

Package ‘LSVAR’

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Type Package

Title Estimation of Low Rank Plus Sparse Structured Vector
Auto-Regressive (VAR) Model

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Description Implementations of estimation algorithm of low rank plus sparse structured VAR model by using Fast Iterative Shrinkage-Thresholding Algorithm (FISTA). It relates to the algorithm in Sumanta, Li, and Michailidis (2019) <[doi:10.1109/TSP.2018.2887401](https://doi.org/10.1109/TSP.2018.2887401)>.

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Contents

f.func	2
fista.LpS	2
gradf.func	3
nuclear.pen	4
obj.func	4
plot_network	5
prox.nuclear.func	6
prox.sparse.func	6
Q.func	7
shrinkage	8

shrinkage.lr	8
sparse.pen	9
summary.LSVAR	9
testVAR	10

Index **12**

f.func *Main loss function for quadratic loss*

Description

Main loss function

Usage

f.func(x, A, b)

Arguments

x	Model parameters
A	Design matrix with size of n by p
b	Correspond vector or matrix

Value

Value of objective function

fista.LpS *A function to solve low rank plus sparse model estimation using FISTA algorithm*

Description

A function to solve low rank plus sparse model estimation

Usage

```
fista.LpS(
  data,
  lambda,
  mu,
  alpha_L = 0.25,
  niter = 100,
  backtracking = TRUE,
  x.true = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A numeric dataset with size of n by p
<code>lambda</code>	A positive numeric value, indicating the tuning parameter for sparse component
<code>mu</code>	A positive numeric value, indicating the tuning parameter for low rank component
<code>alpha_L</code>	The constraint coefficient of low rank component, default is 0.25
<code>niter</code>	The maximum number of iterations required for FISTA
<code>backtracking</code>	A boolean argument, indicating that use backtracking in the FISTA
<code>x.true</code>	A p by p matrix, the true model parameter. Only available for simulation.

Value

A S3 object of class LSVAR, including

est_phi estimated model parameter

sparse.comp Estimated sparse component

lr.comp Estimated low-rank component

obj.val Values of objective function

rel.err Relative errors compared with the true model parameters if available

Examples

```
n <- 300
p <- 20
try <- testVAR(n, p, struct = "LS", signal = 0.75, rank = 2,
              singular_vals = c(1, 0.8))
data <- as.matrix(try$series)
lambda <- 0.1; mu <- 1
fit <- fista.LpS(data, lambda = lambda, mu = mu, x.true = try$model_param)
summary(fit, threshold = 0.2)
```

gradf.func

Gradient function of quadratic loss

Description

Gradient function of quadratic loss

Usage

```
gradf.func(x, AtA, Atb)
```

Arguments

x	A vector, or matrix, indicating the model parameter
AtA	A p by p Gram matrix for corresponding design matrix A
Atb	An inner product for design matrix A and corresponding matrix (vector) b

Value

Value of gradients

nuclear.pen	<i>Nuclear norm penalty for low-rank component</i>
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Description

Nuclear norm penalty for low-rank component

Usage

```
nuclear.pen(x, lambda)
```

Arguments

x	Model parameter
lambda	Tuning parameter

Value

Value of nuclear norm penalty term

obj.func	<i>Objective function</i>
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Description

objective function, main loss function and penalties

Usage

```
obj.func(x.lr, x.sparse, A, b, lambda, mu)
```

Arguments

x.lr	low-rank component
x.sparse	sparse component
A	design matrix
b	correspond vector
lambda	a tuning parameter for sparse component
mu	a tuning parameter for low-rank component

Value

value of objective function

plot_network	<i>plot sparse component for use igraph and network layout</i>
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Description

Plot a network to illustrate the estimated sparse component

Usage

```
plot_network(mat, threshold = 0.1)
```

Arguments

mat	a p by p matrix, indicating the sparse component
threshold	the threshold for presenting the edges in the network

Value

A network plot for the sparse component

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
est_mats <- matrix(rnorm(400, 0, 1), 20, 20)
plot_network(est_mats, threshold = 0.1)
```

prox.nuclear.func *Proximal function with nuclear norm penalty updating*

Description

Proximal function with nuclear norm

Usage

```
prox.nuclear.func(w1, y, A, b, L, lambda, AtA, Atb)
```

Arguments

w1	previously updated model parameter
y	updated model parameter
A	design matrix
b	correspond vector, or matrix
L	learning rate
lambda	tuning parameter for low-rank component
AtA	Gram matrix of design matrix A
Atb	inner product of design matrix A and correspond vector b

