Description

Table 3.4 Baker Corn Field Measurements of Yield and Soil Richness

Usage

table3.3

Format

A dataframe with 10 rows and 4 columns.

LocationNumber

y1 y2

. y3

y5

Source

The data set in Table 3.3 contains yield and soil quality measurements at each of 215 locations in a 16-hectare field. The Baker field (Colvin et al., 1997)

table3.4

Table 3.4

Description

Table 3.4 Calcium in Soil and Turnip Greens

Usage

table3.4

Format

A dataframe with 10 rows and 4 columns

LocationNumber ID

y1 available soil calcium

y2 exchangeable soil calcium

y3 turnip green calcium

Source

Kramer and Jensen (1969)

table3.5Table 3.5

Description

Table 3.5 Relative Weight, Blood Glucose, and Insulin Levels

Usage

table3.5

Format

A dataframe with 46 rows and 6 columns.

PatientNumber

y1 y2 x1 x2 x3

Source

Reaven and Miller (1979; see also Andrews and Herzberg 1985, pp. 215-219) measured five variables in a comparison of normal patients and diabetics. In Table 3.5 we give partial data for normal patients only

Description

Table 3.6 Response Times for Five Probe Word Positions

Usage

table3.6

Format

A dataframe with 27 rows and 6 columns.

SubjectNumber ID

- **y1** The variables are response times for the j_th probe word, $y_j = 1, 2, ..., 5$
- **y2** The variables are response times for the j_th probe word, $y_j = 1, 2, ..., 5$
- **y3** The variables are response times for the j_th probe word, $y_j = 1, 2, ..., 5$
- y4 The variables are response times for the j_th probe word, $y_j = 1, 2, ..., 5$
- **y5** The variables are response times for the j_th probe word, $y_j = 1, 2, ..., 5$

Source

Timm (1975, p. 233; 1980, p. 47)

14

Table 3.7

Description

Table 3.7 Ramus Bone Length at Four Ages for 20 Boys

Usage

table3.7

Format

A dataframe with 20 rows and 5 columns.

Individual

y1 y2 y3 y4

Source

The data in Table 3.7 (Elston and Grizzle 1962) consist of measurements 2/i 12/27 2/3- and 2/4 °ft n e ramus bone at four different ages on each of 20 boys

table3.8	Table 3.8			
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Description

Table 3.8 Measurements on the First and Second Adult Sons in a Sample of 25 Families

Usage

table3.8

Format

A dataframe with 25 rows and 5 columns

Group First, Second

- y1 Head Length
- y2 Head Breath
- x1 Head Length
- x2 Head Breath

Source

Frets (1921)

table4.2

Table 4.2 Table 4.2 Hematology Data

Description

Table 4.2 Table 4.2 Hematology Data

Usage

table4.2

Format

A dataframe with 51 rows and 7 columns

ObservationNumber ID

- y1 hemoglobin concentration
- y2 packed cell volume
- y3 white blood cell count
- y4 lymphocyte count
- y5 neutrophil count
- y6 serum lead concentration

Source

Six hematology variables were measured on 51 workers (Royston 1983)

Description

Table 5.1 Four Psychological Test Scores on 32 Males and 32 Females

Usage

table5.1

Format

A dataframe with 64 rows and 5 columns.

Group y1

y2 y3 y4

Source

Four psychological tests were given to 32 men and 32 women. The data are recorded in Table 5.1 (Beall 1945)

table5.10 *Table 5.10*

Description

Table 5.10 Survival Times for Bronchus Cancer Patients and Matched Controls

Usage

table5.10

Format

A dataframe with 16 rows and 4 columns

- **y1** y_1, x_1 = survival time (days) from date of first hospital admission
- y2 y_1, x_1 = survival time (days) from date of first hospital admission
- **x1** y_1, x_1 = survival time (days) from date of first hospital admission
- x2 y_1, x_1 = survival time (days) from date of first hospital admission

Source

A number of patients with bronchus cancer were treated with ascorbate and compared with matched patients who received no ascorbate (Cameron and Pauling 1978)

Description

Table 5.3 Maximum Depth of Pits and Number of Pits of Coated Pipes

Usage

table5.3

Format

A dataframe with 15 rows and 7 columns.

