

# Package ‘BLCOP’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Black-Litterman and Copula Opinion Pooling Frameworks

**Version** 0.3.3

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BLCOP data sets	<i>Monthly equity returns</i>
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### Description

A matrix holding time series of monthly returns (calculated from closing prices) for six stocks. The returns span the period from January 1998 through December 2003.

### Usage

monthlyReturns

### Format

A matrix with 6 columns and 71 rows. The names of the rows hold the dates of each series entry, and the column names are the names of the six equities from which the return series are taken.

**Examples**

```
CAPMList(monthlyReturns, marketIndex = sp500Returns, riskFree = US13wTB)
```

---

BLCOPOptions

*Global package options*

---

**Description**

This function can be used to set or get global options for the BLCOP package.

**Usage**

```
BLCOPOptions(opt, setting)
```

**Arguments**

opt	A string with the name of an option
setting	The new setting for the option

**Details**

If setting is omitted, the current setting for opt is returned. If both arguments are omitted, a list with all of the settings is returned. The following settings may be changed: `regFunc`: Function used to perform the regression in CAPM alphas `numSimulations`: Number of monte-carlo simulations to perform in copula opinion pooling functions `unitTestPath`: Path where unit tests are located.

**Value**

If both arguments omitted, a list. If setting is omitted, value of an individual setting.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions>

**Examples**

```
BLCOPOptions("numSimulations")
```

---

 BLPosterior

*BLposterior*


---

**Description**

BLposterior

**Usage**

```
BLPosterior(returns, views, tau = 1, marketIndex, riskFree = NULL,
            kappa = 0, covEstimator = "cov")
```

**Arguments**

returns	A matrix of time series of returns. The columns should correspond to individual assets.
views	An object of class BLViews
tau	The "tau" parameter in the Black-Litterman model.
marketIndex	A set of returns of a market index.
riskFree	A time series of risk-free rates of return. Defaults to 0
kappa	if greater than 0, the confidences in each view are replaced. See the online help for details
covEstimator	A string holding the name of the function that should be used to estimate the variance-covariance matrix. This function should simply return a matrix.

**Value**

An object of class BLResult

**Author(s)**

Francisco

---

 BLResult-class

*Class "BLResult": posterior of a market distribution in the Black-Litterman sense*


---

**Description**

This class holds the posterior market mean and variance-covariance matrix calculated from some prior and set of views. The original views are also returned.

### Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("BLResult", ...)`. However, it is intended that they be created by the function `posteriorEst`(or wrappers to that function).

### Slots

**views:** Object of class "BLViews". These are the original views used to calculate this posterior

**tau:** Object of class "numeric". The value of "tau" used

**priorMean:** Object of class "numeric": prior vector of market means

**priorCovar:** Object of class "matrix": prior of the variance-covariance

**posteriorMean:** Object of class "numeric": posterior mean

**posteriorCovar:** Object of class "matrix": posterior variance-covariance

**kappa:** Object of class "logical": logical flag indicating whether or not confidences-in-views were ignored.

### Methods

**densityPlots** signature(result = "BLResult"): Plots the marginal distributions of the asset returns under the prior and posterior distributions

**show** signature(object = "BLResult"): Displays the contents of a result

**optimalPortfolios.fPort** signature(result = "BLResult"): Generates optimal prior and posterior portfolios using `fPortfolio` package routines

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez

---

BLViews-class

Class "BLViews" (Black-Litterman views)

---

### Description

An object that holds a set of analyst views, in the Black-Litterman sense, on a set of assets

### Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("BLViews", ...)` or with the `BLViews` function.

### Slots

**P:** Object of class "matrix". The "pick" matrix

**qv:** Object of class "numeric". Means of the views

**confidences:** Object of class "numeric". Holds the confidence in each of the individual views

**assets:** Object of class "character": Name of the asset "universe" to which these views apply

**Methods**

**deleteViews** signature(`views = "BLViews"`, `viewsToDel = "numeric"`): Deletes a vector of views from the object, where the vector entries correspond to rows of the pick matrix

**show** signature(`object = "BLViews"`): Prints views in a user-friendly manner

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

---

Build Views

*Create or add to a BLViews object*

---

**Description**

BLViews and COPViews are "constructors" for BLViews and COPViews objects respectively. `addBLViews` and `addCOPViews` allow one to easily add more views to a pre-existing views objects. `newPMatrix` is a utility function for creating pick matrices.