Value

Value of proximal function with nuclear norm penalty

prox.sparse.func *Proximal function with l1-norm penalty updating*

Description

Proximal function with l1-norm

Usage

```
prox.sparse.func(w1, y, A, b, L, lambda, AtA, Atb)
```

Arguments

w1	previously updated model parameter
y	updated model parameter
A	design matrix
b	correspond vector, or matrix
L	learning rate
lambda	tuning parameter for sparse component
AtA	Gram matrix of design matrix A
Atb	inner product of design matrix A and correspond vector b

Value

Value of proximal function with l1-norm penalty

Q.func

An auxiliary function in FISTA algorithm

Description

Auxiliary function for FISTA implementation

Usage

Q.func(x, y, A, b, L, AtA, Atb)

Arguments

x	Model parameter for previous update
y	Model parameter for updating
A	An n by p design matrix
b	A correspond vector, or matrix with size of n by 1 or n by p
L	Learning rate
AtA	Gram matrix for design matrix A
Atb	Inner product for design matrix A and correspond vector b

Value

Value of function Q

shrinkage

Shrinkage function for sparse soft-thresholding

Description

Shrinkage function for sparse soft-thresholding

Usage

```
shrinkage(y, tau)
```

Arguments

y	A matrix, or a vector for thresholding
tau	A positive number, threshold

Value

A thresholded matrix, or vector

shrinkage.lr

Shrinkage function for low-rank soft-thresholding

Description

Shrinkage function for low-rank soft-thresholding

Usage

```
shrinkage.lr(y, tau)
```

Arguments

y	A matrix, or a vector for thresholding
tau	A positive number, threshold

Value

A thresholded matrix, or vector

sparse.pen	<i>L1-norm penalty for sparse component</i>
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Description

L1-norm penalty for sparse component

Usage

```
sparse.pen(x, lambda)
```

Arguments

x	Model parameter
lambda	Tuning parameter

Value

Value of l1-norm penalty term

summary.LSVAR	<i>Summary of LSVAR S3 class</i>
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Description

summary function for S3 class for the fitting result

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LSVAR'
summary(object, threshold = 0.2, ...)
```

Arguments

object	the S3 class object of LSVAR
threshold	the threshold for sparse component visualization
...	not in use

Value

A series of summary for the S3 result

Examples

```

n <- 300
p <- 20
try <- testVAR(n, p, struct = "LS", signal = 0.75, rank = 2,
              singular_vals = c(1, 0.8))
data <- as.matrix(try$series)
lambda <- 0.1; mu <- 1
fit <- fista.LpS(data, lambda = lambda, mu = mu, x.true = try$model_param)
summary(fit, threshold = 0.2)

```

testVAR

*Function to generate a VAR process***Description**

A function to generate synthetic time series process based on the given structure

Usage

```

testVAR(
  n,
  p,
  struct = c("sparse", "low rank", "LS")[1],
  sp_density = 0.1,
  signal = NULL,
  rank = NULL,
  singular_vals,
  spectral_radius = 0.9,
  sigma = NULL,
  skip = 50,
  seed = 1
)

```

Arguments

n	the length of time series
p	the number of multivariate time series
struct	a character string indicating the structure of the transition matrix, here are three options: sparse, low rank and LS (low rank plus sparse)
sp_density	a numeric value, indicating the sparsity density of sparse components, default is 0.1
signal	a numeric value, indicating the magnitude of transition matrix
rank	a positive integer, the rank for low rank component
singular_vals	a numeric vector, indicating the singular values for the low rank component, the length of singular value must equal to the rank

spectral_radius	a numeric value, controlling the stability of the process, default is 0.9
sigma	a numeric matrix, indicating the covariance matrix of noise term
skip	a numeric value, indicating the number of skipped time points in the beginning of the process
seed	an integer, indicating the seed for random seed.

Value

A list object, including

series the generated time series

noise the noise term

model_param true transition matrix

Examples

```
n <- 300; p <- 15
signal <- 0.75
rank <- 3
singular_vals <- c(1, 0.75, 0.5)
try <- testVAR(n, p, struct = "LS", signal = signal, rank = rank,
              singular_vals = singular_vals)
data <- as.matrix(try$series)
```

Index

f.func, 2
fista.LpS, 2

gradf.func, 3

nuclear.pen, 4

obj.func, 4

plot_network, 5
prox.nuclear.func, 6
prox.sparse.func, 6

Q.func, 7

shrinkage, 8
shrinkage.lr, 8
sparse.pen, 9
summary.LSVAR, 9

testVAR, 10