Location y1 y2 x1 x2 d1 d2

Source

Extracted from Table 3.1 in Rencher (3rd ed.)

5.5
5.5

Description

Table 5.5 Four Measurements on Two Species of Flea Beetles

Usage

table5.5

Format

A dataframe with 39 rows and 6 columns.

Number Group y1 y2 y3 y4

Source

Extracted from Table 3.1 in Rencher (3rd ed.)

Description

Table 5.6 Comparison of Six Tests on Engineer Apprentices and Pilots

Usage

table5.6

Format

A dataframe with 20 rows and 12 columns.

E_y1
E_y2
E_y3
E_y3
E_y4
E_y5
P_y1
P_y2
P_y3
P_y4
P_y5
P_y6

Source

Extracted from Table 3.1 in Rencher (3rd ed.)

Description

Data from a study comparing carriers and noncarriers of Duchenne muscular dystrophy

Usage

table5.7

Format

A data frame with 73 rows and 7 variables

Group Group identifier: Carrier or Noncarrier

- y1 Biomarker 1 (e.g., enzyme level)
- y2 Biomarker 2
- y3 Biomarker 3
- y4 Biomarker 4
- y5 Biomarker 5
- y6 Biomarker 6

Source

Andrews and Herzberg (1985), pp. 222–228. Data were collected in an attempt to find a screening procedure to detect carriers of Duchenne muscular dystrophy, a disease transmitted from female carriers to some of their male offspring

Description

Table 5.8 Cyclical Measurements of Consumer Goods and Producer Goods

Usage

table5.8

Format

A dataframe with 19 rows and 6 columns.

Item
Group
y1
y2
y3
y4

Source

Various aspects of economic cycles were measured for consumer goods and producer goods by Tintner (1946)

table5.9 Table5.9

Description

Table 5.9 Number of Words and Number of Verbs

Usage

table5.9

Format

A dataframe with 15 rows and 7 columns.

Student y1 y2 x1 x2 d1 d2

Source

Each of 15 students wrote an informal and a formal essay Kramer (1972, p. 100)

Description

Table 6.16 Dental Measurements

Usage

table6.16

Format

A dataframe with 27 rows and 6 columns.

Sex Subject y_8 y_10 y_12 y_14

Source

Potthoff and Roy (1964) reported measurements in a dental study on boys and girls from ages 8 to 14. The data are given in Table 6.16

table6.17

Table 6.17 Judges' Scores on Fish Prepared by Three Methods

Description

Table 6.17 Judges' Scores on Fish Prepared by Three Methods

Usage

table6.17

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 12 columns

y1_1 aroma

- $y1_2$ flavor
- y1_3 texture
- $y1_4$ moisture
- $y2_1$ aroma
- $y2_2 \ {\rm flavor}$
- y2_3 texture
- $y2_4$ moisture
- y3_1 aroma
- $y3_2$ flavor
- y3_3 texture
- $y3_4$ moisture

Source

Baten, Tack, and Baeder (1958, p.8)

table6.18 Table 6.18

Description

Table 6.18 Snap Bean Data

Usage

table6.18

Format

A dataframe with 60 rows and 7 columns.

S	
V	
ID	
y1	
y2	
y3	
y4	

Source

Table 6.18 from Keuls et al. (1984)

Description

Table 6.19 Blood Data

Usage

table6.19

Format

A dataframe with 20 rows and 13 columns.

Subject R1_y1 R1-y2 R1_y3 R2_y1 R2_y2 R2_y3 R3_y1 R3_y2 R3_y3

Source

In Table 6.19, we have a comparison of four reagents (Burdick 1979)

table6.21	Table 6.21 Table 6.21 Weights of Cork Borings (eg) in Four Directions
	for 28 Trees

Description

Table 6.21 Table 6.21 Weights of Cork Borings (eg) in Four Directions for 28 Trees

Usage

table6.21

Format

A dataframe with 28 rows and 5 columns

Tree variable 1

 ${\bf N}\;$ variable 2

E variable 3

S variable 4

W variable 5

Source

Extracted from Table 3.1 in Rencher (3rd ed)

table6.22

Table 6.22 Survival Times for Cancer Patients

Description

Table 6.22 Survival Times for Cancer Patients

Usage

table6.22

Format

A dataframe with 63 rows and 7 columns

TypeofCancer 1 = stomach, 2 = bronchus, 3 = colon, 4 — rectum, 5 = bladder, 6 = kidney)