**Usage**

```
addBLViews(pickMatrix, q, confidences, views)
addCOPViews(pickMatrix, viewDist, confidences, views)
BLViews(P, q, confidences, assetNames)
COPViews(pickMatrix, viewDist, confidences, assetNames)
newPMatrix(assetNames, numViews, defaultValue = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>P</code>	"Pick" matrix with columns named after assets to which views correspond
<code>pickMatrix</code>	"Pick" matrix with columns named after assets to which views correspond
<code>q</code>	"q" vector of views
<code>confidences</code>	Vector of confidences in views. Note that confidences are recipricols of standard deviations
<code>viewDist</code>	A list of marginal distributions of the views
<code>views</code>	A BLViews object
<code>assetNames</code>	Names of the assets in the universe
<code>numViews</code>	Number of views in the pick matrix
<code>defaultValue</code>	Default value to use to fill the new pick matrix

**Value**

A BLViews or COPViews class object as appropriate. `newPMatrix` creates a matrix.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez

**See Also**[createBLViews](#), [updateBLViews](#)**Examples**

```

### example from T. M. Idzorek's paper "A STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE TO THE
### BLACK-LITTERMAN MODEL"
## Not run:
pick <- newPMatrix(letters[1:8], 3)
pick[1,7] <- 1
pick[2,1] <- -1
pick[2,2] <- 1
pick[3, 3:6] <- c(0.9, -0.9, .1, -.1)
confidences <- 1 / c(0.00709, 0.000141, 0.000866)
myViews <- BLViews(pick, q = c(0.0525, 0.0025, 0.02), confidences, letters[1:8])
myViews

### Modified COP example from Meucci's "Beyond Black-Litterman: Views on
### non-normal markets"
dispersion <- c(.376,.253,.360,.333,.360,.600,.397,.396,.578,.775) / 1000
sigma <- BLCOP:::symmetricMatrix(dispersion, dim = 4)
caps <- rep(1/4, 4)
mu <- 2.5 * sigma
dim(mu) <- NULL
marketDistribution <- mvdistribution("mt", mean = mu, S = sigma, df = 5 )
pick <- newPMatrix(c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"), 1)
pick[1,4] <- 1
vdist <- list(distribution("unif", min = -0.02, max = 0))
views <- COPViews(pick, vdist, 0.2, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"))

## End(Not run)

```

CAPMList

*Compute CAPM alphas for a set of assets***Description**

CAPMList is a helper function that computes the "alphas" and "betas" in the sense of the CAPM for series of asset returns. It is meant to be used for computing "prior" means for the Black-Litterman model.

**Usage**

```

CAPMList(returns, marketIndex, riskFree = NULL, regFunc = BLCOOptions("regFunc"),
         coeffExtractFunc = NULL, ...)

```

**Arguments**

<code>returns</code>	A matrix or <code>data.frame</code> of asset returns, with different columns corresponding to different assets
<code>marketIndex</code>	A time series of returns for some market index (e.g. SP500)
<code>riskFree</code>	Risk-free rate of return
<code>regFunc</code>	The name of the function to used to regress the asset return series against the market index. This is set in the BLCOP options, and is <code>lm</code> by default.
<code>coeffExtractFunc</code>	A function that extracts the intercept (alpha) and coefficient of the market index (beta) from the results of a call to the regression function. It should return a vector containing these two elements.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to the regression function

**Details**

`coeffExtractFun` is needed because some regression functions such as `gls` from the `nlme` package don't return their results in the same format as `lm` does. If it is not supplied, a default that works with `lm` results is used.

**Value**

A `data.frame` with one column for the "alphas" and another for the "betas"

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <[fgochez@mango-solutions.com](mailto:fgochez@mango-solutions.com)>

**Examples**

```
library(MASS)
CAPMList(monthlyReturns, marketIndex = sp500Returns, riskFree = US13wTB, regFunc = "r1m")
```

---

Construct views

*Create or add to a view object using a graphical interface*

---

**Description**

These helper functions allow one to easily create or add to an object of class `BLViews` or `COPViews` through the use of R's built-in data editor.

**Usage**

```
createBLViews(allAssets, numAssetViews = 1, assetSubset = NULL,
              mode = c("editor", "Window"))
updateBLViews(views, includeNullViews = FALSE, numNewViews = 0, assets = NULL)
createCOPViews (allAssets, numAssetViews = 1, assetSubset = NULL,
               mode = c("editor", "Window"))
```



**Arguments**

<code>allAssets</code>	A character vector holding the names of all of the assets in one's "universe"
<code>numAssetViews</code>	The number of views to form. Should be less than or equal to the total number of assets
<code>assetSubset</code>	A character vector of assets that is a subset of <code>allAssets</code> . Views will be formed only on this subset. By default, <code>assetSubset = allAssets</code>
.	
<code>mode</code>	Mode of GUI. Currently unused
<code>views</code>	Object of class <code>BLViews</code>
<code>assets</code>	Set of assets to form or modify views on. If <code>NULL</code> , will use the full set of assets
<code>includeNullViews</code>	When updating views, should the 0 columns of the pick matrix be included?
<code>numNewViews</code>	In <code>updateViews</code> , this is the number of new views to add

**Details**

`createCOPViews` does not allow one to specify the distributions of the views at the moment. Such a feature may be added later through another GUI. At the moment the object returned by this function has its distribution set to a default. `updateViews` allows one to modify pre-existing views

**Value**

An object of class `BLViews` or `COPViews` that holds all of the views created.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <[fgochez@mango-solutions.com](mailto:fgochez@mango-solutions.com)>

**See Also**

[addBLViews](#), [addCOPViews](#), [COPViews](#), [BLViews](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
  views <- createBLViews(colnames(monthlyReturns), 2)

## End(Not run)
```

---

COPPosterior	<i>Calculate the posterior distribution of the market using copula opinion pooling</i>
--------------	--

---

### Description

COPPosterior uses Attilio Meucci's copula opinion pooling method to incorporate an analyst's subjective views with a prior "official" market distribution. Both the views and the market may have an arbitrary distribution as long as it can be sampled in R. Calculations are done with monte-carlo simulation, and the object returned will hold samples drawn from the market posterior distribution.

### Usage

```
COPPosterior(marketDist, views, numSimulations = BLCOPoptions("numSimulations"))
```

### Arguments

marketDist	An object of class mvdistribution which describes the prior "official" distribution of the market.
views	An object of class COPViews which describe the subjective views on the market distribution
numSimulations	The number of monte carlo samples to draw during calculations. Each asset in one's universe will have numSimulations samples from the posterior.

### Value

An object of class COPResult.

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

### References

Attilio Meucci, "Beyond Black-Litterman: Views on Non-normal Markets". See also Attilio Meucci, "Beyond Black-Litterman in Practice: a Five-Step Recipe to Input Views on non-Normal Markets."

### See Also

[BLPosterior](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# An example based on one found in "Beyond Black-Litterman:Views on Non-normal Markets"
dispersion <- c(.376,.253,.360,.333,.360,.600,.397,.396,.578,.775) / 1000
sigma <- BLCOP:::symmetricMatrix(dispersion, dim = 4)
caps <- rep(1/4, 4)
mu <- 2.5 * sigma
dim(mu) <- NULL
marketDistribution <- mvdistribution("mt", mean = mu, S = sigma, df = 5 )
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 4, nrow = 1, dimnames = list(NULL, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX")))
pick[1,4] <- 1
vdist <- list(distribution("unif", min = -0.02, max = 0))

views <- COPViews(pick, vdist, 0.2, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"))
posterior <- COPPosterior(marketDistribution, views)