Gender (1 = male, 2 = female

Age Age

- y1 survival time (days) of patient treated with ascorbate measured from date of first hospital attendance
- y2 mean survival time for the patient's 10 matched controls (untreated with ascorbate)
- y3 survival time after ascorbate treatment ceased
- y4 mean survival time after all treatment ceased for the patient's 10 matched controls

Source

The data in Table 6.22 were collected by Cameron and Pauling (1978)

Description

Table 6.23 Weights of 13 Male Mice Measured at Successive Intervals of 3 Days over 21 Days from Birth to Weaning

Usage

table6.23

Format

A dataframe with 13 rows and 8 columns

Mouse variable 1 Day3 variable 2 Day6 variable 3 Day9 variable 4 Day12 variable 5 Day15 variable 6 Day18 variable 7 Day21 variable 8

Source

Table 6.23 contains the weights of 13 male mice measured every 3 days from birth to weaning. The data set was reported and analyzed by Williams and Izenman (1981) and by Izenman and Williams (1989) and has been further analyzed by Rao (1984, 1987) and by Lee (1988). Analyze as a one-sample growth curve design

table6.24 *Table 6.24*

Description

In Table 6.24, we have measurements of proportions of albumin at four time points on three groups of trout

Usage

table6.24

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 5 columns.

Group three groups of trout

Time_1 Time Point

Time_2 Time Point

Time_3 Time Point

Time_4 Time Point

Source

The data set was reported by Beauchamp and Hoel (1973)

table6.25

Weekly Gains in Weight for 27 Rats

Description

Table 6.25 contains weight gains for three groups of rats

Usage

table6.25

Format

A dataframe with 13 rows and 8 columns.

Group The groups are 1 = controls, 2 = thyroxin added to drinking water, and 3 = thiouracil added to drinking water.

Rat

- y1 gain in week 1
- y2 gain in week 2
- y3 gain in week 3
- y4 gain in week 4

Source

The data set was reported by Box (1950)

Coronary Sinus Potassium Measured at 2-Minute Intervals on Dogs Table 6.26 contains measurements of coronary sinus potassium at 2minute intervals after coronary occlusion on four groups of dogs

Description

Coronary Sinus Potassium Measured at 2-Minute Intervals on Dogs Table 6.26 contains measurements of coronary sinus potassium at 2-minute intervals after coronary occlusion on four groups of dogs

Usage

table6.26

Format

A dataframe with 36 rows and 8 columns

- **Group** The groups are 1 = control dogs, 2 = dogs with extrinsic cardiac denervation 3 weeks prior to coronary occlusion, 3 = dogs with extrinsic cardiac denervation immediately prior to coronary occlusion, and 4 = dogs with bilateral thoracic sympathectomy and stellectomy 3 weeks prior to coronary occlusion
- Time_1 variable 1
- Time_3 variable 2
- **Time_5** variable 3
- **Time_7** variable 4
- Time_9 variable 5
- Time_11 variable 6
- Time_13 variable 7

Source

The data set was reported by Grizzle and Allen (1969)

Description

Table 6.27 contains blood pressure measurements at intervals after inducing a heart attack for four groups of rats

Usage

table6.27

Format

A dataframe with 31 rows and 7 columns.

- **Group** group 1 is the controls and groups 2-4 have been exposed to halothane concentrations of .25%, .50%, 1.0%
- M_1 Number of Minutes after Ligation
- M_5 Number of Minutes after Ligation
- M_10 Number of Minutes after Ligation
- M_15 Number of Minutes after Ligation
- M_30 Number of Minutes after Ligation
- M_60 Number of Minutes after Ligation

Source

The data set was reported and by Crepeau et al (1985).

table6.28

Plasma Inorganic Phosphate (mg/dl)

Description

Table 6.28 compares 13 control and 20 obese patients on a glucose tolerance test using plasma inorganic phosphate

Usage

table6.28

Format

A dataframe with 33 rows and 10 columns.