## End(Not run)
```

---

COPResult-class      *Class "COPResult"*

---

**Description**

A class that holds the posterior distribution produced with the COP framework

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("COPResult", ...)`. In general however they are created by the function [COPPosterior](#)

**Slots**

**views:** Object of class "COPViews". These are the views that led to the result  
**marketDist:** Object of class "mvdistribution". Prior distribution of the market  
**posteriorSims:** Object of class "matrix". Matrices holding the simulations of the posteriors with a column for each asset.

**Methods**

**densityPlots** signature(result = "COPResult"): Generates density plots of the marginal prior and posterior distributions of each asset.  
**show** signature(result = "COPResult"): Displays basic information about the posterior results  
**optimalPortfolios.fPort** signature(result = "COPResult"): Generates optimal prior and posterior portfolios using fPortfolio package routines

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**See Also**

[COPPosterior](#), [BLResult-class](#)

---

COPViews-class

*Class "COPViews" (copula opinion pooling views)*

---

**Description**

An object that holds a set of analyst views, in the copula opinion pooling sense, on a set of assets

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("COPViews", ...)` or with the `COPViews` function.

**Slots**

**pick:** Object of class "matrix". The pick matrix

**viewDist:** Object of class "list". List of probability distributions of the views

**confidences:** Object of class "numeric".

**assets:** Object of class "character". Name of the asset "universe" to which these views apply.

**Methods**

**deleteViews** signature(`views = "COPViews"`, `viewsToDel = "numeric"`): Deletes a vector of views from the object, where the vector entries correspond to rows of the pick matrix

**show** signature(`object = "COPViews"`): Prints views in a user-friendly manner

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <[fgochez@mango-solutions.com](mailto:fgochez@mango-solutions.com)>

**See Also**

[BLViews](#), [COPViews](#), [addCOPViews](#), [createCOPViews](#)

**Examples**

```
showClass("COPViews")
```

---

`deleteViews`*Delete individual views from view objects*

---

**Description**

A generic function that allows one to delete individual views from objects of class BLViews or COPViews. The inputs are a view object and a numeric vector of views to delete, where the entries of the vector map to rows of the pick matrix.

**Usage**

```
deleteViews(views, viewsToDel)
```

**Arguments**

`views`            An object of class BLViews or COPViews  
`viewsToDel`        A numeric vector of views to delete, as described above

**Value**

The original object with the indicated views deleted

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**See Also**

[BLViews-class](#), [COPViews-class](#)

**Examples**

```
stocks <- colnames(monthlyReturns)
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 6, nrow = 2, dimnames = list(NULL, stocks))
pick[1,"IBM"] <- 1
pick[1, "DELL"] <- 0.04
pick[2, "C"] <- 1
pick[2, "JPM"] <- 0.6

confidences <- 1 / c(0.7, 0.1)

views <- BLViews( P = pick, q = c(0.1,0.1) , confidences = confidences,stocks)
deleteViews(views, 1)
```

---

densityPlots                      *Density plots of prior and posterior distributions*

---

### Description

This generic function generates density plots of the marginal posterior and prior distributions of a set of assets in an object of class `BLResult` or `COPResult` for comparative purposes.

### Usage

```
densityPlots(result, assetsSel = NULL, numSimulations = BLCOPoptions("numSimulations"),
             ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>result</code>	Object of class
<code>assetsSel</code>	A numeric vector of assets to plot
<code>numSimulations</code>	For <code>COPResult</code> class objects, the number of simulations to use for the market posterior distribution
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to plot

### Details

For `COPResults` objects, density kernel estimates from the samples are used

### Value

None

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez, <fgochez@mango-solutions>

### Examples

```
## Not run:
dispersion <- c(.376,.253,.360,.333,.360,.600,.397,.396,.578,.775) / 1000
sigma <- BLCOP:::symmetricMatrix(dispersion, dim = 4)
caps <- rep(1/4, 4)
mu <- 2.5 * sigma
dim(mu) <- NULL
marketDistribution <- mvdistribution("mt", mean = mu, S = sigma, df = 5 )
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 4, nrow = 1, dimnames = list(NULL, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX")))
pick[1,4] <- 1
vdist <- list(distribution("unif", min = -0.02, max = 0))

views <- COPViews(pick, vdist, 0.2, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"))
posterior <- COPPosterior(marketDistribution, views)
```

```
densityPlots(posterior, 4)

## End(Not run)
```

---

## Distribution class constructors

*Constructors for distribution and mvdistribution class objects*

---

### Description

These functions create objects of class `distribution` and `mvdistribution`

### Usage

```
mvdistribution(RName, ...)
distribution(RName, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>RName</code>	A string holding the R suffix corresponding to the distribution, e.g. "pois" for the Poisson distribution
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters that parametrize the distribution

### Details

In general any distribution with a corresponding sampling function can be used. This function should have the name given in `RName` but preceded with an "r", e.g. `rnorm` for the normal distribution. When the constructors are called, they check that the given sampling function exists and that it takes the arguments that were passed in the `...`

### Value

An object of class `distribution` or `mvdistribution`.

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez <[fgochez@mango-solutions.com](mailto:fgochez@mango-solutions.com)>

### See Also

[sampleFrom](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# create a uniform distribution object and sample from it
myUnif <- distribution("unif", min = -0.1, max = 0.1)
hist(sampleFrom(myUnif, 1000))

mvNormal <- mvdistribution("mnorm", mean = c(1, 5), varcov = diag(c(2, 0.1)))
x <- sampleFrom(mvNormal, 1000)
plot(x[,1] ~ x[,2])

## End(Not run)
```

---

distribution-class      *Class "distribution"*

---

## Description

A class that describes univariate distributions

## Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("distribution", ...)`. There is also a constructor which is also named `distribution`.

## Slots

**RName:** Object of class "character". This is the R "suffix" of the distribution.

**parameters:** Object of class "numeric". A named numeric vector that holds the parameters of the distribution

## Author(s)

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

## See Also

[distribution](#), [mvdistribution](#), [mvdistribution](#)

## Examples

```
showClass("distribution")
```



---

Estimators

*Get prior and posterior estimators stored in package scope*

---

### Description

These functions are not intended to be called directly by the user but exist to allow third party optimizer routines to access prior and posterior estimators calculated as part of the portfolio optimisation.

### Usage

```
getPriorEstim(x, spec=NULL, ...)  
getPosteriorEstim(x, spec=NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	multivariate time series
spec	optional portfolio specification
...	additional arguments

### Value

A list with 2 elements:

mu	estimate of mean
Sigma	estimate of covariance

### Author(s)

Richard Chandler-Mant <rchandler-mant@mango-solutions.com>

---

Extractors

*Extract various fields of view or posterior objects*

---

### Description

A collection of functions to extract several fields of BLViews, COPViews, COPPosterior and BLPosterior objects.

**Usage**

```

assetSet(views)
viewMatrix(views, dropZeroColumns = TRUE)
PMatrix(views)
confidences(views)
posteriorMeanCov(posterior)
posteriorSimulations(posterior)
numSimulations(posterior)
priorViews(posterior)

```

**Arguments**

views	An object of class BLViews or COPViews
posterior	An object of class BLPosterior (posteriorMeanCov) or COPPosterior (posteriorSimulations, priorViews) , as appropriate
dropZeroColumns	Logical flag. If TRUE, columns of "view matrix" which only have zeros are dropped

**Value**

assetSet	The names of the assets in the view object's universe
confidences	The set of confidences in each view.
PMatrix	The 'pick' matrix
viewMatrix	The pick matrix augmented with the q vector of the BL model
posteriorMeanCov	The posterior mean and covariance (in a list) of a BLPosterior object
posteriorSimulations	Matrix of posterior distribution simulations held in a COPPosterior object
numSimulations	Number of simulations in posterior COP distribution

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**Examples**

```

pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 4, nrow = 1, dimnames = list(NULL, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX")))
pick[1,4] <- 1
vdist <- list(distribution("unif", min = -0.02, max = 0))
views <- COPViews(pick, vdist, 0.2, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"))
assetSet(views)
confidences(views)
PMatrix(views)

```

---

mvdistribution-class    *Class "mvdistribution"*

---

### Description

A class that describes multivariate distributions

### Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("distribution", ...)`. There is also a constructor which is also named `mvdistribution`.

### Slots

**RName:** Object of class "character". This is the R "suffix" of the distribution.

**parameters:** A named list of parameters that characterize the distribution

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez <[fgochez@mango-solutions.com](mailto:fgochez@mango-solutions.com)>

### See Also

[distribution](#), [mvdistribution](#), [distribution-class](#)

### Examples