Group Two control and obese groups

M_1 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

M_5 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

M_10 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

M_15 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

M_30 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

M_60 Hours after Glucose Challenge in minutes

Source

The data set was reported and by Zerbe (1979)

table6.29

Mandible Measurements

Description

Table 6.29 contains mandible measurements

Usage

table6.29

Format

A dataframe with 18 rows and 11 columns.

- **Group** There were two groups of subjects. Each subject was measured at three time points y1, y2 & y3for each of three types of activator treatment
- A1_y1 activator 1 subject 1
- A1_y2 activator 1 subject 2
- A1_y3 activator 1 subject 3
- A2_y1 activator 2 subject 1
- A2_y2 activator 2 subject 2
- A2_y3 activator 2 subject 3
- A3_y1 activator 3 subject 1
- A3_y2 activator 3 subject 2
- A3_y3 activator 3 subject 3

Source

The data set was reported and by Timm (1980)

30

Description

Table 6.6 Table 6.6 Two-Way Classification of Measurements on Bar Ste

Usage

table6.6

Format

A dataframe with 16 rows and 5 columns

Lubricant four types

A1_y1 y1 ultimate torque

A1_y2 y2 ultimate strain

A2_y1 y1 ultimate torque

A2_y2 y2 ultimate strain

Source

Table 6.6 contains data reported by Posten (1962) and analyzed by Kramer and Jensen (1970)

table6.8	Table 6.8 Table 6.8 Weight of Guinea Pigs Under 3 Levels of Vitamin
	E Supplements

Description

Table 6.8 Table 6.8 Weight of Guinea Pigs Under 3 Levels of Vitamin E Supplements

Usage

table6.8

table7.1

Format

A dataframe with 15 rows and 9 columns

Group variable 1 Animal variable 1 Week_1 variable 1 Week_2 variable 1 Week_3 variable 1 Week_4 variable 1 Week_5 variable 1 Week_6 variable 1 Week_7 variable 1

Source

Three vitamin E diet supplements with levels zero, low, and high were compared for their effect on growth of guinea pigs (Crowder and Hand 1990, pp. 21-29). Five guinea pigs received each supplement level, and their weights were recorded at the end of weeks 1, 3,4, 5, 6, and 7. These weights are given in Table 6.8

table7.1 Seishu Measurements

Description

Table 7.1 Seishu Measurements

Usage

table7.1

Format

A dataframe with 30 rows and 10 columns.

y1 taste

- y2 odor
- x1 PH
- x2 acidity 1
- x3 acidity 2
- x4 sake meter
- x5 direct reducing sugar
- x6 total sugar
- x7 alcohol
- x8 formyl-nitrogen

32

table7.2

Source

The data set was reported and by Siotani et al. (1963)

table7.2

Table 7.2 Temperati, Humidity, and Evaporation

Description

The data in Table 7.2 relate temperature, humidity, and evaporation

Usage

table7.2

Format

A dataframe with 46 rows and 11 columns.

- y1 maximum daily air temperature
- y2 minimum daily air temperature
- y3 integrated area under daily air temperature curve, that is, a measure of average air temperature
- y4 maximum daily soil temperature
- y5 minimum daily soil temperature
- y6 integrated area under soil temperature curve
- y7 maximum daily relative humidity
- y8 minimum daily relative humidity
- y9 integrated area under daily humidity curve
- y10 total wind, measured in miles per day
- y11 evaporation

Source

courtesy of R. J. Freund

table8.1

Description

Samples of steel produced at two different rolling temperatures are compared in Table 8.1

Usage

table8.1

Format

A dataframe with 12 rows and 3 columns.

Temperatures maximum daily air temperature

y1 yield point

y2 ultimate strength

Source

Kramer and Jensen (1969)

table8.3

Table 8.3 Head Measurements for Three Groups

Description

The data in Table 8.3 as part of a preliminary study of a possible link between football helmet design and neck injuries.

Usage

table8.3

Format

A dataframe with 90 rows and 7 columns.

- **Group** high school football players (group 1), college football players (group 2), and nonfootball players (group 3)
- WDIM head width at widest dimension

CIRCUM head circumference

FBEYE front-to-back measurement at eye level

- EYEHD eye-to-top-of-head measurement
- EARHD ear-to-top-of-head measurement

JAW jaw width

table8.3

Source

The data in Table 8.3 were collected by G. R. Bryce and R. M. Barker(Brigham Young University)

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