```
showClass("mvdistribution")
```

---

`optimalPortfolios`    *Calculates optimal portfolios under prior and posterior distributions*

---

### Description

These are wrapper functions that calculate optimal portfolios under the prior and posterior return distributions. `optimalPortfolios` works with a user-supplied optimization function, though simple Markowitz minimum-risk optimization is done with `solve.QP` from `quadprog` if none is supplied. `optimalPortfolios.fPort` is a generic utility function which calculates optimal portfolios using routines from the `fPortfolio` package.

### Usage

```
optimalPortfolios(result, optimizer = .optimalWeights.simpleMV, ..., doPlot = TRUE,
                  beside = TRUE)
optimalPortfolios.fPort(result, spec = NULL, constraints = "LongOnly",
                        optimizer = "minriskPortfolio", inputData = NULL,
                        numSimulations = BLCOPOptions("numSimulations"))
```

**Arguments**

result	An object of class BLResult
optimizer	For optimalPortfolios, An optimization function. It should take as arguments a vector of means and a variance-covariance matrix, and should return a vector of optimal weights. For optimalPortfolios, the name of a fPortfolio function that performs portfolio optimization
spec	Object of class fPORTFOLIOSPEC. If NULL, will use a basic mean-variance spec for Black-Litterman results, and a basic CVaR spec for COP results
inputData	Time series data (any form that can be coerced into a timeSeries object)
constraints	String of constraints that may be passed into fPortfolio optimization routines
numSimulations	For COP results only - the number of posterior simulations to use in the optimization (large numbers here will likely cause the routine to fail)
...	Additional arguments to the optimization function
doPlot	A logical flag. Should barplots of the optimal portfolio weights be produced?
beside	A logical flag. If a barplot is generated, should the bars appear side-by side? If FALSE, differences of weights will be plotted instead.

**Details**

By default, optimizer is a simple function that performs Markowitz optimization via solve.QP. In addition to a mean and variance, it takes an optional constraints parameter that if supplied should hold a named list with all of the parameters that solve.QP takes.

**Value**

optimalPortfolios will return a list with the following items:

priorPFolioWeights

The optimal weights under the prior distribution

postPFolioWeights

The optimal weights under the posterior distribution

optimalPortfolios.fPort will return a similar list with 2 elements of class fPORTFOLIO.

**Note**

It is expected that optimalPortfolios will be deprecated in future releases in favour of optimalPortfolios.fPort.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**References**

Wuertz, D., Chalabi, Y., Chen W., Ellis A. (2009); Portfolio Optimization with R/Rmetrics, Rmetrics eBook, Rmetrics Association and Finance Online, Zurich.

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
entries <- c(0.001005,0.001328,-0.000579,-0.000675,0.000121,0.000128,
            -0.000445, -0.000437, 0.001328,0.007277,-0.001307,-0.000610,
            -0.002237,-0.000989,0.001442,-0.001535, -0.000579,-0.001307,
            0.059852,0.027588,0.063497,0.023036,0.032967,0.048039,-0.000675,
            -0.000610,0.027588,0.029609,0.026572,0.021465,0.020697,0.029854,
            0.000121,-0.002237,0.063497,0.026572,0.102488,0.042744,0.039943,
            0.065994 ,0.000128,-0.000989,0.023036,0.021465,0.042744,0.032056,
            0.019881,0.032235 , -0.000445,0.001442,0.032967,0.020697,0.039943,
            0.019881,0.028355,0.035064 , -0.000437,-0.001535,0.048039,0.029854,
            0.065994,0.032235,0.035064,0.079958 )

varcov <- matrix(entries, ncol = 8, nrow = 8)
mu <- c(0.08, 0.67,6.41, 4.08, 7.43, 3.70, 4.80, 6.60) / 100
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 8, nrow = 3, dimnames = list(NULL, letters[1:8]))
pick[1,7] <- 1
pick[2,1] <- -1; pick[2,2] <- 1
pick[3, 3:6] <- c(0.9, -0.9, .1, -.1)
confidences <- 1 / c(0.00709, 0.000141, 0.000866)
views <- BLViews(pick, c(0.0525, 0.0025, 0.02), confidences, letters[1:8])
posterior <- posteriorEst(views, tau = 0.025, mu, varcov )
optimalPortfolios(posterior, doPlot = TRUE)

optimalPortfolios.fPort(posterior, optimizer = "tangencyPortfolio")

# An example based on one found in "Beyond Black-Litterman:Views on Non-normal Markets"
dispersion <- c(.376,.253,.360,.333,.360,.600,.397,.396,.578,.775) / 1000
sigma <- BLCOP:::symmetricMatrix(dispersion, dim = 4)
caps <- rep(1/4, 4)
mu <- 2.5 * sigma
dim(mu) <- NULL
marketDistribution <- mvdistribution("mt", mean = mu, S = sigma, df = 5 )
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 4, nrow = 1, dimnames = list(NULL, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX")))
pick[1,4] <- 1
vdist <- list(distribution("unif", min = -0.02, max = 0))

views <- COPViews(pick, vdist, 0.2, c("SP", "FTSE", "CAC", "DAX"))
posterior <- COPPosterior(marketDistribution, views)

optimalPortfolios.fPort(myPosterior, spec = NULL, optimizer = "minriskPortfolio",
                        inputData = NULL, numSimulations = 100 )

## End(Not run)

```

---

posteriorEst

*This function performs the "core" calculation of the Black-Litterman model.*

---

**Description**

This function performs the "core" calculation of the Black-Litterman model.

**Usage**

```
posteriorEst(views, mu, tau = 0.5, sigma, kappa = 0)
```

**Arguments**

views	An object of class BLViews
mu	A vector of mean equilibrium returns
tau	The "tau" parameter in the Black-Litterman model.
sigma	The variance-covariance matrix of the returns of the assets
kappa	if greater than 0, the confidences in each view are replaced. See the online help for details

**Value**

An object of class BLResult holding the updated Black-Litterman posterior

**Author(s)**

Francisco

---

posteriorFeasibility *Calculate the "feasibility" of the (Black-Litterman) posterior mean*

---

**Description**

Attilio Meucci and Gianluca Fusai have suggested using the Mahalanobis distance to assess the feasibility of a set of Black-Litterman views. This function calculates this distance, along with a "feasibility" measure based on this distance and the sensitivity of the measure to changes in the "q" vector.

**Usage**

```
posteriorFeasibility(result)
```

**Arguments**

result	An object of class BLResult
--------	-----------------------------

**Details**

The feasibility measure proposed by Meucci and Fusai (see the references below) is  $1 - F(m)$ , where  $m$  is the Mahalanobis distance from the prior mean calculated with respect to the prior distribution.  $F$  is the chi-squared CDF of  $n$ -degrees of freedom, where  $n$  is the number assets in one's universe. It should be noted that in Meucci and Fusai's paper, a version of Black-Litterman is used in which the tau parameter is always set to 1.

**Value**

<code>mahalDist</code>	Mahalanobis distance of posterior mean vector from prior mean
<code>mahalDistProb</code>	$1 - F(\text{mahalDist})$ , where $F$ is the CDF of the Chi-squared distribution with $n = \backslash\#assets$ degrees of freedom
<code>sensitivities</code>	Derivatives of <code>mahalDistProb</code> with respect to the elements of the "q" vector in the set of views. Not yet implemented

**Warning**

It is not clear that the results produced by this routine are entirely sensible, though the calculation is very straightforward and seems to match the one discussed in the source paper. Use with caution.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**References**

Fusai, Gianluca and Meucci, Attilio. "Assessing Views", 2002. <http://www.symmys.com/AttilioMeucci/Research/PublFinan>

**Examples**

```
pickMatrix <- matrix(c(rep(1/2, 2), -1, rep(0, 3)), nrow = 1, ncol = 6 )
views <- BLViews(P = pickMatrix, q = 0.08, confidences = 100,
                assetNames = colnames(monthlyReturns))
marketPosterior <- BLPosterior(monthlyReturns, views, marketIndex = sp500Returns,
                               riskFree = US13wTB)
posteriorFeasibility(marketPosterior)
```

---

Replacer functions      *Various functions for modifying fields of view objects*

---

**Description**

These functions allow for direct replacement of fields of view objects such as the pick matrix and vector of confidences.

**Usage**

```
PMatrix(views) <- value
confidences(views) <- value
qv(views) <- value
```

**Arguments**

**views**            An object of class BLViews or COPViews, except in the case of qv<- which applies only to BLViews

**value**            A vector in confidences<- and qv<- or a matrix in PMatrix<-.

**Value**

The object is modified directly

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**Examples**

```
## example from Thomas M. Idzorek's paper "A STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE TO THE BLACK-LITTERMAN MODEL"
x <- c(0.001005,0.001328,-0.000579,-0.000675,0.000121,0.000128,-0.000445,-0.000437 ,
      0.001328,0.007277,-0.001307,-0.000610,-0.002237,-0.000989,0.001442,-0.001535 ,
      -0.000579,-0.001307,0.059852,0.027588,0.063497,0.023036,0.032967,0.048039 ,
      -0.000675,-0.000610,0.027588,0.029609,0.026572,0.021465,0.020697,0.029854 ,
      0.000121,-0.002237,0.063497,0.026572,0.102488,0.042744,0.039943,0.065994 ,
      0.000128,-0.000989,0.023036,0.021465,0.042744,0.032056,0.019881,0.032235 ,
      -0.000445,0.001442,0.032967,0.020697,0.039943,0.019881,0.028355,0.035064 ,
      -0.000437,-0.001535,0.048039,0.029854,0.065994,0.032235,0.035064,0.079958 )

varCov <- matrix(x, ncol = 8, nrow = 8)
mu <- c(0.08, 0.67,6.41, 4.08, 7.43, 3.70, 4.80, 6.60) / 100
pick <- matrix(0, ncol = 8, nrow = 3, dimnames = list(NULL, letters[1:8]))
pick[1,7] <- 1
pick[2,1] <- -1; pick[2,2] <- 1
pick[3, 3:6] <- c(0.9, -0.9, .1, -.1)
confidences <- 1 / c(0.000709, 0.000141, 0.000866)
myViews <- BLViews(pick, c(0.0525, 0.0025, 0.02), confidences, letters[1:8])
myPosterior <- posteriorEst(myViews, tau = 0.025, mu, varCov )
myPosterior
# increase confidences
confidences(myViews) <- 1 / c(0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0005)
myPosterior2 <- posteriorEst(myViews, tau = 0.025, mu, varCov )
myPosterior2
```



---

runBLCOPTests	<i>Execute the BLCOP unit tests</i>
---------------	-------------------------------------

---

### Description

Uses the RUnit package to execute a series of unit tests.

### Usage

```
runBLCOPTests(testPath = BLCOPOptions("unitTestPath"), protocolFile = "BLCOPTests.html",  
              writeProtocol = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

testPath	Location of the unit tests.
protocolFile	Name of the html report file generated by the RUnit function printHTMLProtocol
writeProtocol	Logical flag. Should the above html report be produced?

### Value

The summary of an object returned by RUnit's runTestSuite

### Warning

These unit tests are in need of additional test cases, and should not be regarded as exhaustive in their current state.

### Author(s)

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
  runBLCOPTests()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

sampleFrom                      *Sample from a distribution object*

---

**Description**

Generates samples from a distribution held by an object of class `distribution` or `mvdistribution`. Intended mainly for internal use.

**Usage**

```
sampleFrom(dstn, n = 1)
```

**Arguments**

`dstn`                      an object of class `distribution` or `mvdistribution`.  
`n`                              Number of samples to generate

**Value**

A vector or matrix of samples.

**Author(s)**

Francisco Gochez <fgochez@mango-solutions.com>

**Examples**

```
x <- distribution("pois", lambda = 5)
hist(sampleFrom(x, 1000), col = "blue", prob = TRUE)
```

---

sp500Returns                      *S&P500 Returns*

---

**Description**

Monthly returns of the S&P 500 index for the period 2/2/1998 through 1/12/2003

**Usage**

```
sp500Returns
```

**Format**

A matrix with 1 column and 71 rows.

**Examples**

```
ts.plot(sp500Returns)
```

---

US13wTB

*Risk free rate of return*

---

**Description**

The monthly rate of return of the US 13 week Treasury Bill for the period 30/1/1998 through 30/11/2003.

**Usage**

```
US13wTB
```

**Format**

A one-column matrix with 71 rows.

**Examples**

```
ts.plot(US13wTB)
```

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